

# Settlement of Energy Storage Resource Charging Energy and FERC Order 841: Manual 28 and Manual 27 Revisions

**Andrew Levitt** 

Sr. Business Solution Architect, Applied

**Innovation** 

**September 26, 2019** 

PJM Markets & Reliability Committee

www.pjm.com PJM©2019



# Settlements for Energy Storage Charging Energy for Order 841

Action Required	Deadline	Who May Be Affected						
Assign Network Service Peak Load to Energy Storage Resource Model Participants	12/3/2019, or effective date of FERC approval, or opt-in date of any new resources	Electric Distribution Companies with resources that will use the Order 841 Energy Storage Resource market participation  Energy Storage Resource marketers						
Quantify and reconcile types of charging energy according to new methods in Manual 28	In service date for applicable Energy Storage Resources	Electric Distribution Companies and marketers of load-serving Energy Storage Resources						
	10							



# Order 841 Policy Timeline

- Energy Storage Resource Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in November 2016
- Order 841 Final Rule on Electric Storage Participation in Regional Markets issued February, 2018
- PJM Compliance Filing Dec 3, 2018 targeting Dec 3, 2019 implementation
  - FERC acceptance of new Energy Storage Resource and Capacity Storage Resource definitions on Feb 3, 2019 (all of ER19-462)
- PJM submitted additional clarifying Tariff language May 1, 2019 in response to FERC Request for Clarification
- FERC acceptance of PJM compliance filing still pending (ER19-469)
- PJM contingency plan if FERC does not timely approve ER19-469 is discussed in agenda item 8 at today's MRC



# 2019 Manual Changes

	Committee	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct
Manual 15	MIC	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	7/10			
	MRC				7/25 🜟 8/22		
	MC				8/22	<del>&gt;</del> 9/26	
	Board						*
Manual	MIC		6/12	7/10			
18 & 11	MRC			C	7/25 💢 8/22		
Manual 27, 28	MSS			6/20			
	MIC			<b>O</b> 7/10	8/7		
	MRC				8/22	9/26	
Manual 36, 40 & 14D	SOS		6/6			<b>★</b> 9/5	
	( )( *	<ul><li>Information</li></ul>	6/11			9/10	
	MRC	o First Read				9/26	10/31 ★
Manual 3	DTS	<b>★</b> Endorseme	ent	6/18			

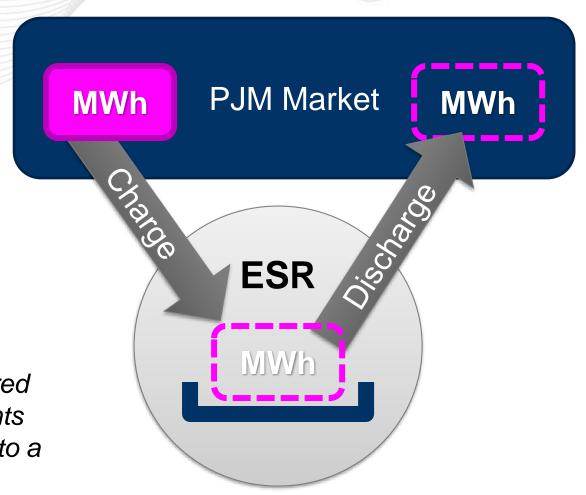


## Definition of Energy Storage Resource and Charging

PJM Order 841 Compliance filing
ER19-462 and current Tariff:
"Energy Storage Resource" shall mean a
resource capable of receiving electric
energy from the grid and storing it for later
injection to the grid that participates in the
PJM Energy, Capacity and/or Ancillary
Services markets as a Market Participant.

#### M28 draft:

"An Energy Storage Resource shall be considered charging when the Revenue Data for Settlements for a Real Time Settlement Interval corresponds to a withdrawal."





