

Problem/Opportunity Statement



ELIMINATING "FIRST USE" FOR INTERCONNECTIONS TO DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES IN PJM

PROBLEM / OPPORTUNITY STATEMENT

- In Order Nos. 2003 and 2006, the Commission established the "first use" test, under which the first
 interconnection to a distribution facility for the purpose of making wholesale sales is not subject to
 Commission jurisdiction, but any subsequent interconnections to that same distribution facility for
 purposes of making wholesale sales become Commission-jurisdictional.¹
- In PJM, this means that when a generator intending to participate in PJM markets physically interconnects to a distribution facility for the *first* time, it does so pursuant to state/local rules, and receives a PJM Wholesale Market Participation Agreement ("WMPA") for purposes of effectuating wholesale transactions in PJM markets. However, any *subsequent* interconnections to the same distribution facility by generators intending to participate in PJM markets are subject to FERC-jurisdictional interconnection rules (i.e. go through the PJM interconnection process resulting in a Generation Interconnection Agreement ("GIA")).
- Because PJM staff spend significantly more time processing GIA interconnection requests, as
 opposed to WMPA interconnection requests, the first use test creates a situation where PJM staff
 must divert time and resources to processing GIA requests on distribution facilities, as opposed to
 transmission facilities.
 - -PJM does not operate, control, monitor, or model distribution facilities.
- Recent developments at FERC indicate that the Commission may be receptive to elimination of the
 "first use" test in PJM at this time.
 - ➤ In Order No. 2222, the Commission disclaimed jurisdiction over resources connecting to distribution facilities for purposes of participating in a Distributed Energy Resource ("DER") Aggregation, and by extension expressly declined to apply the first use test to such interconnections.²

¹ See, e.g., Standardization of Generator Interconnection Agreements & Procedures, Order No. 2003, 104 FERC ¶ 61,103 at P 804 (2003).

² See, e.g., Participation of Distributed Energy Resource Aggregations in Markets Operated by Regional Transmission Organizations and Independent System Operators, Order No. 2222, 172 FERC ¶ 61,247 at P 96-97 (2020) ("Because we decline here to exercise our jurisdiction over the interconnection of a distributed energy resource to a distribution facility for the purpose of participating in RTO/ISO markets exclusively through a distributed energy resource aggregation, the interconnection of such a resource for the purpose of participating in a distributed energy resource aggregation would not constitute a first interconnection for the purpose of making wholesale sales under the "first use" test. As such, only a distributed energy resource requesting interconnection to the distribution facility for the purpose of directly engaging in wholesale transactions (i.e., not through a distributed energy resource aggregation) would create a "first use" and any subsequent distributed energy resource interconnecting for the purpose of directly engaging in wholesale transactions would be considered a Commission-jurisdictional interconnection. We believe that this approach will minimize any increase in the number of distribution-level interconnections subject to the Commission's jurisdiction that this final rule may cause.").



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➤ In 2022 the Commission approved a filing by ISO-NE that extended the disclamation of interconnection jurisdiction in Order No. 2222 to <u>all</u> resources interconnecting at the distribution level in ISO-NE, thereby eliminating the "first use" test in ISO-NE. (Docket No. ER22-2226)