



Markets Report

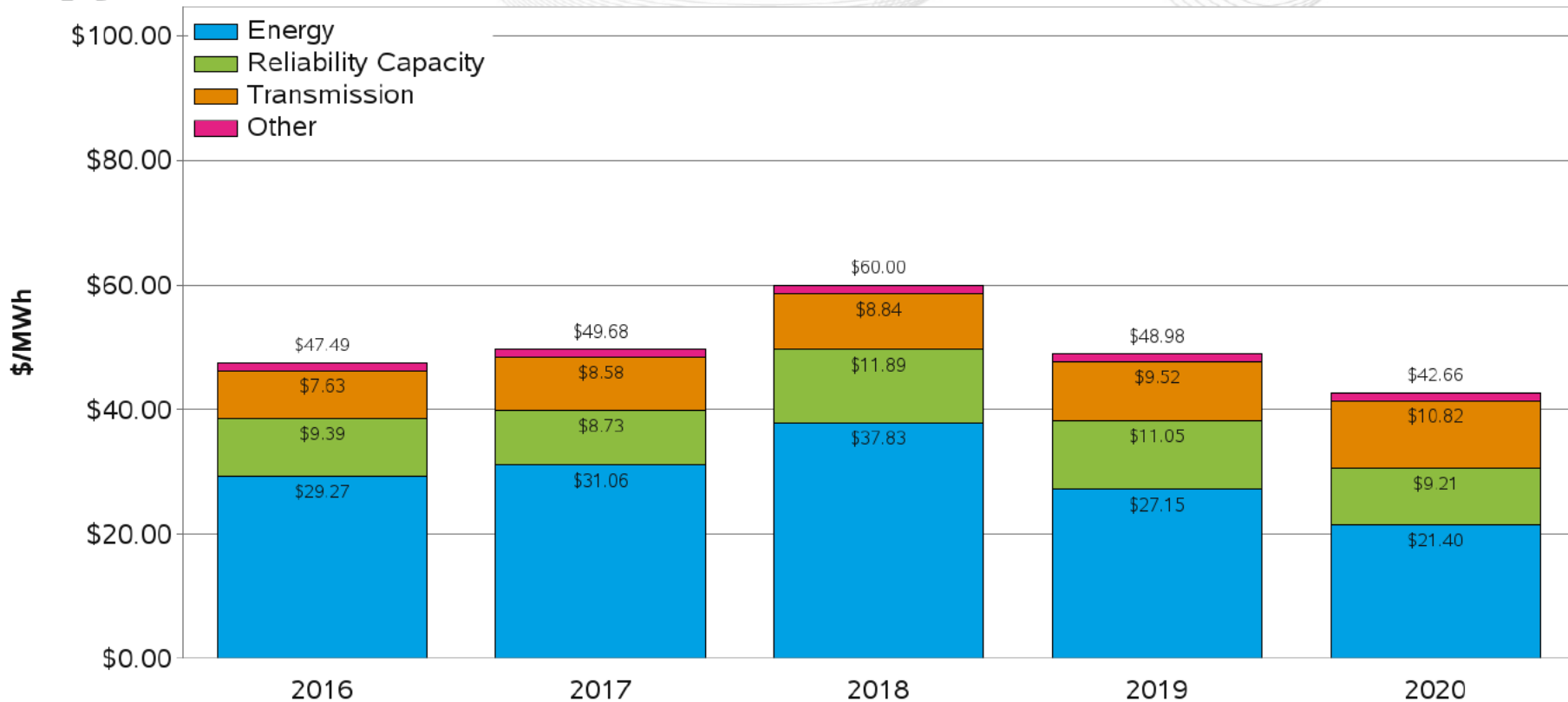
MC Webinar

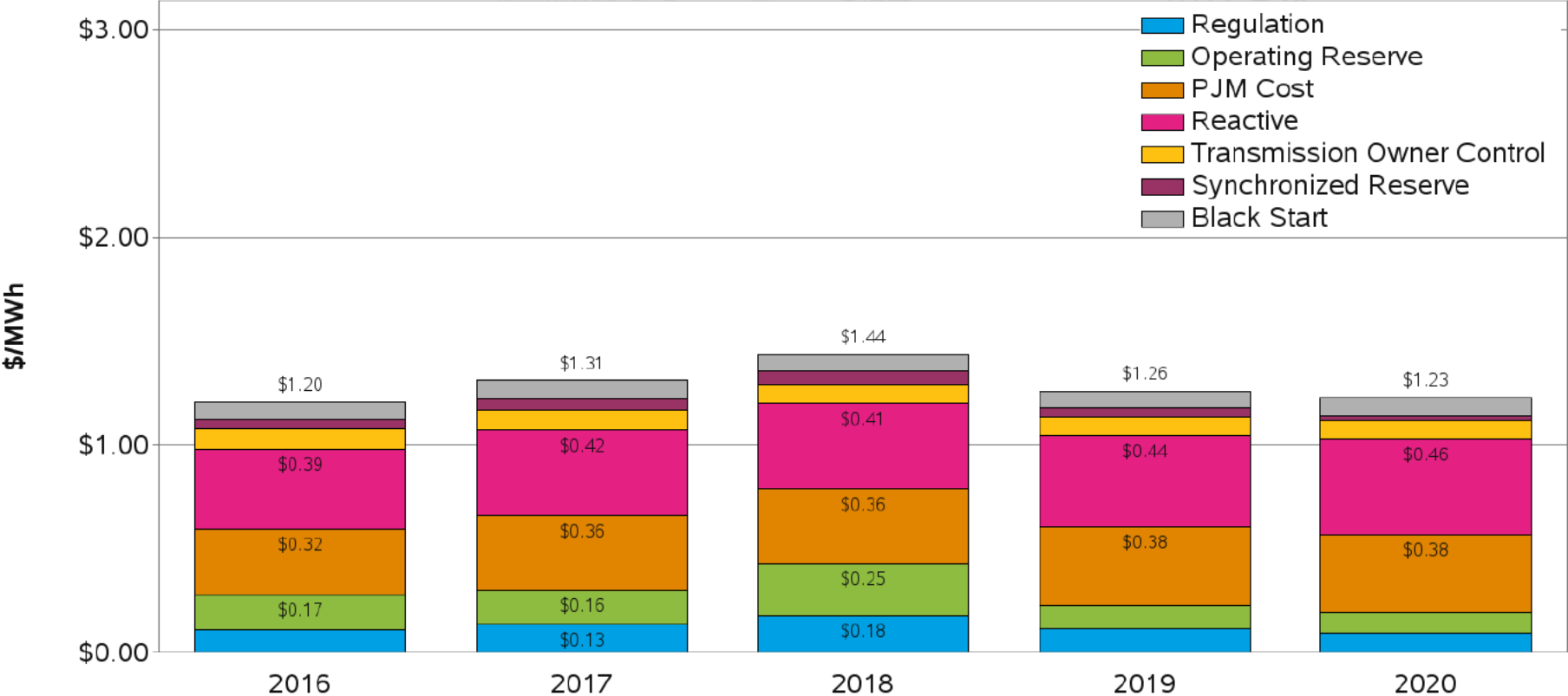
September 14, 2020

- PJM Wholesale Cost through August 2020 is \$42.66/MWh, down from full-year 2019 costs of \$48.98/MWh. (Slides 5 & 6)
- Slides pertaining to weather conditions, in addition to slides showing average fuel prices, generation on-line fuel mixes, and System Marginal Prices have been combined into a **Market Conditions** section. (Slides 7- 18)
- In August, temperatures were above average for most of the month. Thus, the sum of Heating and Cooling Degree Days was above its historic average. (Slides 8-10)
- Because of continued Corona Virus impacts, Energy use remained below the historic average. (Slides 8-10)

- In August, uplift exceeded \$800,000 on three days. (Slides 24 & 25)
- Load-weighted average LMP through August 2020 is \$21.40/MWh: (Slides 31 & 32)
 - August 2020 was \$25.20/MWh, which is in line with August 2019 (\$24.20/MWh) but lower than August 2018 (\$34.30/MWh).
- FTR revenue adequacy for the month of August is 100% and the 2020-2021 Planning Year is currently fully funded. (Slides 47-50)
- Congestion remains low, however, it was higher than the values observed last August. (Slide 48)
- Regulation and Synchronized Reserve market costs have generally tracked with energy prices over time. (Slides 63-65)

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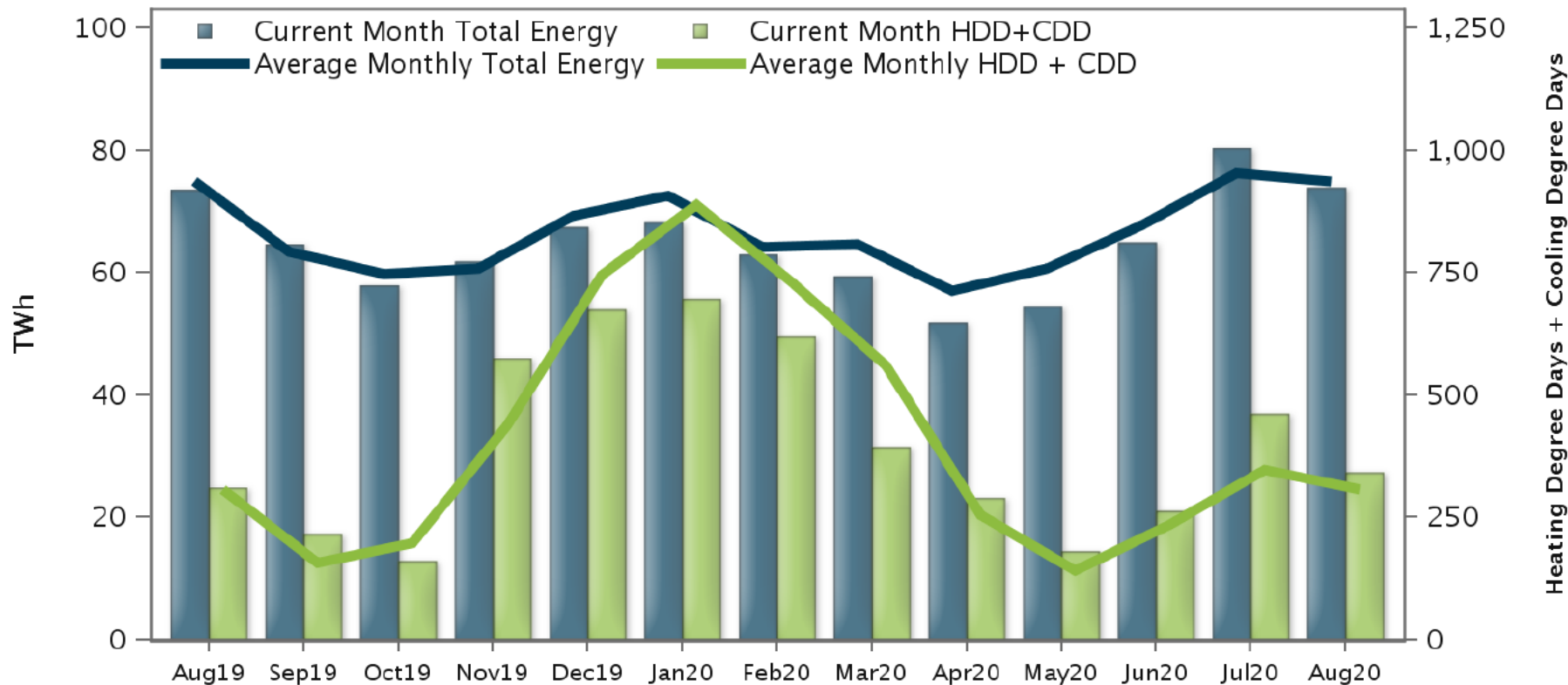