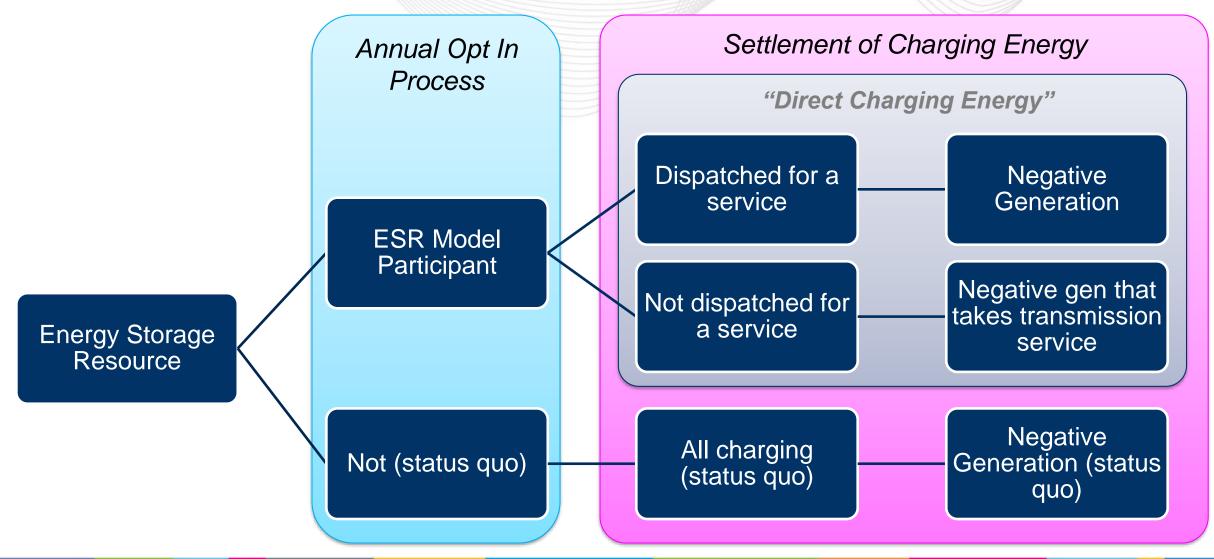
# Non-Dispatched Charging Energy

- New sections 22.1 and 22.2 of Manual 28 and matching new sections 8.1 and 8.2 of Manual 27
- Manual 28 new section 8.4

www.pjm.com PJM©2019



## Summary of Charging Energy Settlement Categories



www.pjm.com 7 PJM©2019



# Manual 28 Section 22.2: Direct Charging Energy Details

"Non-Dispatched Charging Energy must pay applicable transmission charges as a Network Service User. By contrast, Dispatched Charging Energy does not pay such charges. Charging energy qualifies as Dispatched Charging Energy when the Energy Storage Resource follows PJM dispatch within 10% of the desired output and meets one of the following conditions:

- Provides Energy Imbalance Service under Schedule 4 of the PJM Tariff. Energy
  Storage Resource Model Participants shall be considered to be providing Energy
  Imbalance Service when they are dispatchable by PJM in real time. An Energy
  Storage Resource shall be considered dispatchable when the fixed generation flag
  is set to "no" and the dispatchable range exceeds 10% of the absolute value of the
  relevant limit;
- Assigned to Regulation, Tier II Synchronous Reserves, or Reactive Service;
- Being manually dispatched for reliability."

# Section 22.2: Charges for Non-Dispatched Charging Energy

"Therefore, Non-Dispatched Charging Energy is eligible for allocation of the following non-LMP charges and credits:"

- Schedule 1A Transmission Owner Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service
- Schedule 9-3, 9-FERC, 9-OPSI, 9-CAPS, 9-FINCON, 9-MMU, and 9-PJM Settlement
- Schedule 10-NERC and 10-RFC
- Network Integration Transmission Service
- Network Transmission Service Offset

- Network Integration Transmission Service (ATSI Low Voltage)
- MTEP Project Cost Recovery
- Transmission Enhancement
- Other Supporting Facilities
- Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service
- RTO Start-up Cost Recovery
- Black Start Service
- Unscheduled Transmission Service
- Reactive Supply and Voltage Control from Generation and Other Sources Service"

www.pjm.com 9 PJM©2019



# Non-Dispatched Charging Energy Does Not Pay Capacity

- FERC deems Direct Charging Energy (incl. Non-Dispatched Charging Energy) to be a sale for resale, and not an end-use sale, and therefore FERC-jurisdictional\*.
- Under the Reliability Assurance Agreement, PJM Capacity costs are allocated based on end use load, according to the Obligation Peak Load. The RAA defines OPL as:
  - "OPL = Obligation Peak Load, defined as the daily summation of the weather adjusted coincident summer peak, last preceding the Delivery Year, of the end-users in such Zone (net of operating Behind The Meter Generation, but not to be less than zero) for which such Party was responsible on that billing day, as determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in the PJM Manuals."
- Therefore, Direct Charging Energy (including Non-Dispatched Charging Energy) must not be allocated a Peak Load Contribution nor an Obligation Peak Load.

www.pjm.com 10 PJM©2019

<sup>\*</sup>Norton Energy Storage, L.L.C., 95 FERC ¶ 61,476, at 62,701-02 (2001)

<sup>\*\*</sup>RAA Schedule 8 DETERMINATION OF UNFORCED CAPACITY OBLIGATIONS



# FERC: Direct Charging Energy Is Not for End Use

#### **FERC Norton order:**

We will grant Norton's petition for declaratory order and find that, as described in the petition, deliveries of electric energy to the Norton energy storage facility, as part of an off-peak/on-peak energy exchange transaction employing a conversion/storage cycle, are wholesale transactions within our exclusive jurisdiction under the FPA. We further find that, as described in the petition and except for purchases of station power and charging energy, the Norton energy storage facility will not be purchasing electric energy for end use, a retail transaction that would be subject to state jurisdiction. ...

The fact that pumping energy or compression energy is not consumed means that the provision of such energy is not a sale for end use that this Commission cannot regulate. Rather, based on Norton's representations in its petition, we find that deliveries of compression energy to the Norton energy storage facility as part of energy exchange transactions employing the conversion/storage cycle are wholesale transactions subject to our exclusive authority under the FPA.

\*Norton Energy Storage, L.L.C., 95 FERC ¶ 61,476, at 62,701-02 (2001)

www.pjm.com 11 PJM©2019



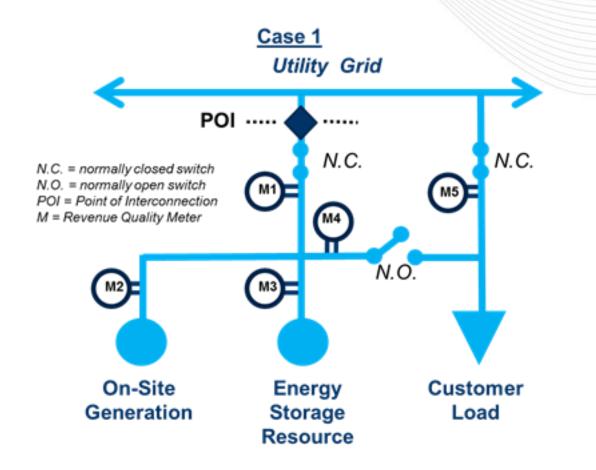
# Load Serving Charging Energy

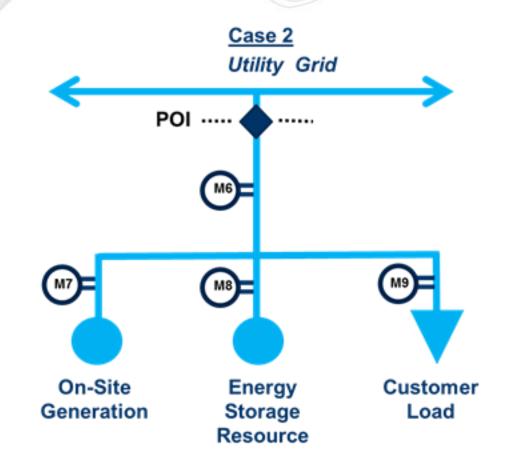
- New section 22.1 of Manual 28 and matching new section 8.1 of Manual 27
- Manual 27 new section 8.3
- Manual 28 new sections 22.3, 22.4, and 22.5

www.pjm.com PJM©2019



### Possible Load Serving Energy Storage Resources







# Settling Charging Energy for Load Serving ESR

- Load Serving Energy Storage Resources are capable of directly serving end use load.
- Metering and methods are defined to distinguish:
  - 1. Charging energy that is later returned to PJM ("Direct Charging Energy") from
  - 2. Charging energy that is later provided to end use load ("Load Serving Charging Energy")
- PJM to provide Electric Distribution Company with processes to appropriately account for Direct Charging Energy (as negative generation) vs. Load Serving Charging Energy (as load).