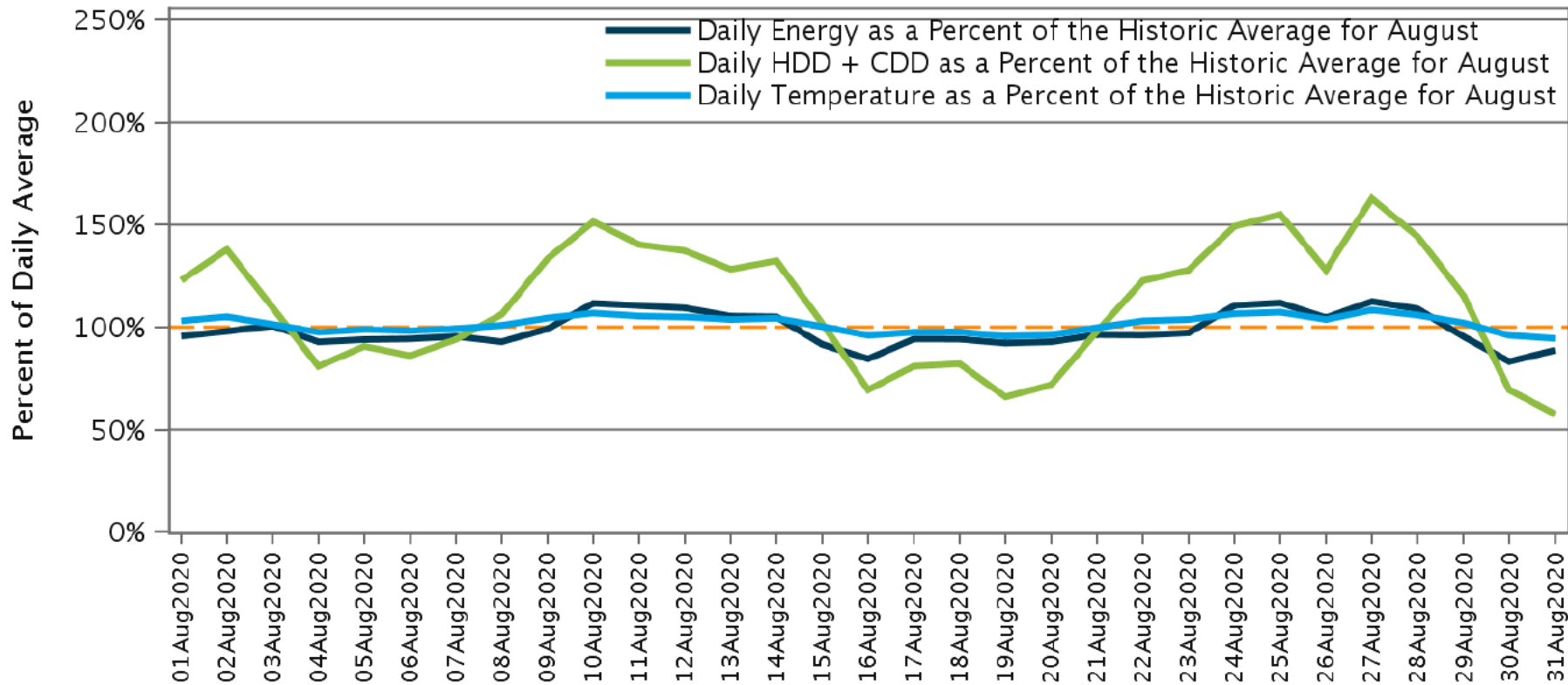
Market Conditions

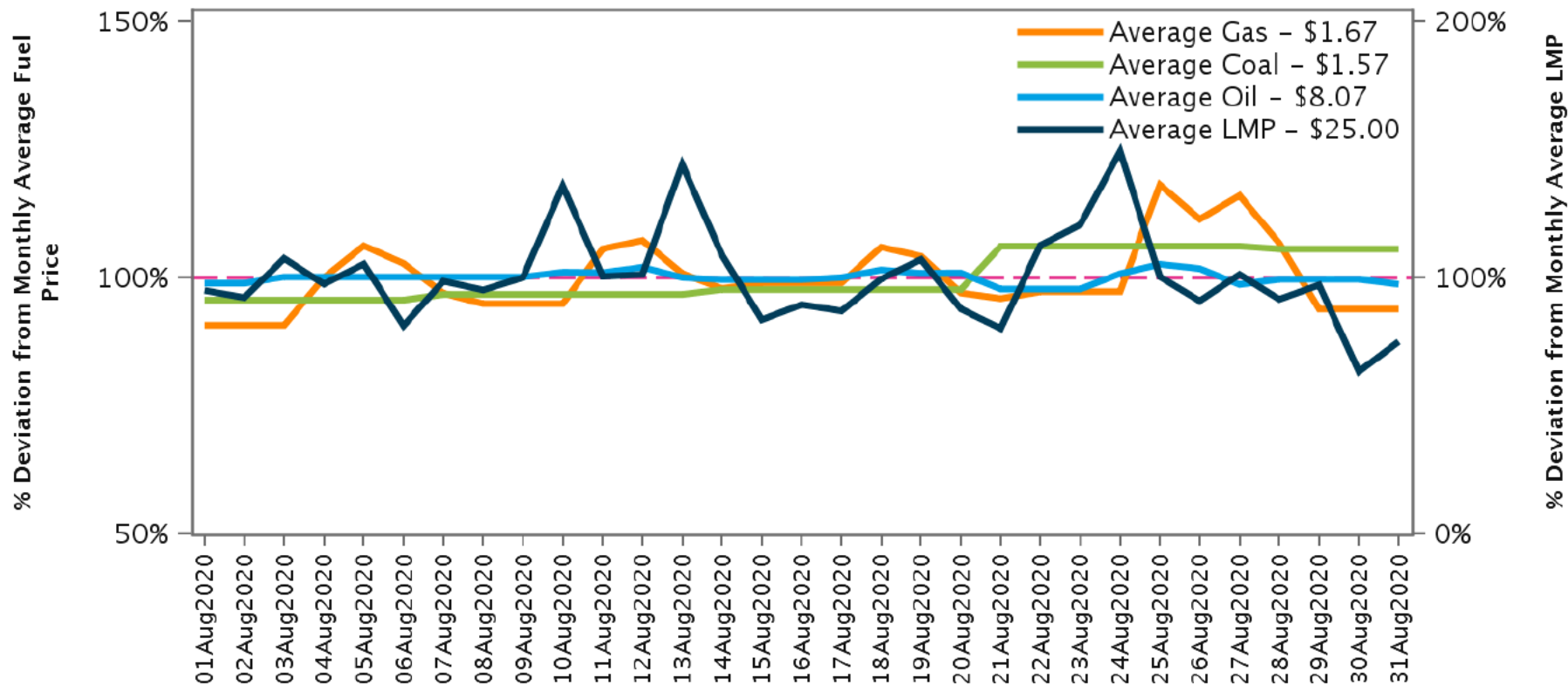
- The weather parameter shown in the following slide is a monthly sum of daily Heating Degree Days (HDD) and Cooling Degree Days (CDD).
- Degree days represent a deviation from a baseline temperature, in this case 60 degrees for HDD and 65 degrees for CDD. As temperatures get more extreme, colder or hotter, either HDDs or CDDs, respectively, will increase.
- Typically, winter months will only record HDDs, while summer months will only record CDDs. Shoulder months may have both HDDs and CDDs.
- Degree Days are calculated using a daily load weighting that weights values from stations in each TO zone according to the zonal contribution to the RTO peak on that day.
- Average values use data from 1998 to the most recent complete year, in this case, 2019. Averages include load data for all of TO zones in the current RTO footprint.

Historic Average Weather and Energy versus Current Month



Historic Average Weather and Energy versus Current Month - Daily

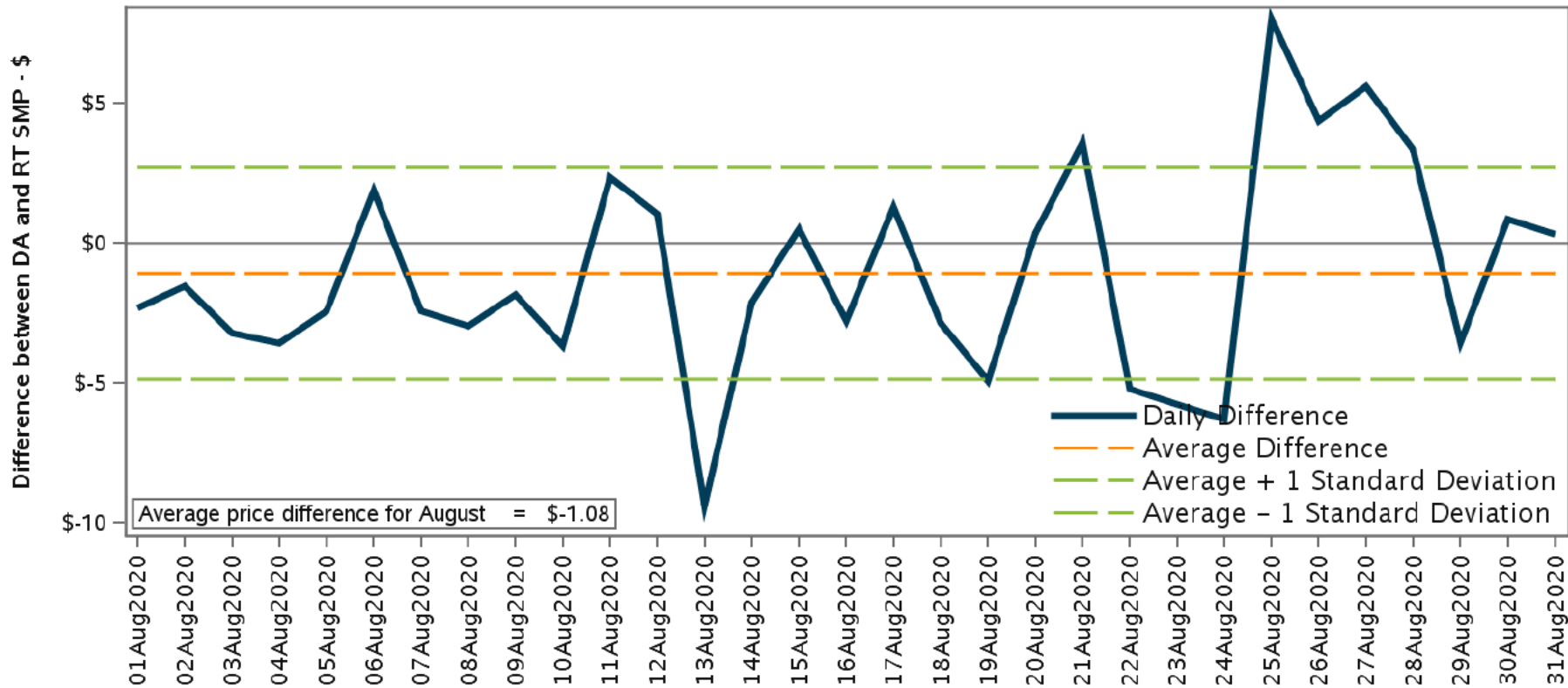




Fuel Price Source: S&P Global Platts



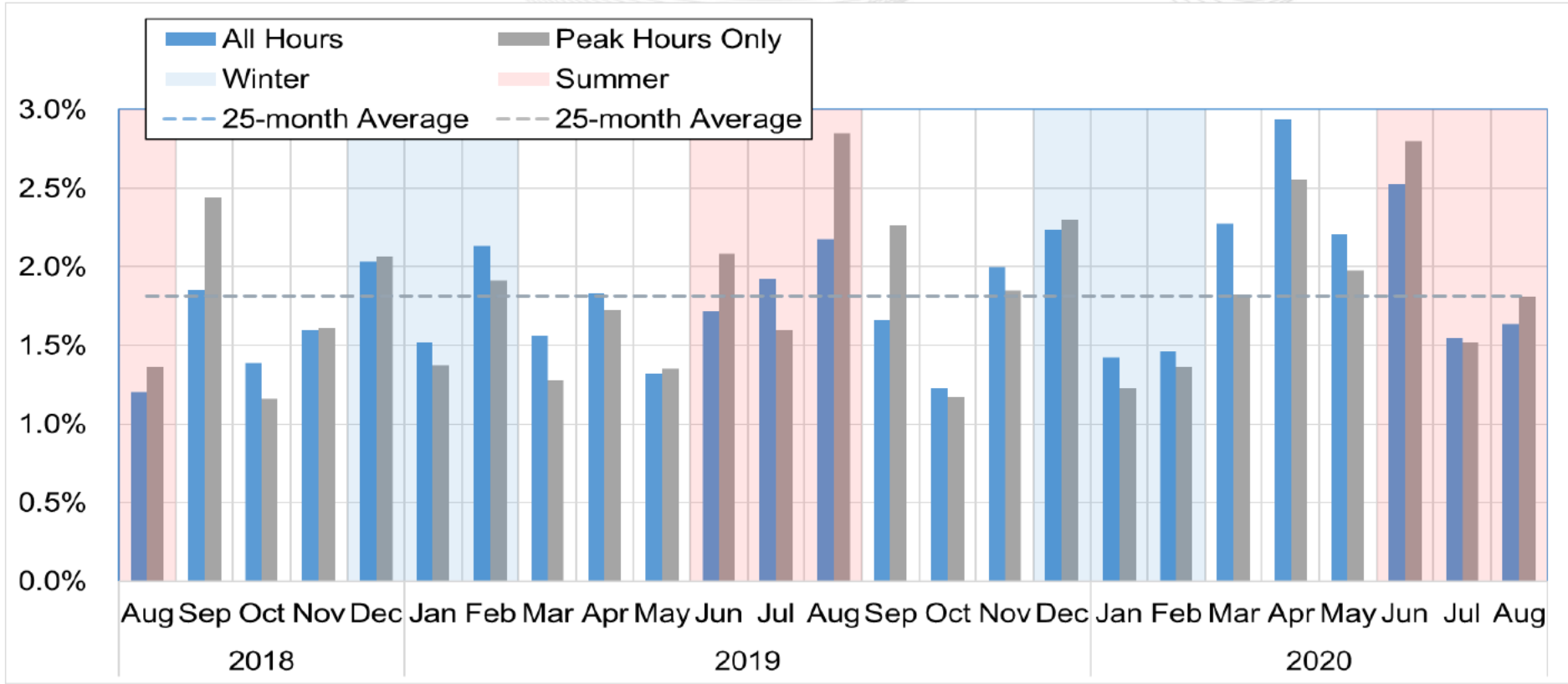
Daily Difference Between Day-Ahead and Real-Time System Marginal Prices



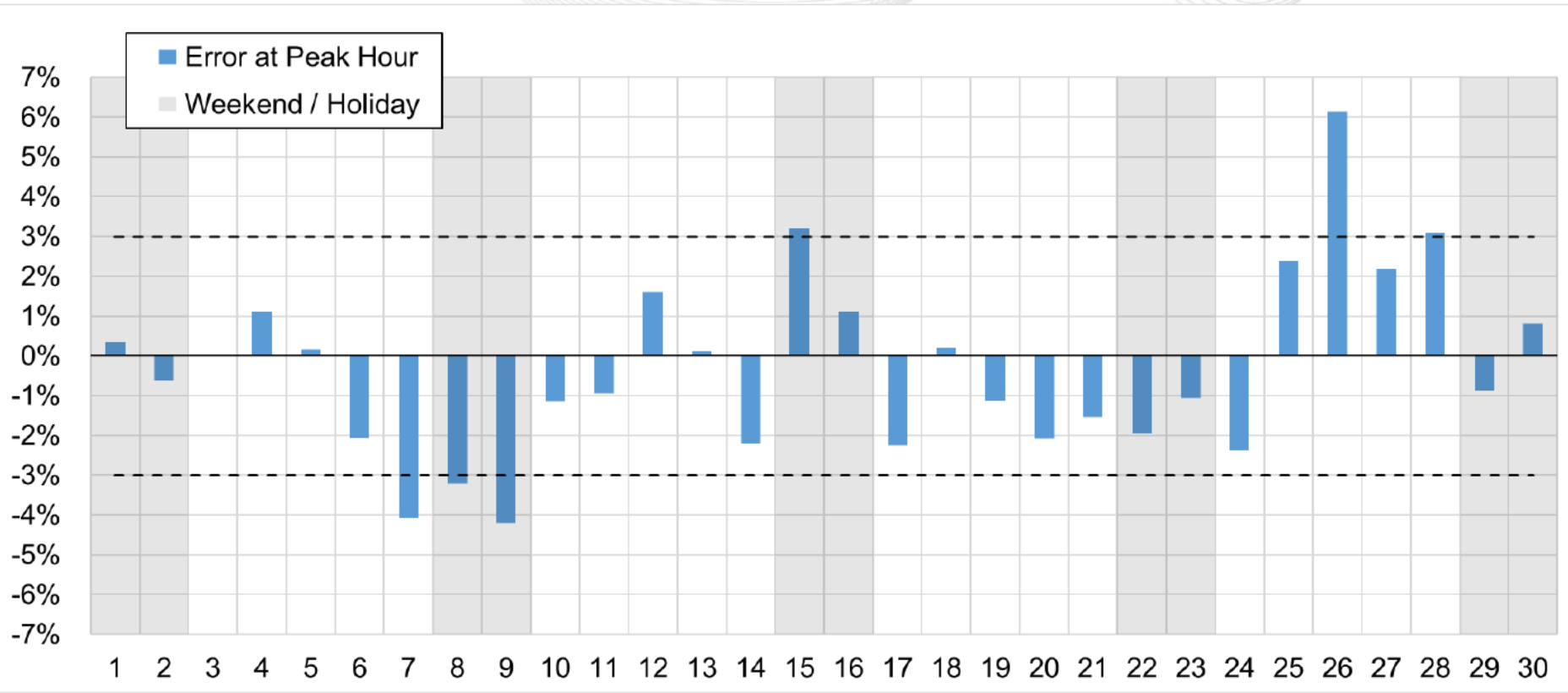
Positive values represent days when the DA daily average price was higher than RT. Negative values represent days when the DA price was lower.



Load Forecast Error – Monthly Absolute Error, 10:00 Forecast



Load Forecast Error – August Daily Peaks, 10:00 Forecast

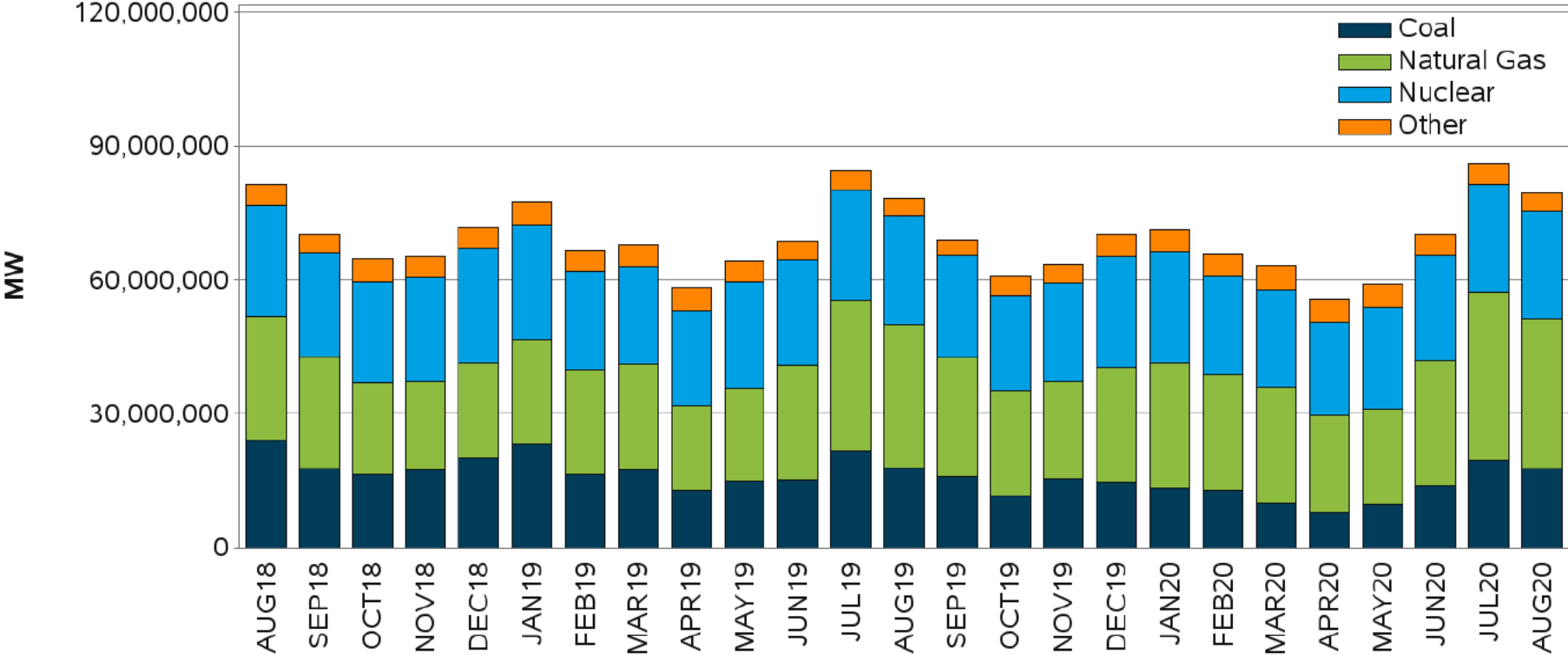


PJM prepares a day-ahead load forecast at 10:00 am for use by our members.

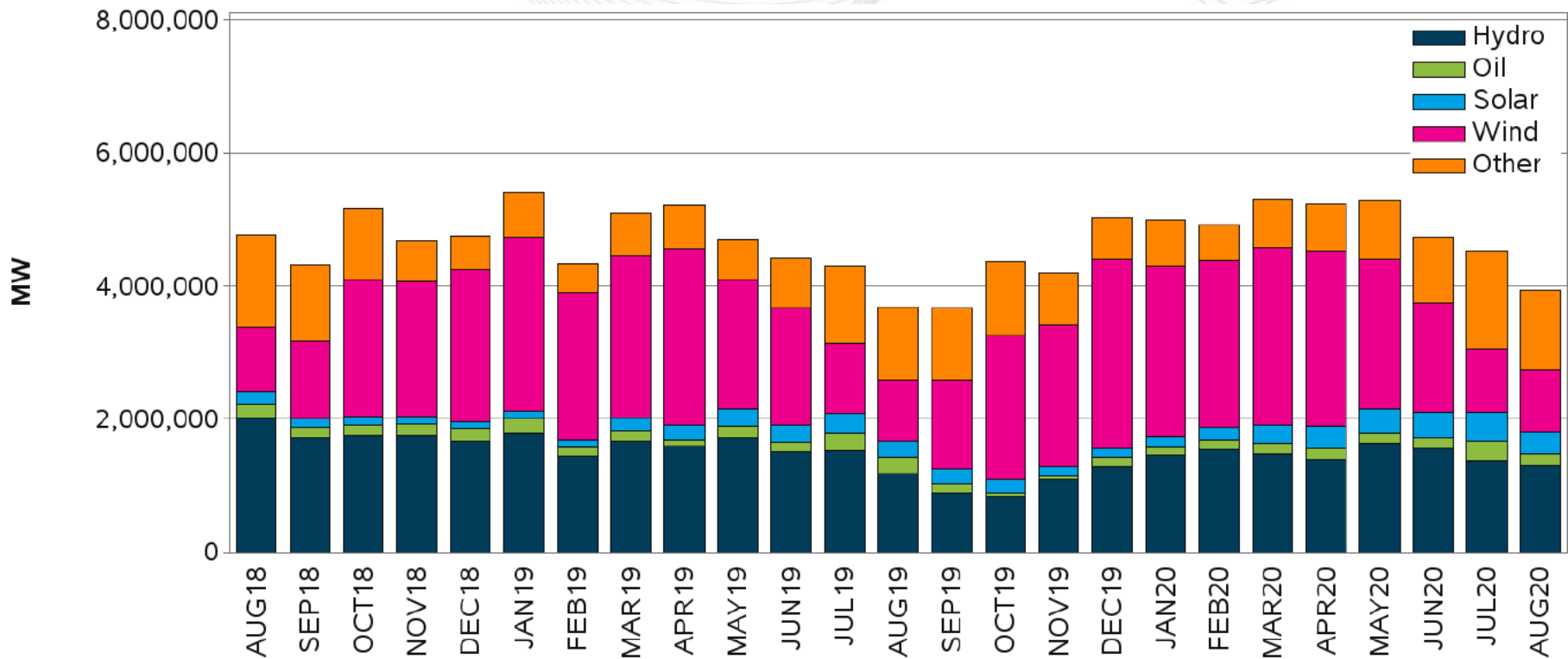
This forecast is not used to clear the day-ahead market and is not utilized for the reliability tools that run subsequent to the day-ahead market.

The following days had load forecast error exceeding 3%:

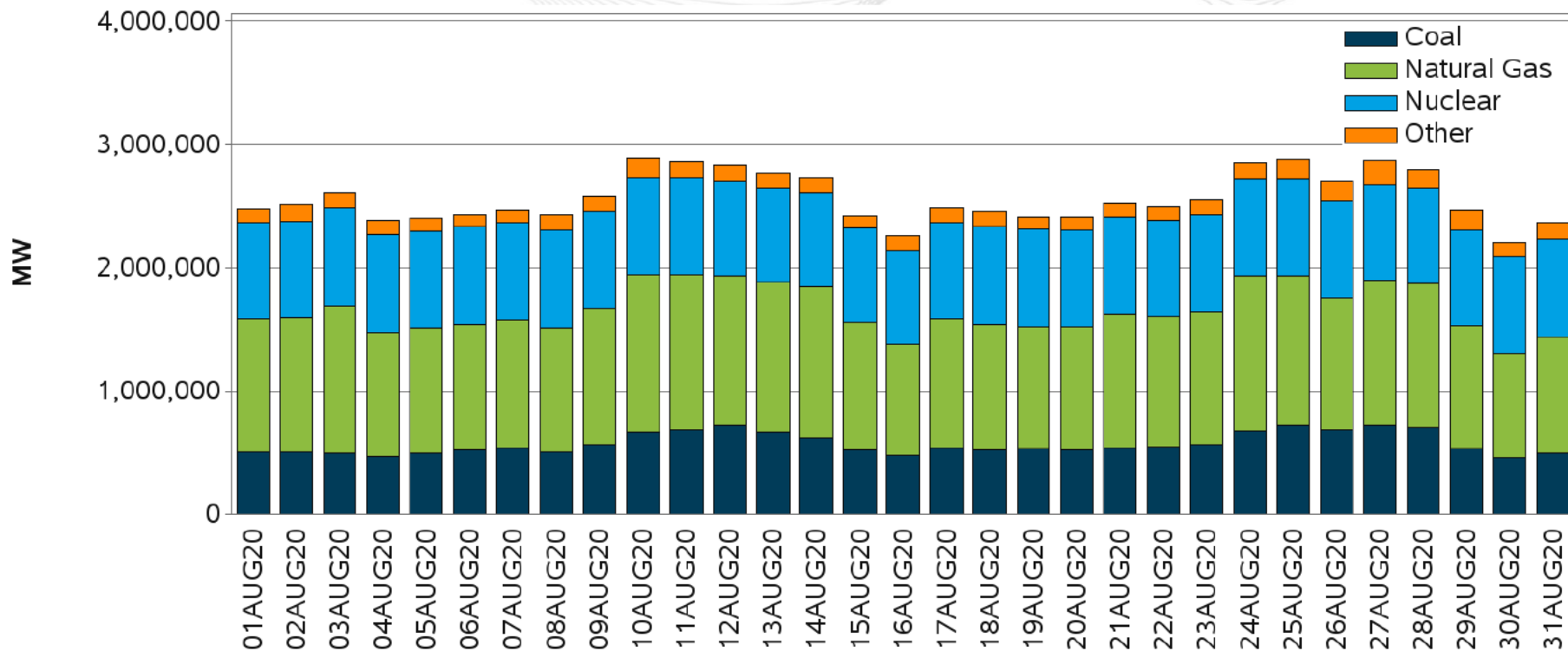
- 8/9/20 – Model error
- 8/15/20 – Model error and temp forecast error (storms)
- 8/26/20 – Model error and temp forecast error
- 8/28/20 – Temp forecast error (storms)



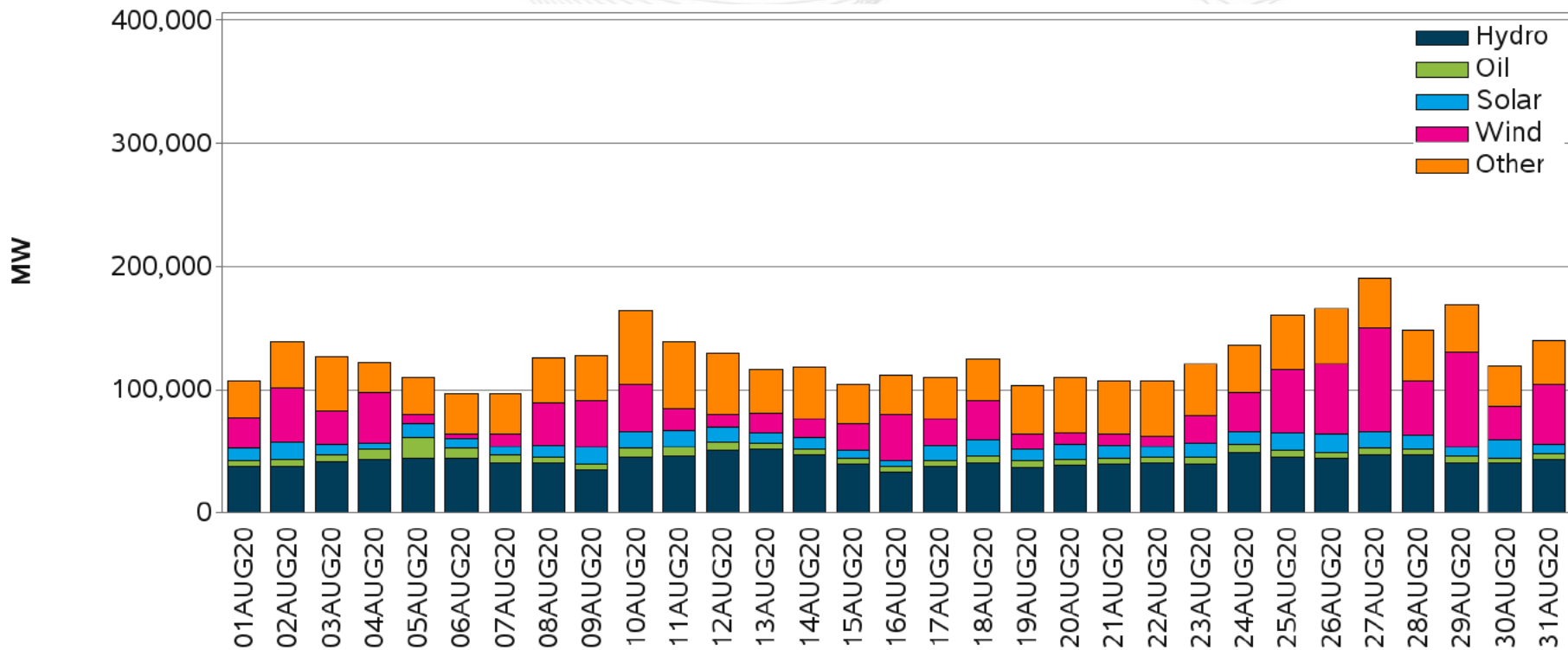
*Other includes Hydro, Oil, Solar, Wind, and Other