# Appendix on Load Serving Charging Energy

#### See also:

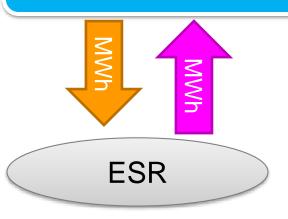
https://www.pjm.com/-/media/committees-groups/subcommittees/mss/20190522/20190522-01b-esr-that-serve-load-and-order-841.ashx https://www.pjm.com/-/media/committees-groups/subcommittees/mss/20190620/20190620-item-03c-order-841-for-energy-storage-resources-m27-and-m28.ashx

www.pjm.com PJM©2019



## Order 841 Compliance: categories of charging energy

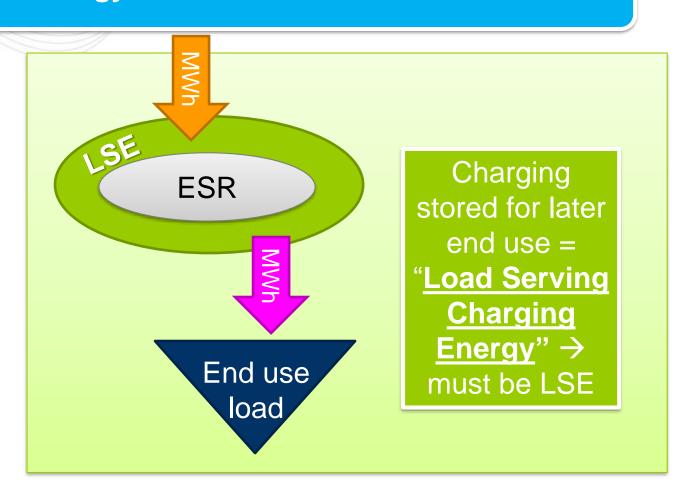
#### **PJM Energy Market**



Charging stored for later wholesale sale = "Direct Charging Energy"

Dispatched Charging Energy

Non-Dispatched
Charging
Energy





# Compliance Filing Definitions

"Direct Charging Energy" shall mean the energy that an Energy Storage Resource purchases from the PJM Interchange Energy Market and (i) later resells to the PJM Interchange Energy Market; or (ii) is lost to conversion inefficiencies, provided that such inefficiencies are an unavoidable component of the conversion, storage, and discharge process that is used to resell energy back to the PJM Interchange Energy Market.

"Dispatched Charging Energy" shall mean Direct Charging Energy that an Energy Storage Resource Model Participant receives from the electric grid pursuant to PJM dispatch while providing a service in the PJM markets.

"Non-Dispatched Charging Energy" shall mean all Direct Charging Energy that an Energy Storage Resource Model Participant receives from the electric grid that is not otherwise Dispatched Charging Energy. "Load Serving Charging Energy" shall mean energy that is purchased from the PJM Interchange Energy Market and stored in an Energy Storage Resource for later resale to end-use load.



#### Manual 28: Section 22.2 and 22.3

"Direct Charging Energy" is negative generation, is <u>not</u> end-use load, is not Station Power.

"Direct Charging Energy is purchased by an Energy Storage Resource for later resale to PJM markets, is not purchased by a Load Serving Entity, is not end-use load, and is not Station Power. Direct Charging Energy is reported to PJM through Power Meter, similar to generation energy sales; Direct Charging Energy is not reported through Inschedule in the way that Load Serving Entity purchases of end-use load is reported. Direct Charging Energy shall not be included in a Load Serving Entity's Total Hourly Energy Obligation.

"Load Serving Charging Energy" is enduse load.

"Load Serving Charging Energy is purchased at the aggregate nodal LMP that is applicable to the corresponding Load Serving Entity load. Load Serving Charging Energy is eligible for the same charges as ordinary load, including all Load Serving Entity charges, end-use load charges, and Transmission Customer charges."

"Dispatched Charging
Energy" is Direct Charging
Energy that is dispatched
to provide a service.
"Dispatched Charging Energy
does not pay transmission
charges..."