'Other' includes Flywheels, Multiple Fuels, Storage, and Other Renewables

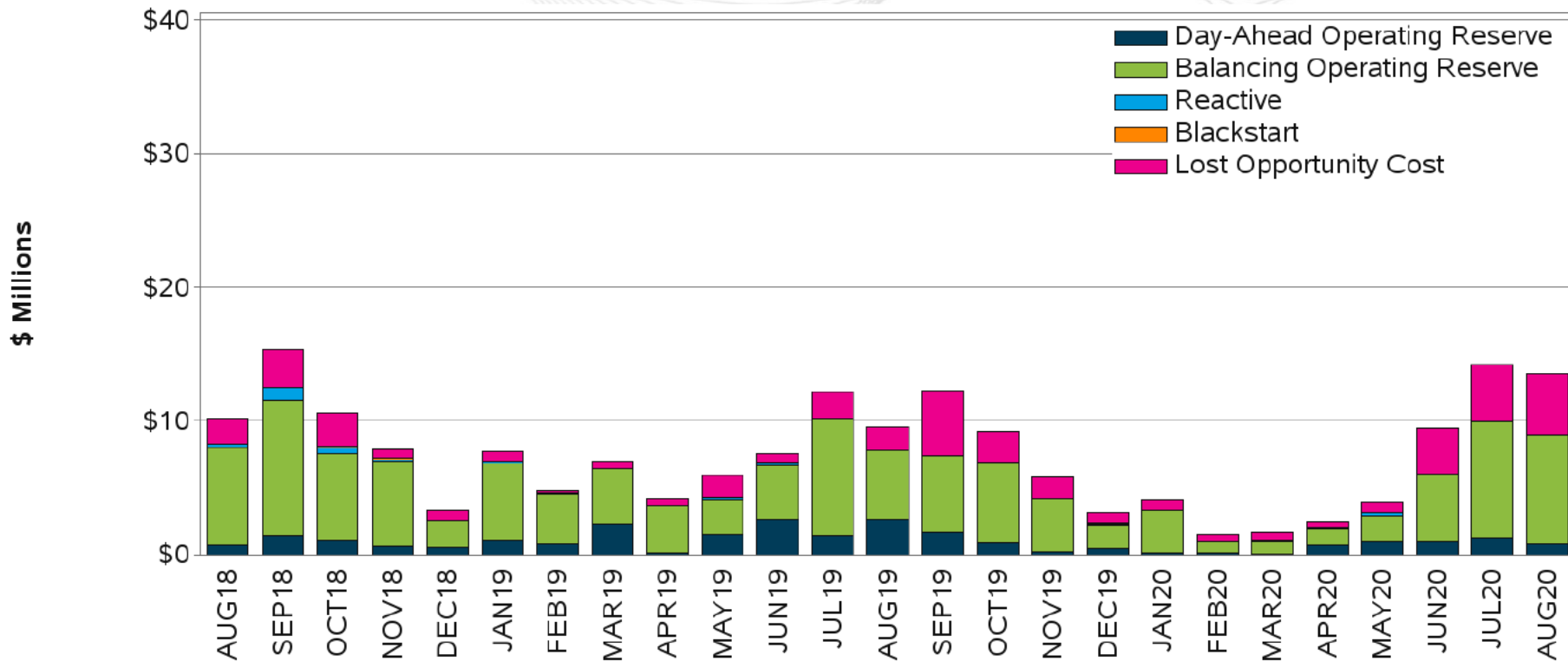


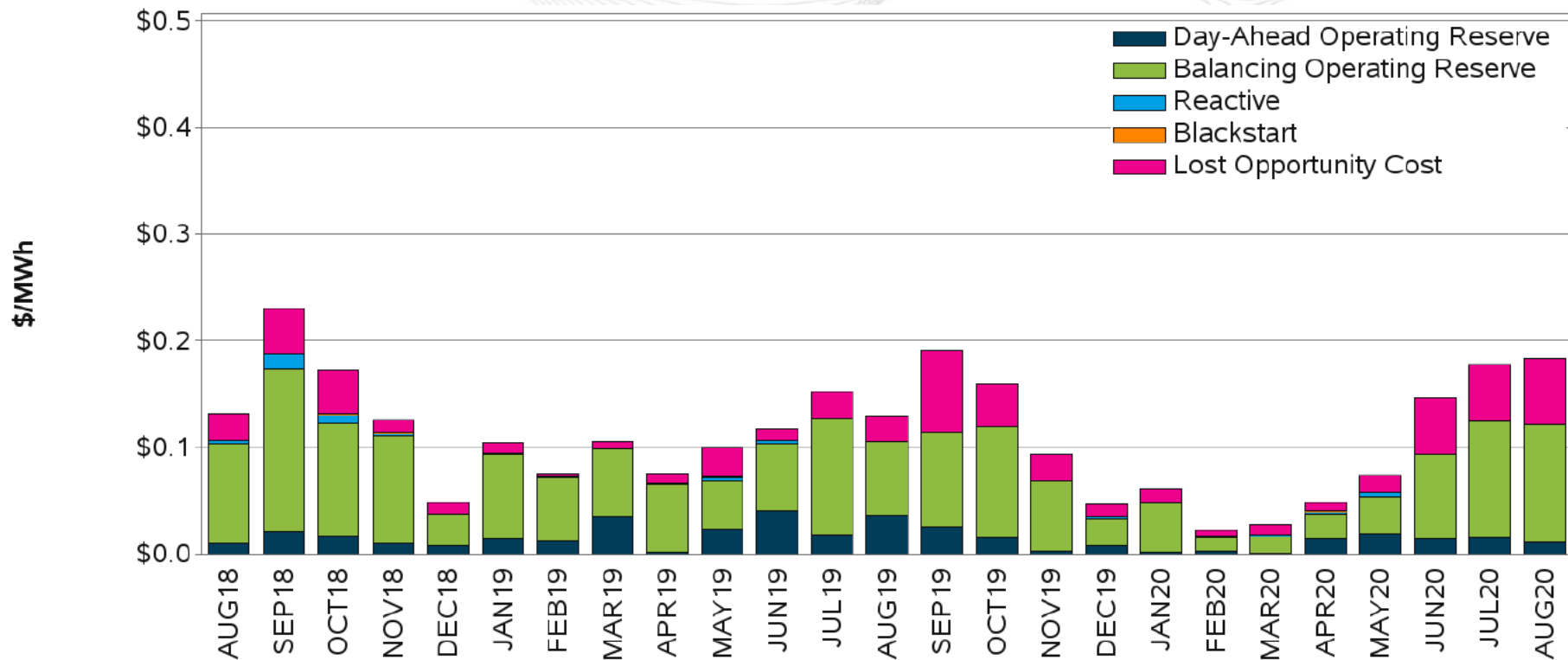
*Other includes Hydro, Oil, Solar, Wind, and Other

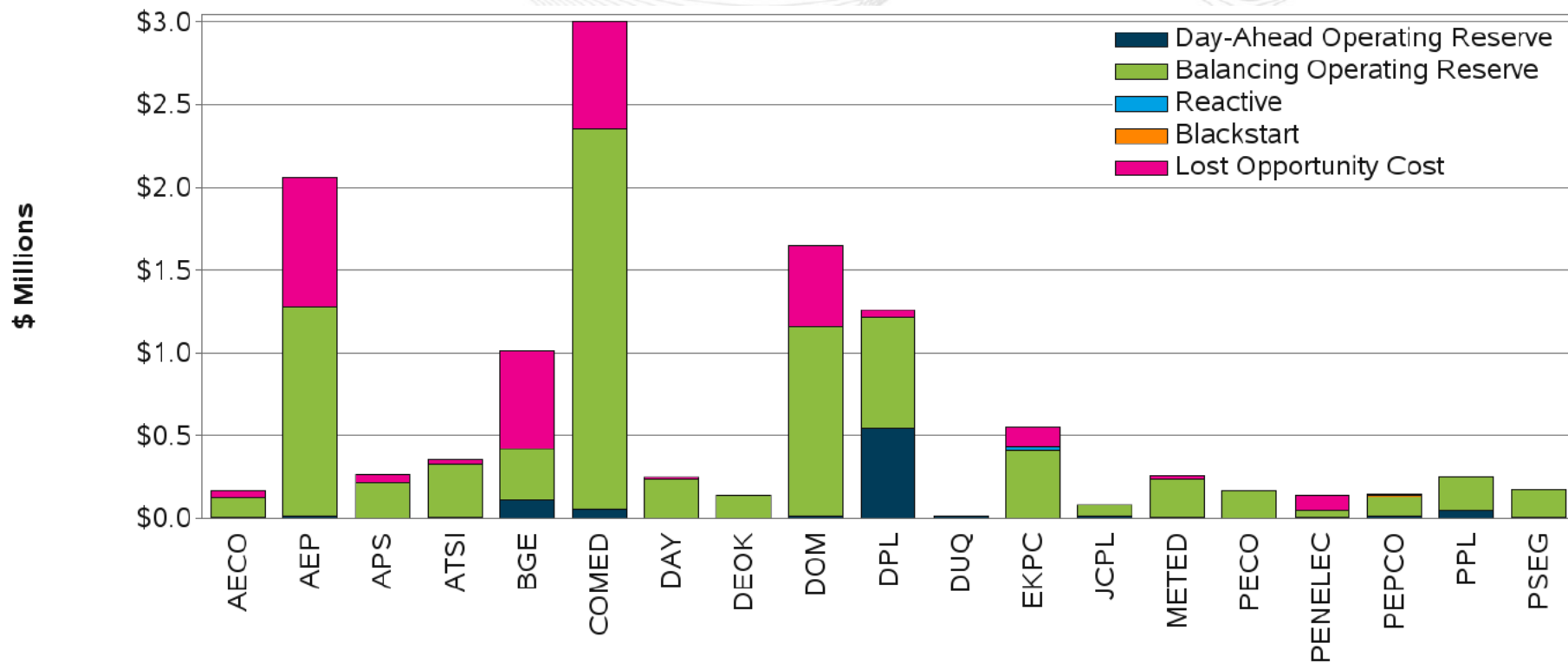


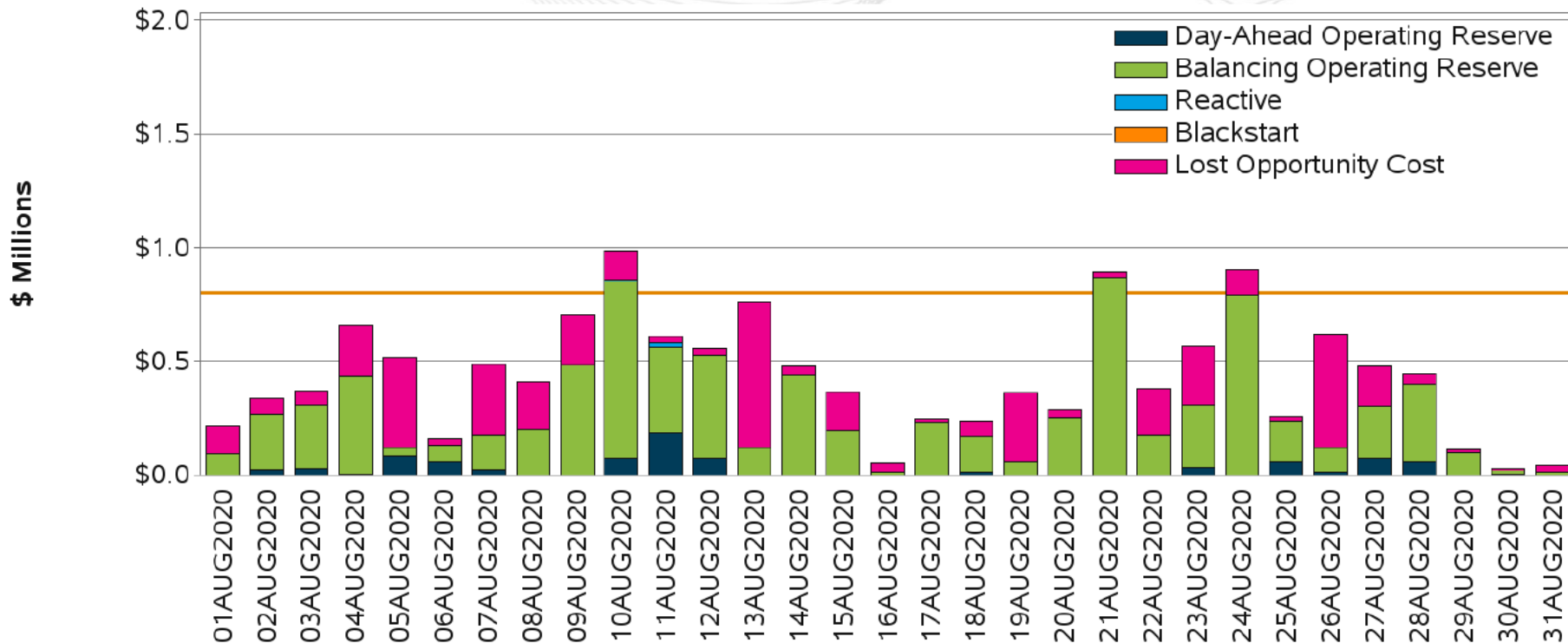
'Other' includes Flywheels, Multiple Fuels, Storage, and Other Renewables

Operating Reserve (Uplift)







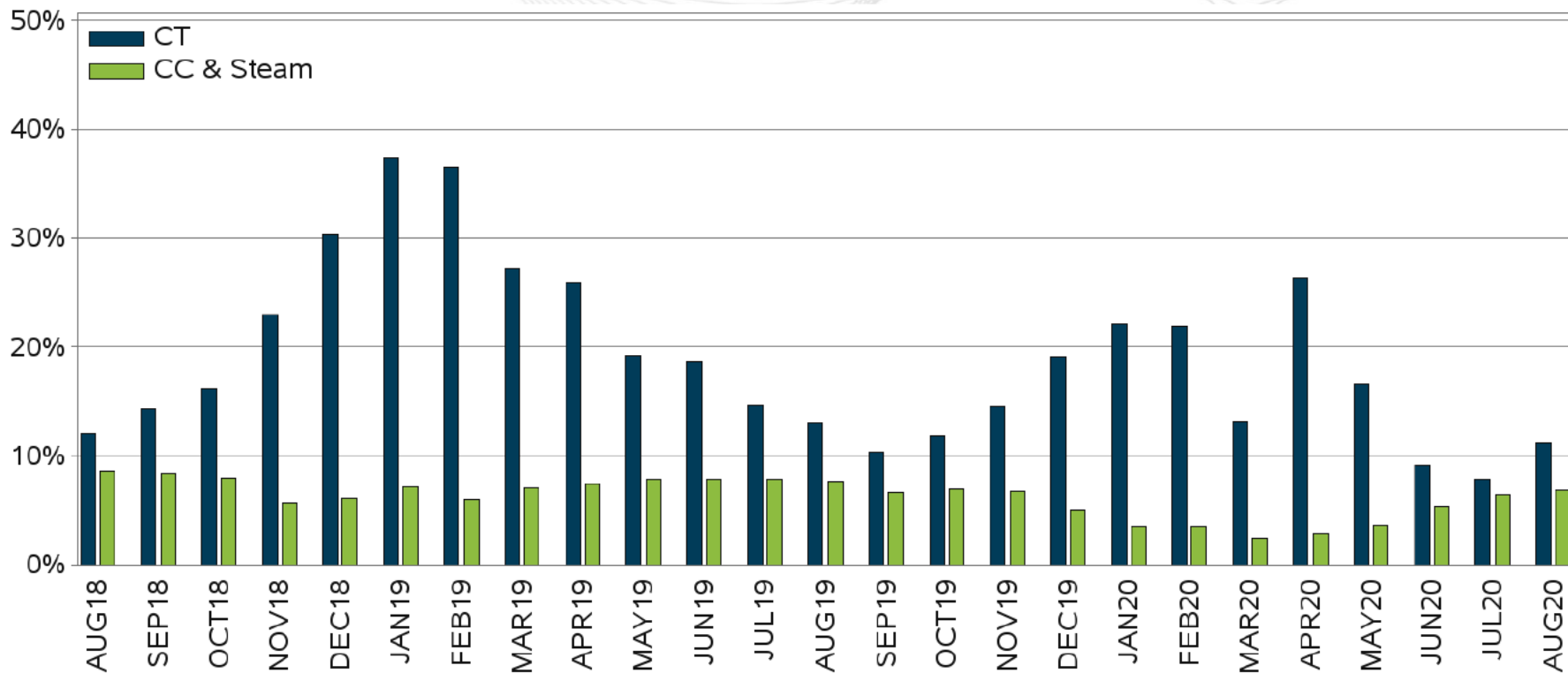


In August, uplift exceeded \$800,000 on the following days.

- 8/10 - localized constraint control, high system load
- 8/21 - localized constraint control, slight load forecast error
- 8/24 - high system load (~141.5), localized constraint control

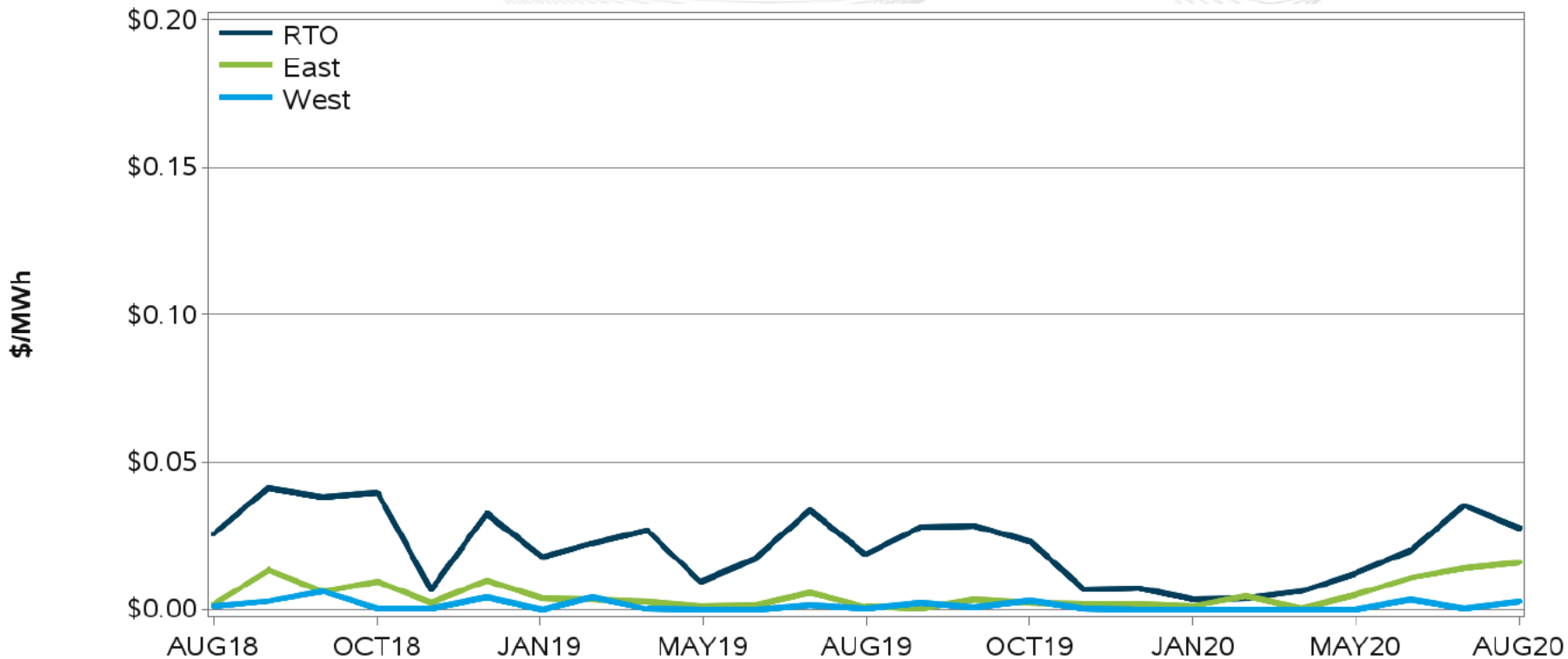
More information on Uplift can be found on PJM's website at [Drivers of Uplift](#)

Percent of Total CT, CC and Steam Hours with LMP < Offer

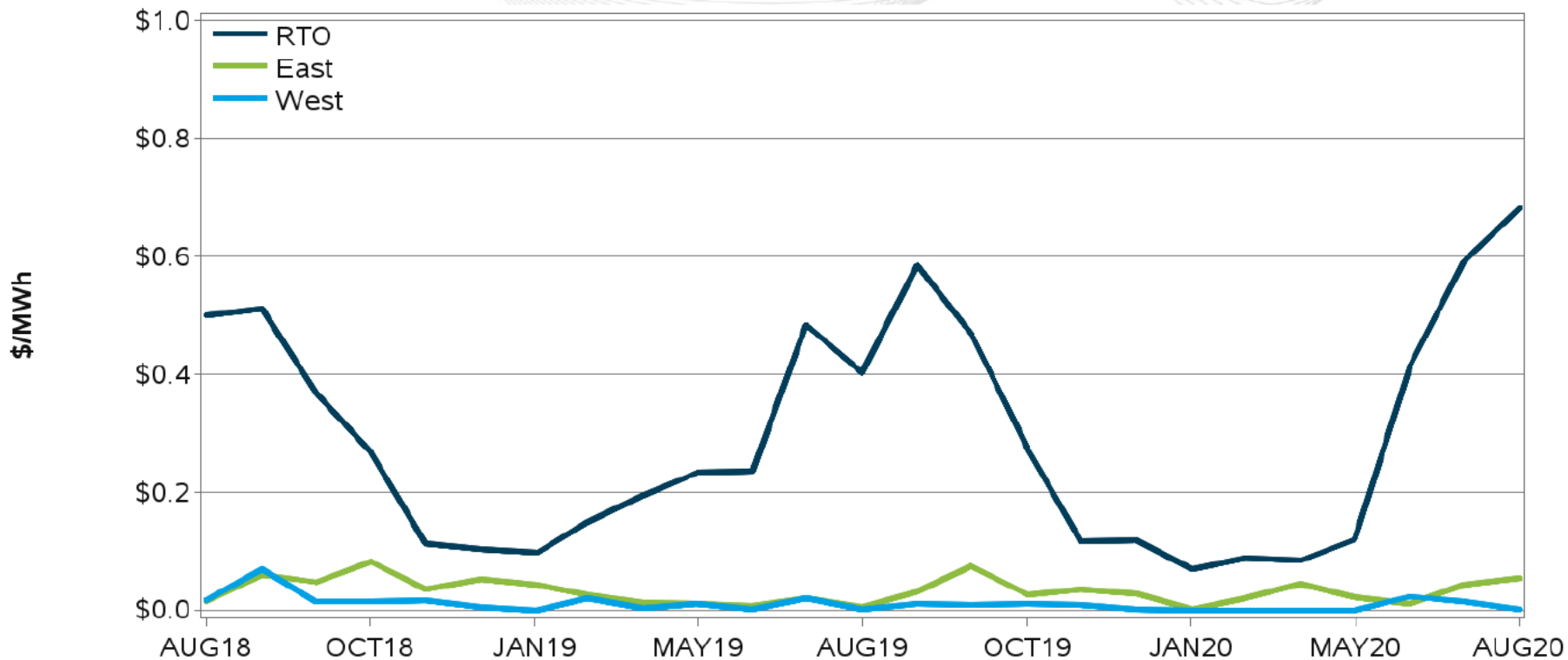


- Beginning in December 2008, the daily Balancing Operating Reserves (BOR) rate was replaced with six different BOR rates: RTO BOR for Reliability Rate, RTO BOR for Deviations Rate, East BOR for Reliability Rate, East BOR for Deviations Rate, West BOR for Reliability Rate, West BOR for Deviations Rate.
- Reliability rates are charged to all real-time load and exports, whereas deviation rates, as before, are charged only to real-time deviations. RTO rates are charged to the whole footprint, whereas East and West rate adders are charged based on location.

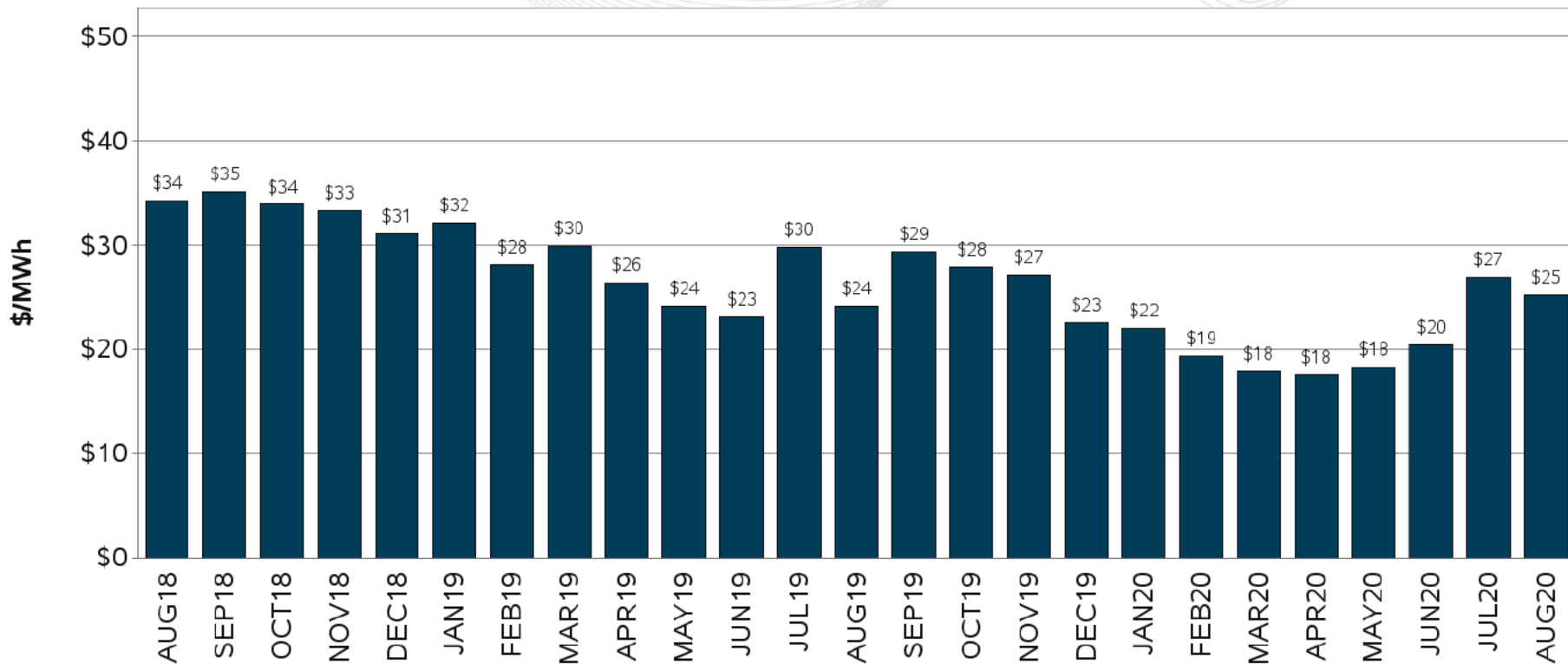
Reliability Balancing Operating Reserve Rates