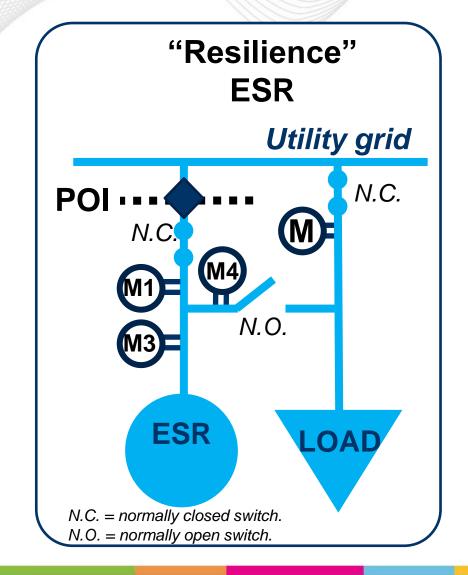
"Non-Dispatched Charging Energy" is Direct Charging Energy that is <u>not</u> dispatched to provide a service and it <u>does</u> take transmission service.

"...however Non-Dispatched Charging Energy does pay transmission charges, and must arrange for Network Transmission Service. Non-Dispatched Charging Energy uses the transmission system, and an Energy Storage Resource Model Participant purchasing Non-Dispatched Charging Energy is a Network Service User. As a result, certain Transmission Customer charges apply to Non-Dispatched Charging Energy that do not apply to generation output."



#### Resilience ESR Alone

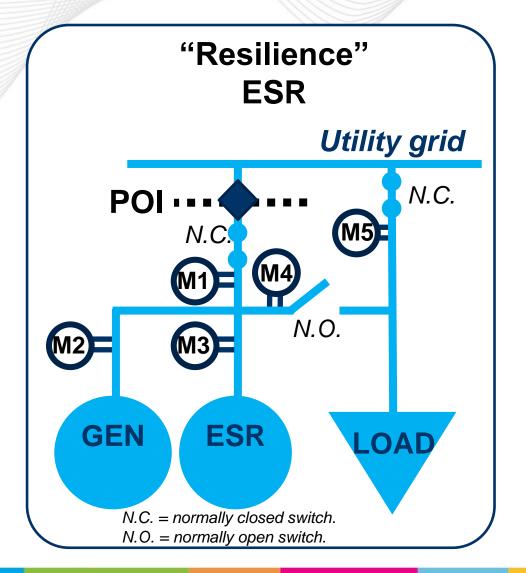
- 100% of withdrawals initially settled as negative generation (i.e., Direct Charging Energy)
- ESR can only charge from grid.
- Monthly M4 appropriately captures stored grid energy that is sent to end user→ monthly "Load Serving Charging Energy".
- The sum of M4 over a month is the monthly quantity that should be ex-post adjusted from "Direct Charging Energy" into "Load Serving Charging Energy".





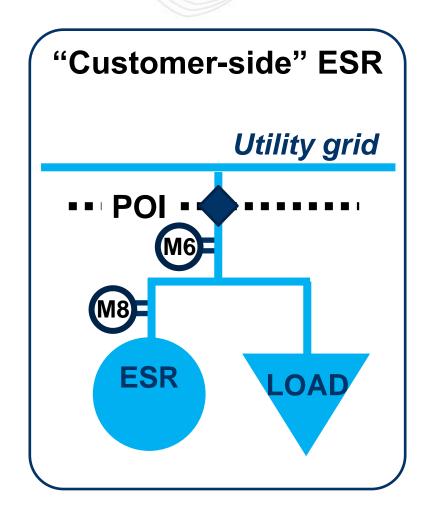
### Resilience ESR + On-site Generation

- 100% of withdrawals initially settled as negative generation (i.e., Direct Charging Energy)
- ESR can charge from grid or on-site gen.
- EDC to determine how much of the ESR inventory that was discharged to the end user consisted of energy charges from the grid → "Load Serving Charging Energy"
- An appropriate billing convention: if monthly M2 > monthly M4, then all enduse energy came from stored or directly-provided on-site gen, and no Load Serving Charging Energy was consumed.