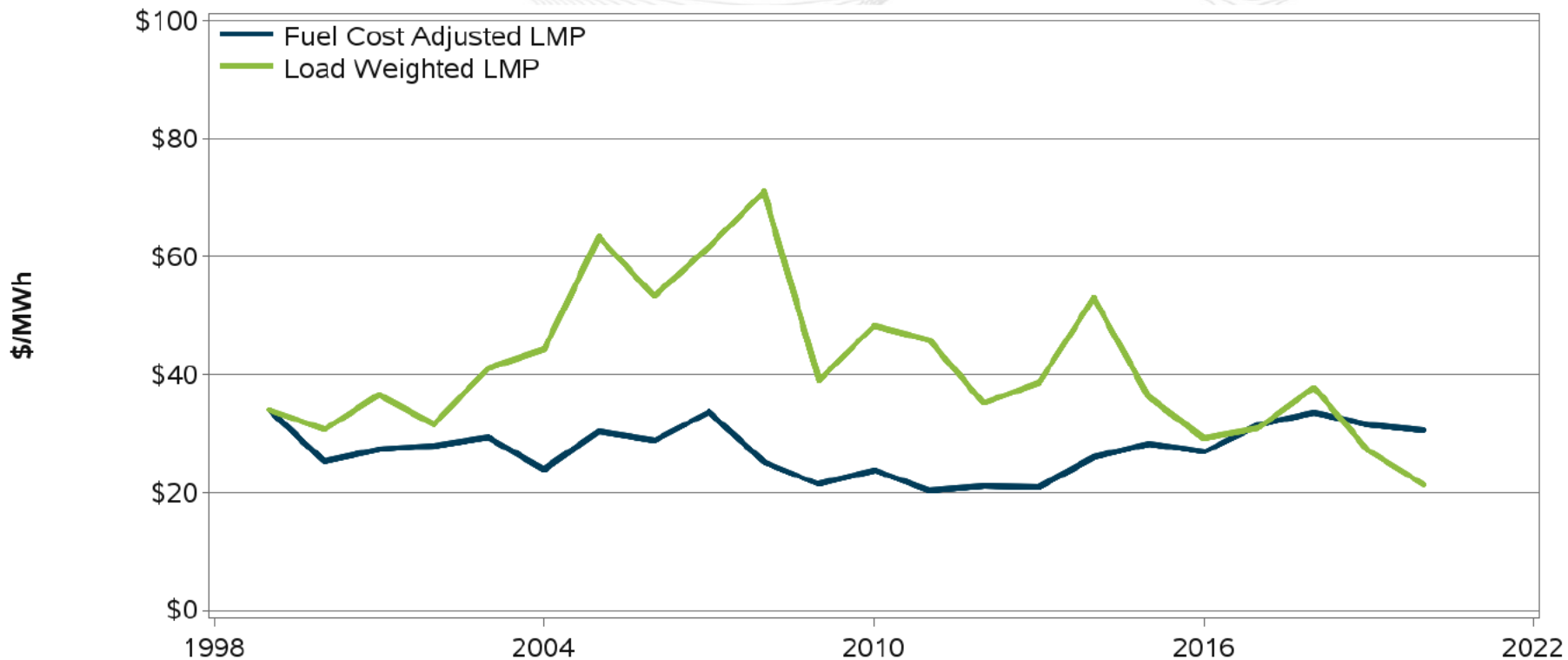
Deviations Balancing Operating Reserve Rates

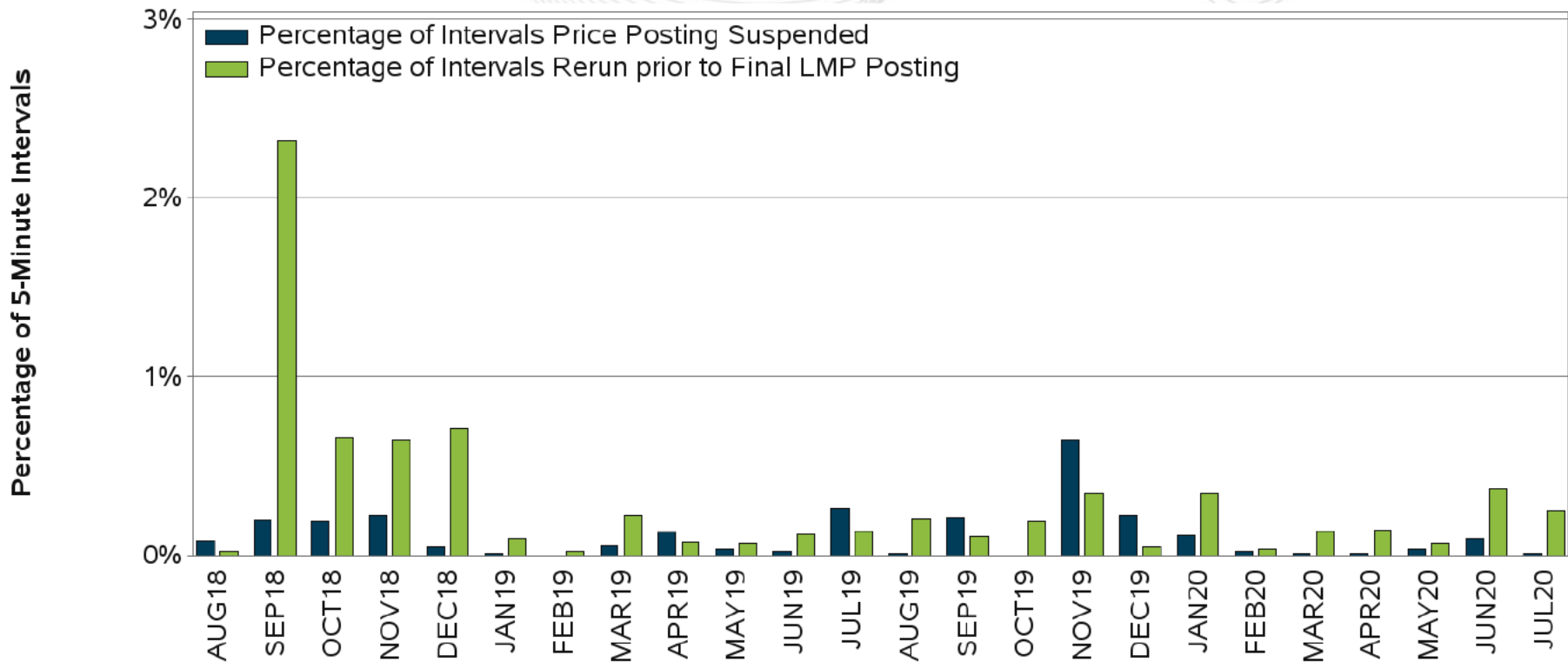


Energy Market LMP Summary



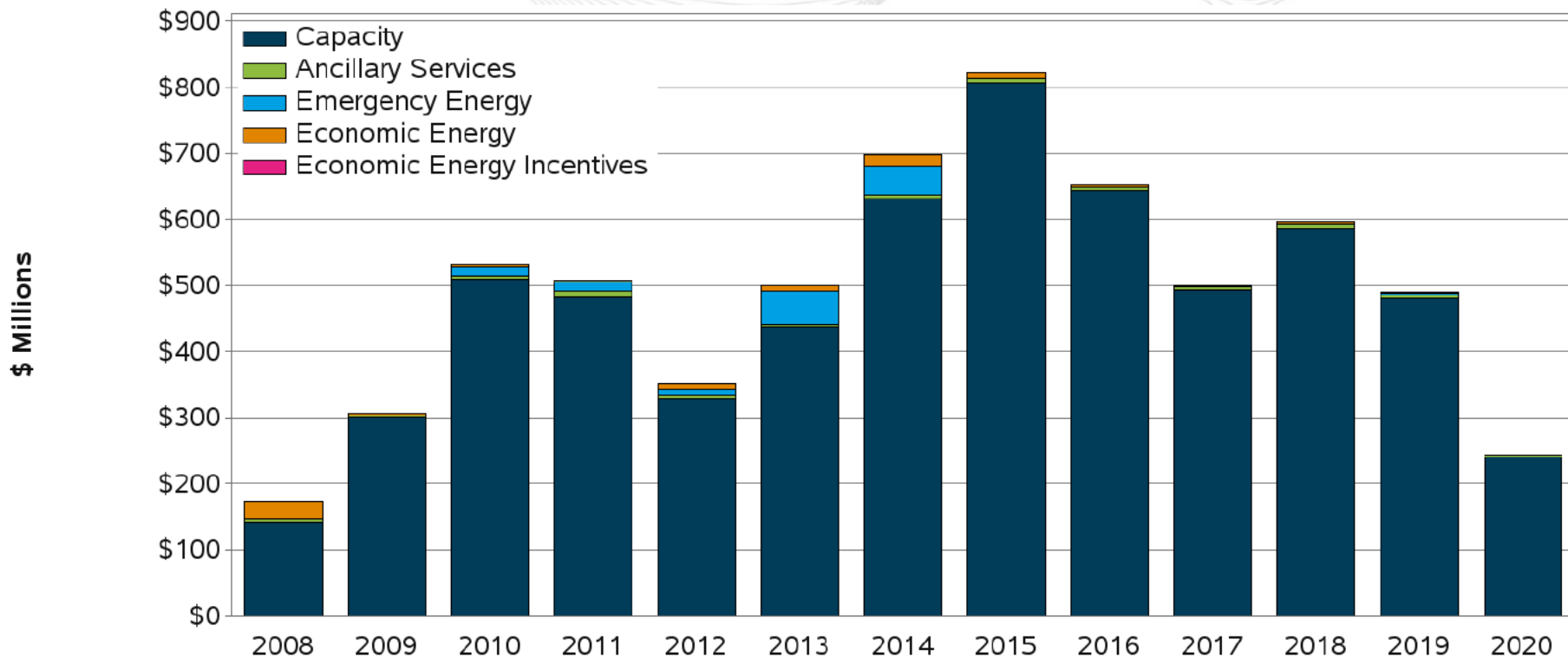
Fuel Cost Adjusted LMP (Referenced to 1999 Fuel Prices)

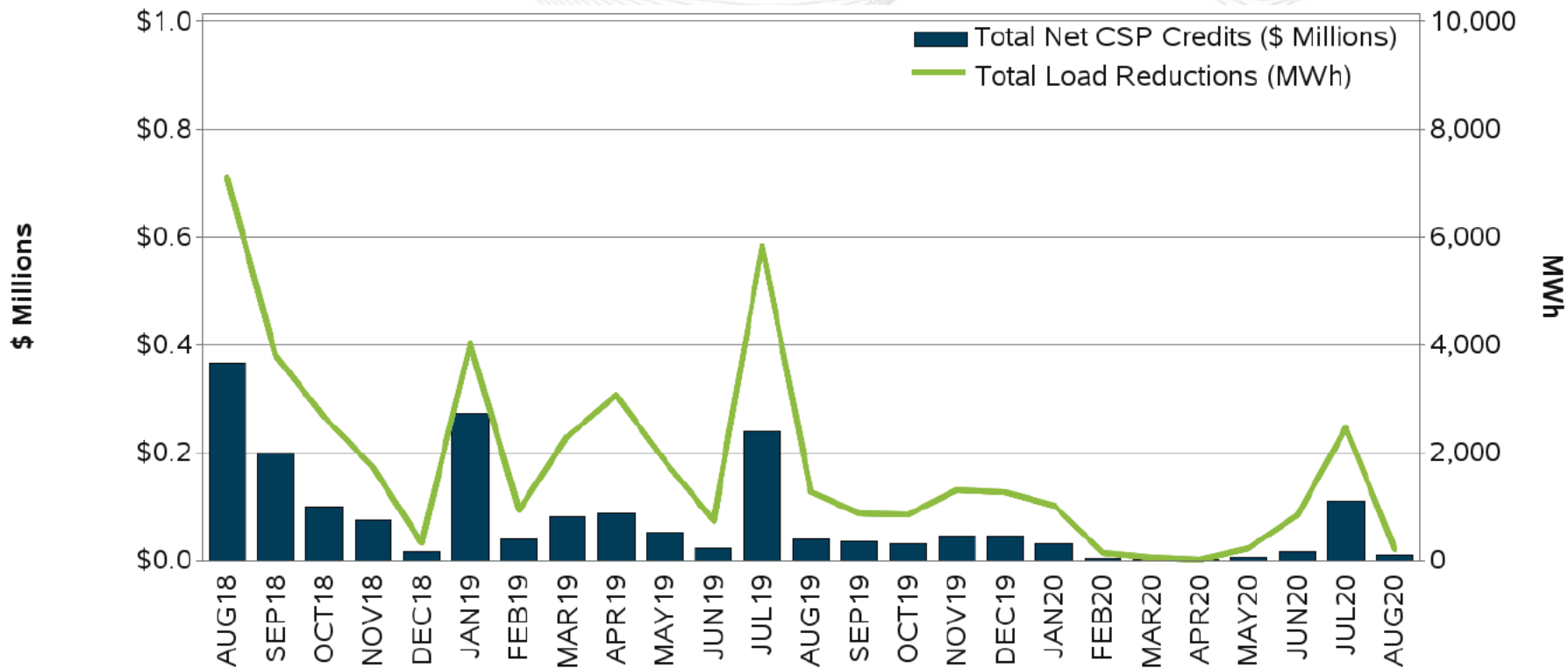




Energy Market

Demand Response Summary

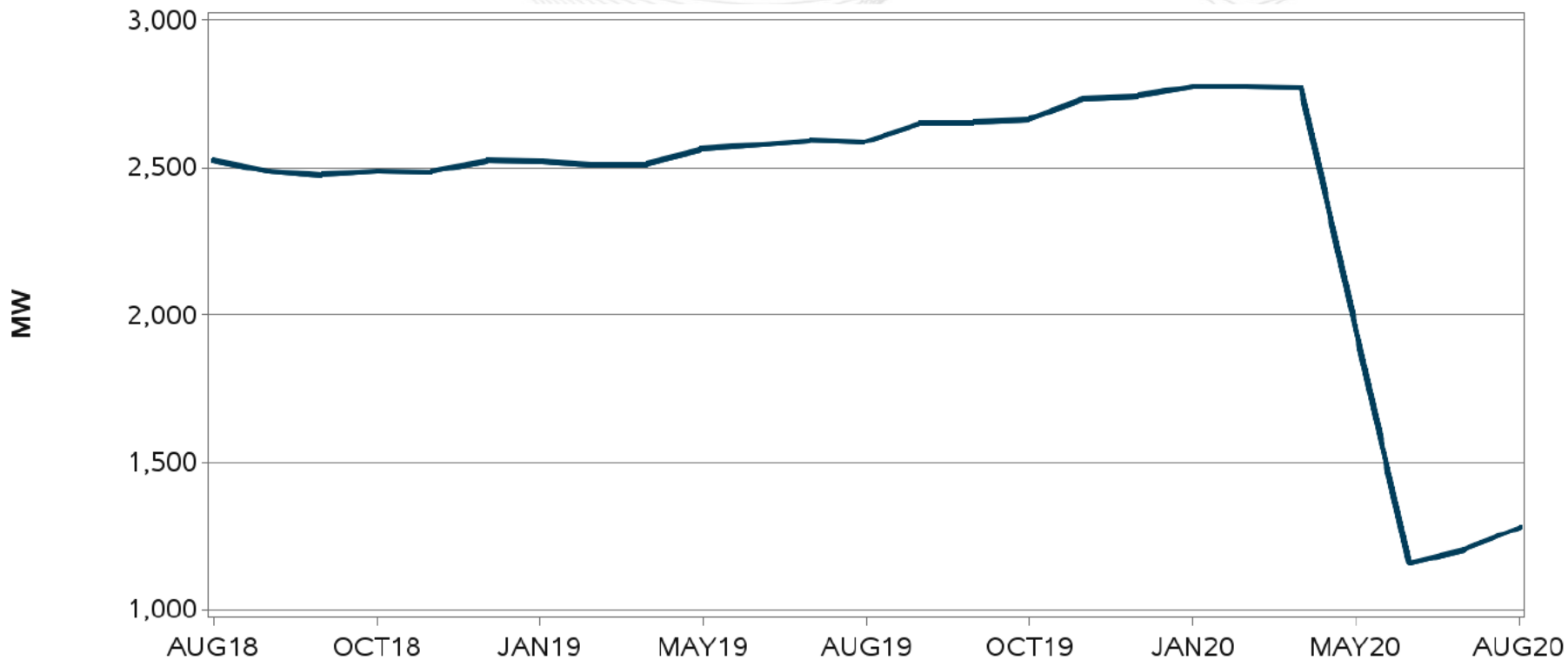




*Data for the last few months are subject to significant change due to the settlement window.



Total Registered MW in PJM's Economic Demand Response

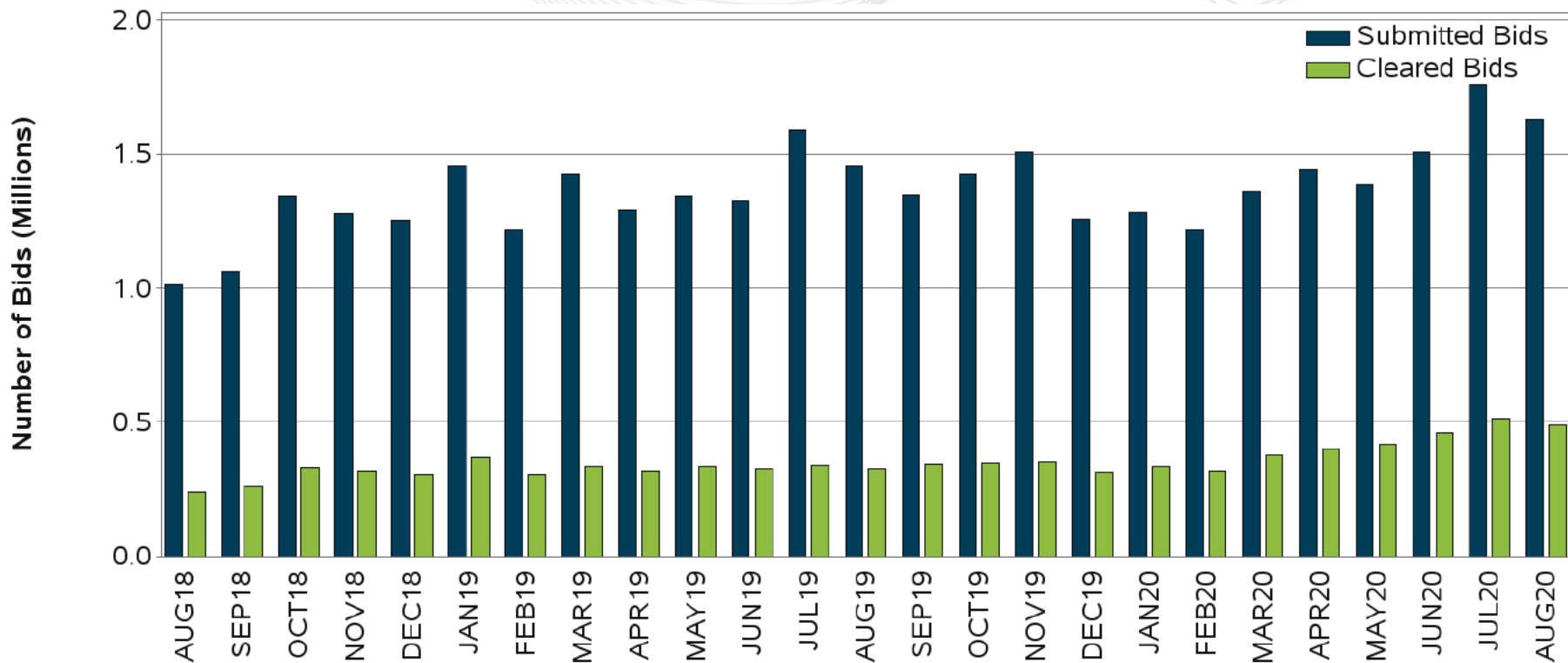


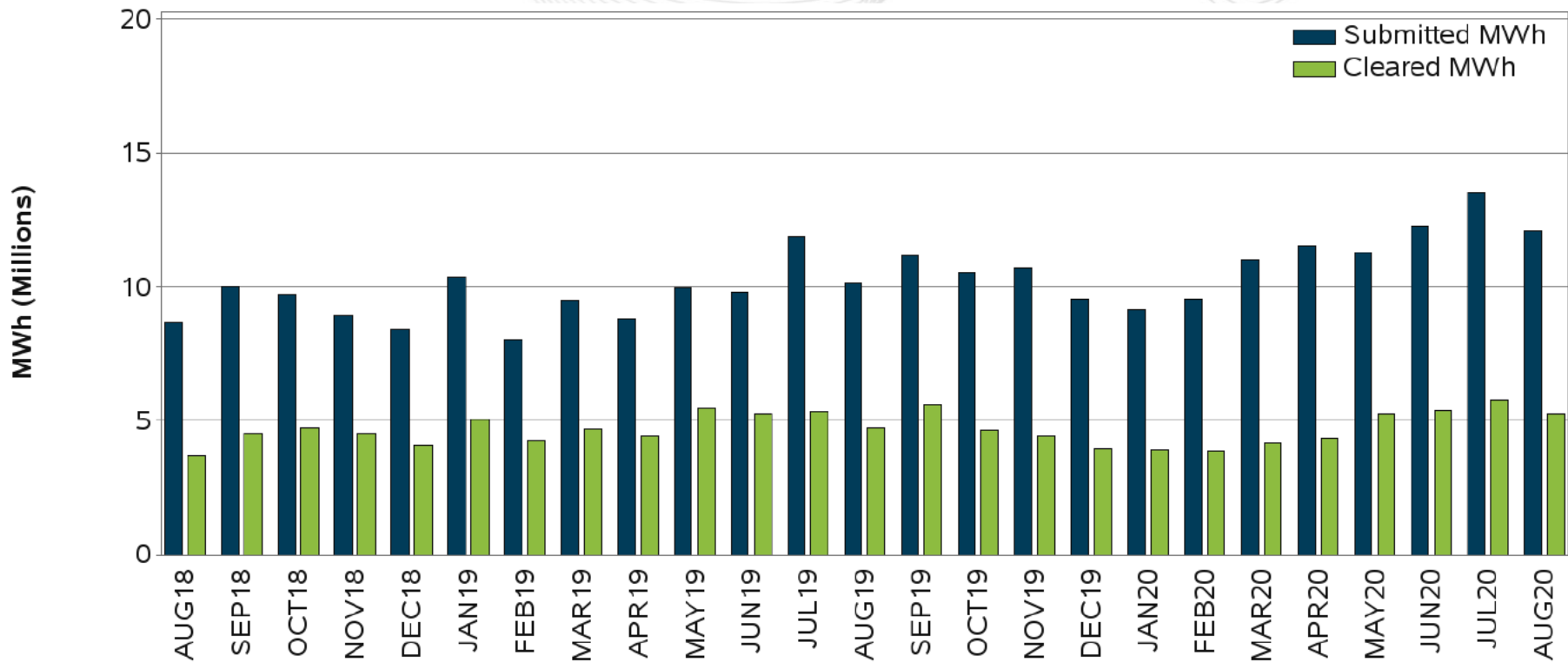
Energy Market

Virtual Activity Summary

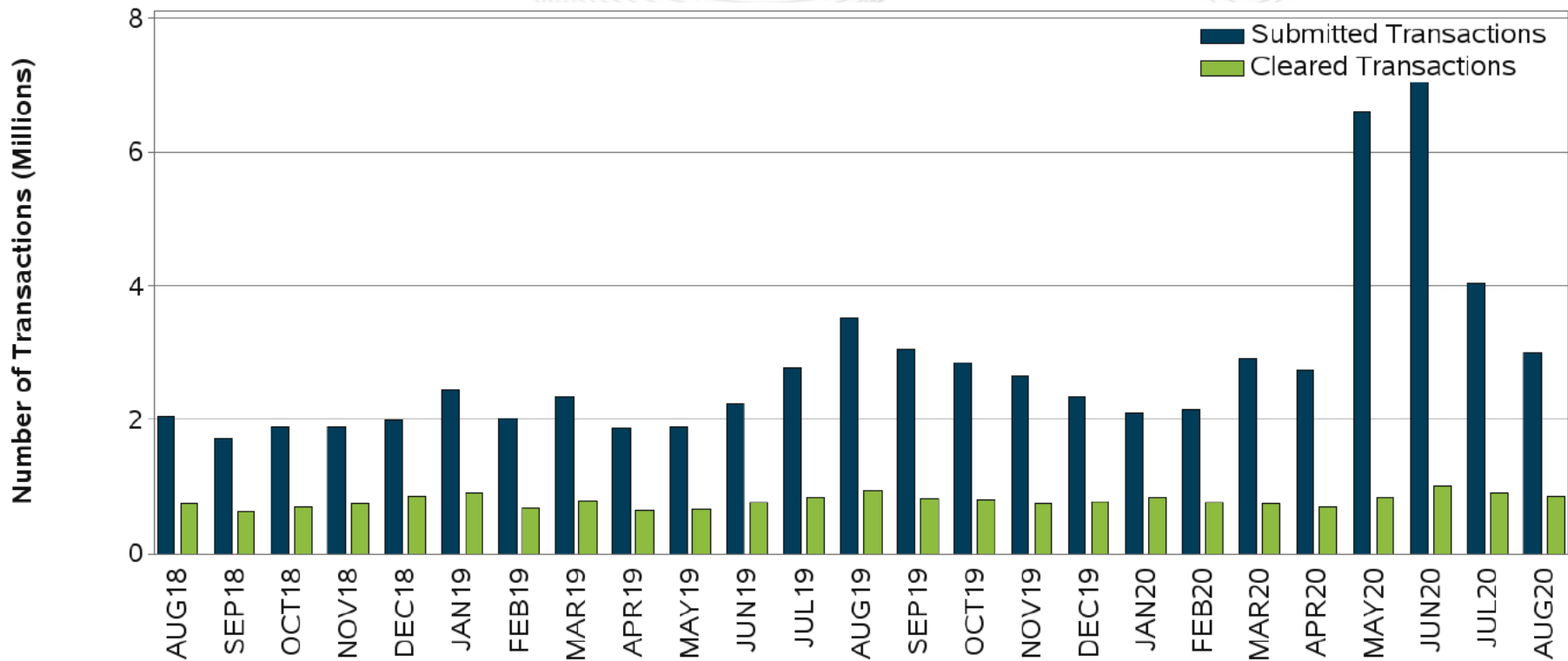
- The following six charts depict trends in submitted and cleared virtual and up-to-congestion transactions, in terms of number and volume, into the PJM Energy Market. The first two of these charts show the submitted and cleared increment and decrement bids (virtual transactions or virtuals) and they are the same as what was previously being presented in this report. The two charts after them display the trends in submitted and cleared up-to-congestion transactions into the PJM Energy Market. The last two of these six charts combine the virtual and up-to-congestion transactions and show the sum of these two categories.
- To clarify what a bid or transaction is, please consider the following example: An offer (increment, decrement or up-to-congestion) of 10 MW, valid for eight hours for a given day, is captured in the charts as eight submitted bids/transactions and 80 submitted MWh. If this offer fully clears for three of the hours it was submitted for, it shows in the charts as three cleared bids/transactions and 30 cleared MWh.