### Customer-side ESR Alone

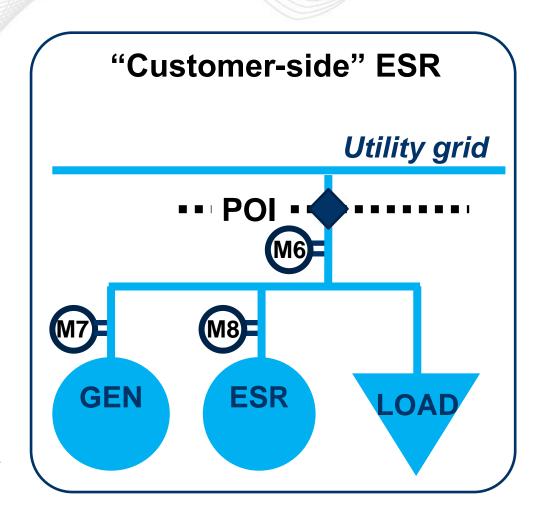
- 100% of withdrawals initially settled as load (i.e., load and/or Load Serving Charging Energy)
- Net injections measured at M6 consist of previously-stored Direct Charging Energy.
  - Corresponding losses are also Direct Charging Energy.
     ESR can report losses to EDC through PJM, or EDC can work directly with ESR to quantify losses.
  - Monthly Direct Charging Energy is the sum of monthly injections at meter "M6" plus associated losses.
  - EDC calculates monthly quantity for ex-post adjustment from Load Serving Charging Energy into Direct Charging Energy.
- M8 is required to identify which intervals the ESR was charging to use in ex-post adjustment.





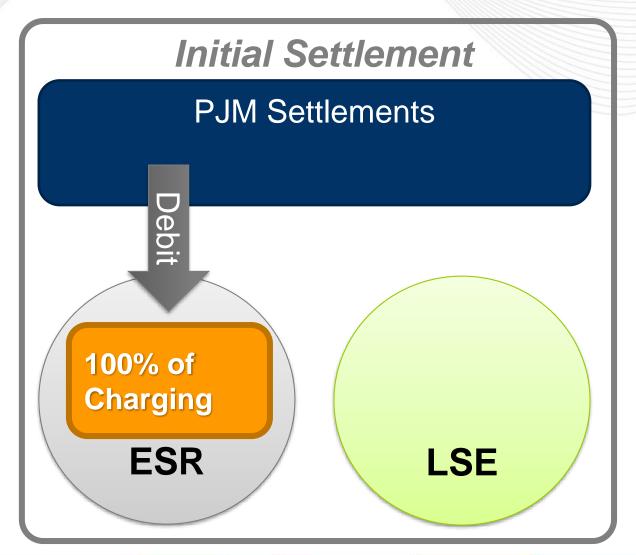
## Customer-side ESR + On-site Generation

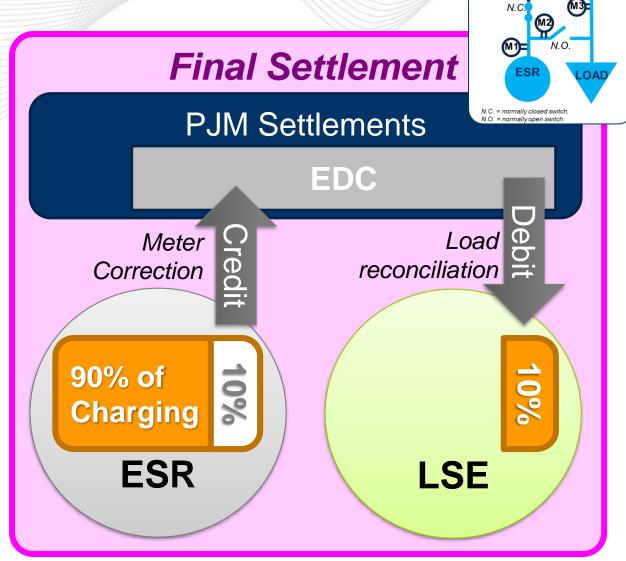
- Net injections measured at M6 could consist of Direct Charging Energy, self-supplied charging energy, and/or on-site Generation.
  - The inventory in the ESR could also consist of a mix of grid energy and self supplied energy.
  - Losses corresponding to stored grid energy that is resold to PJM is also Direct Charging Energy.
- EDC calculates monthly Direct Charging Energy for ex-post adjustment.
- M8 is required to identify which intervals the ESR was charging for ex-post adjustment.











"Resilience" ESR

**Utility** grid



## Section 22.5: Adjusting ESR Charging Energy