Virtual Bids (INCs & DEC)s - Total Number

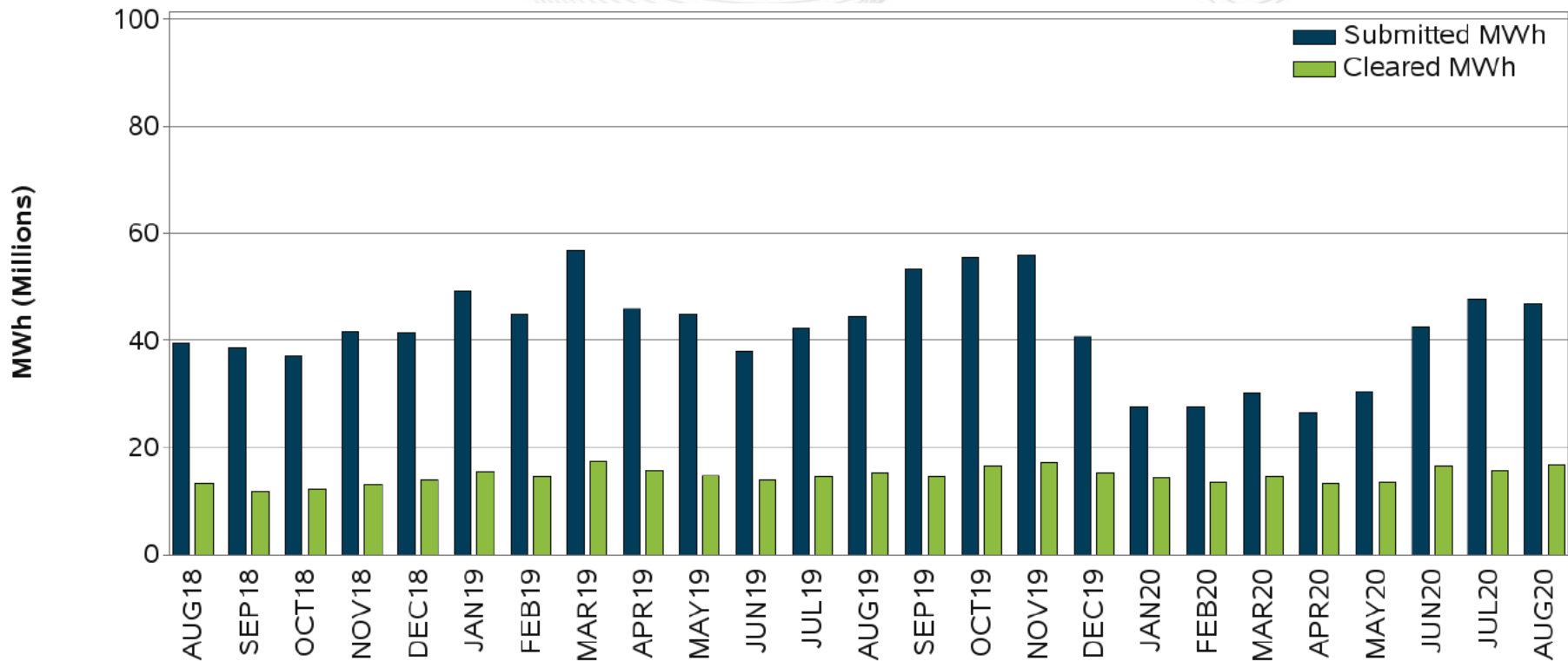




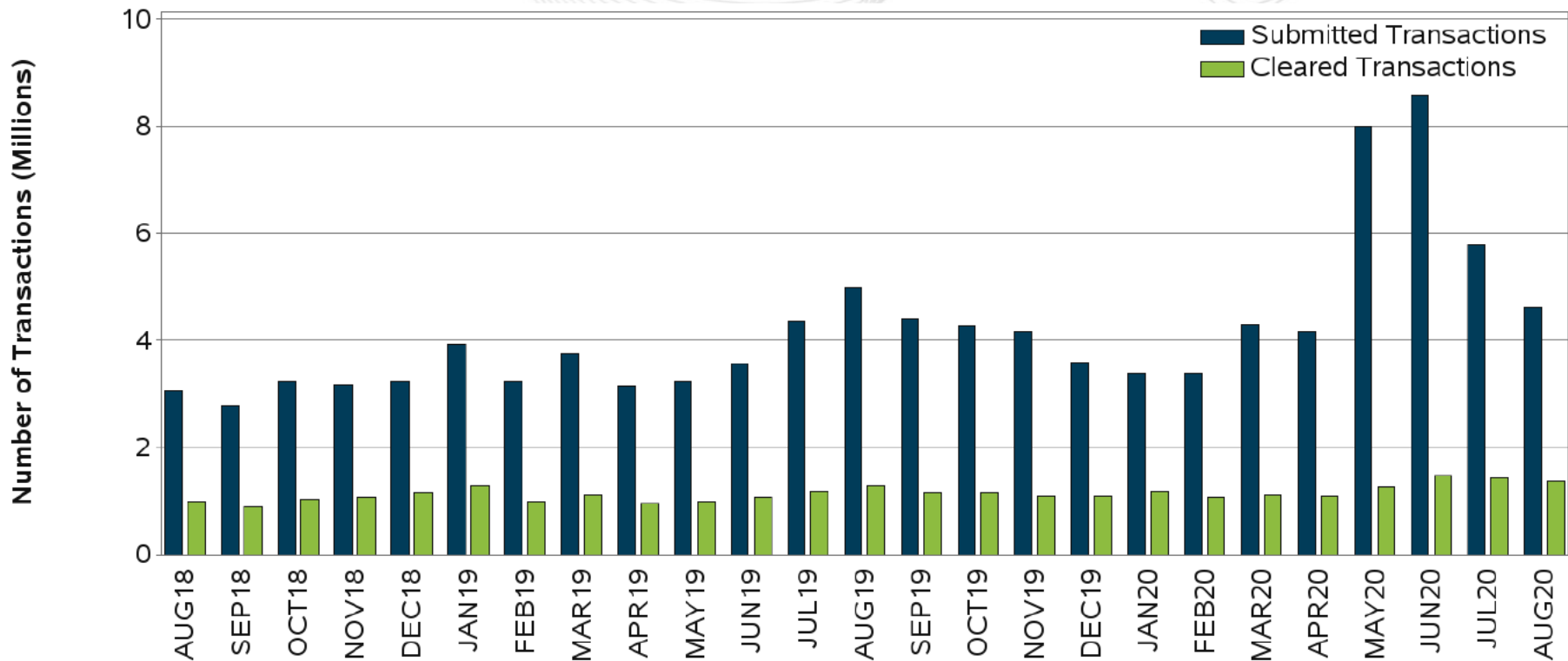
Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Number



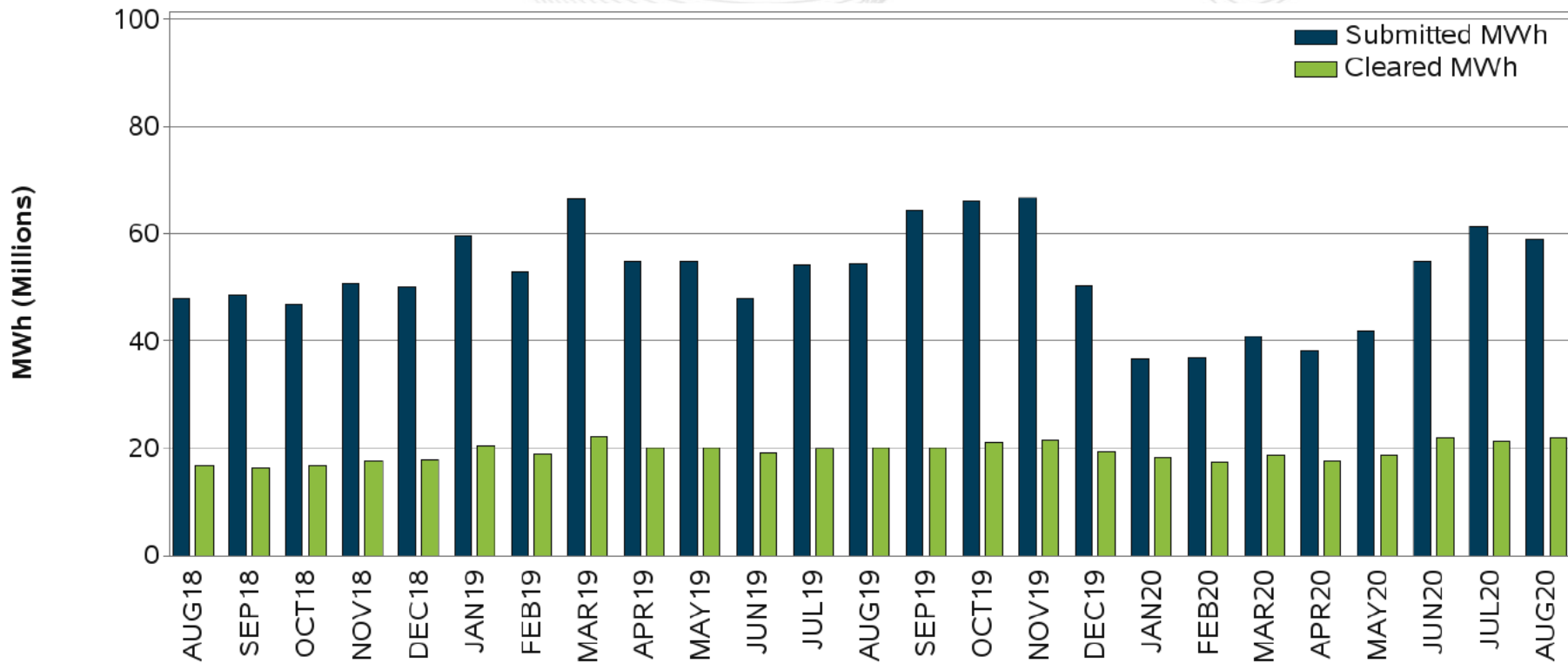
Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Volume



INCs, DECIs and Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Number



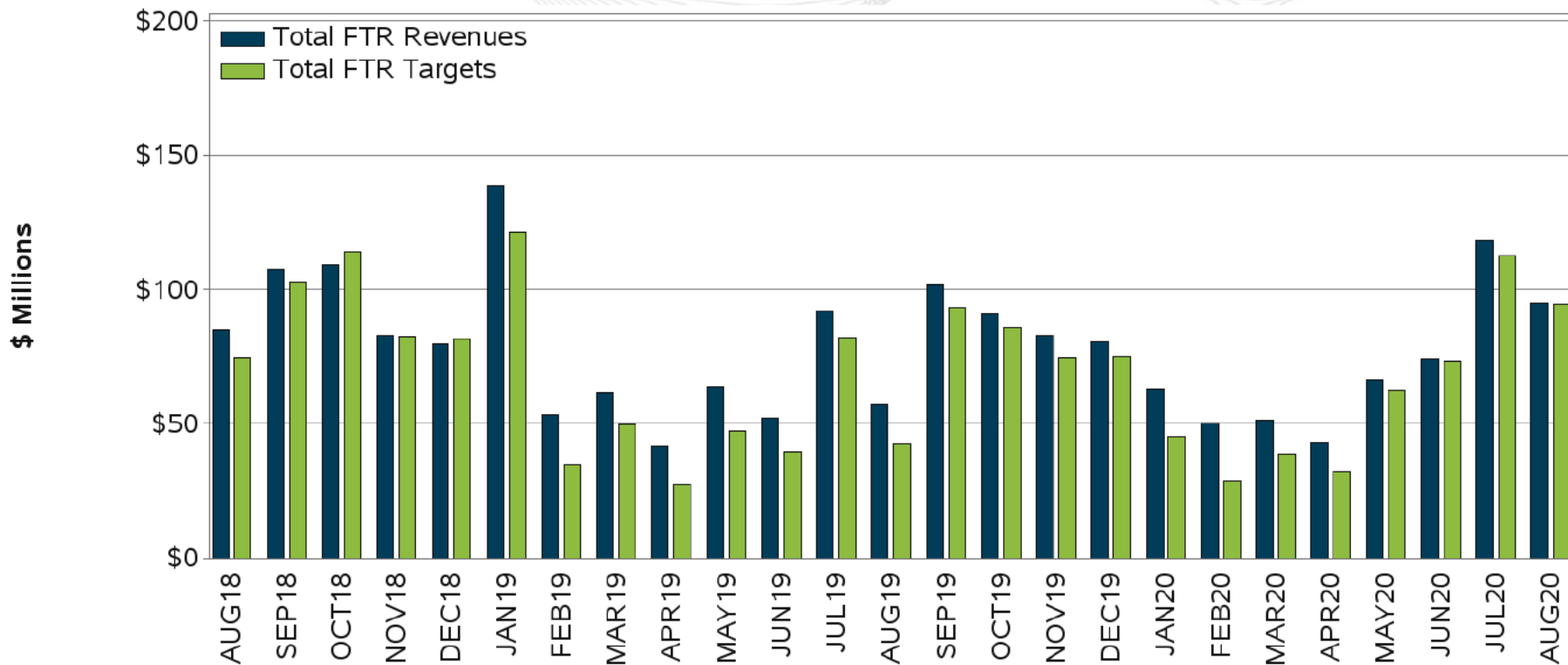
INCs, DEC and Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Volume

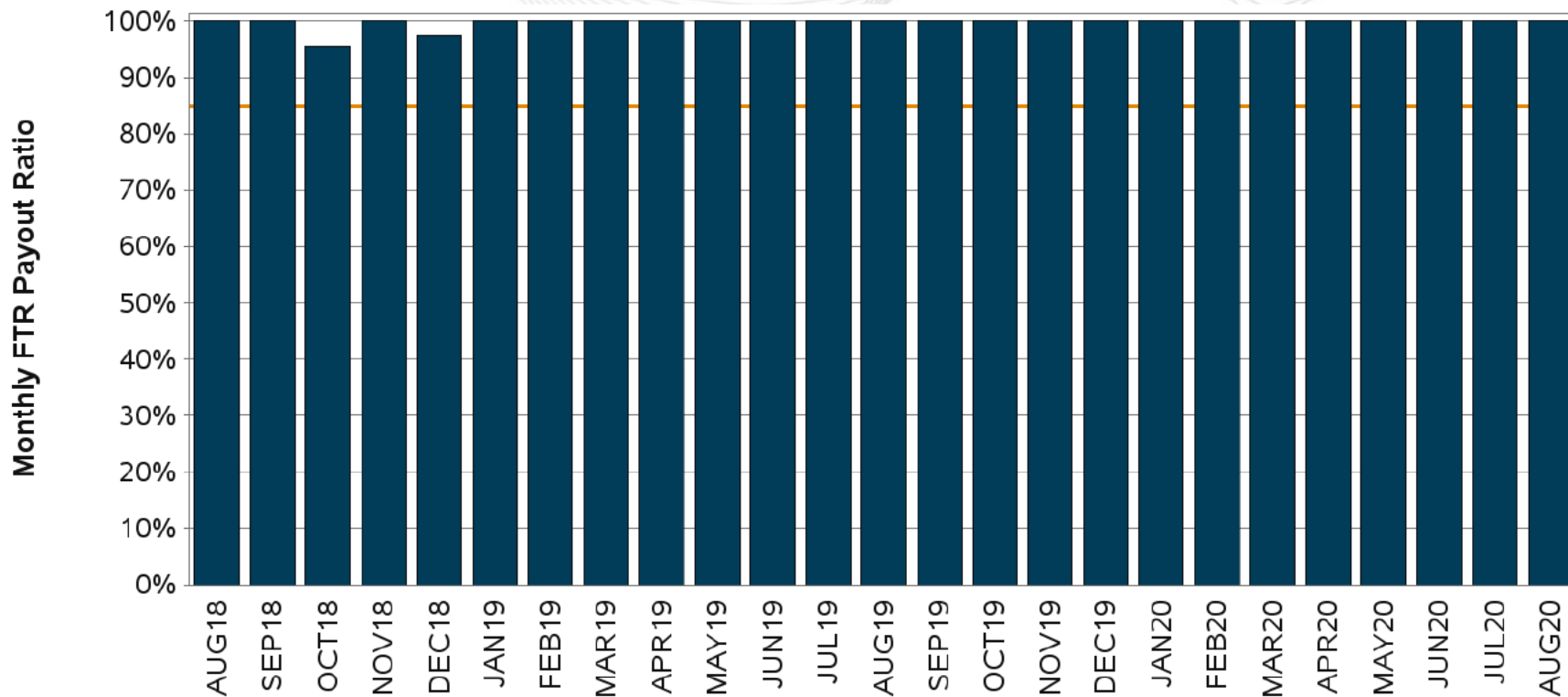


Energy Market

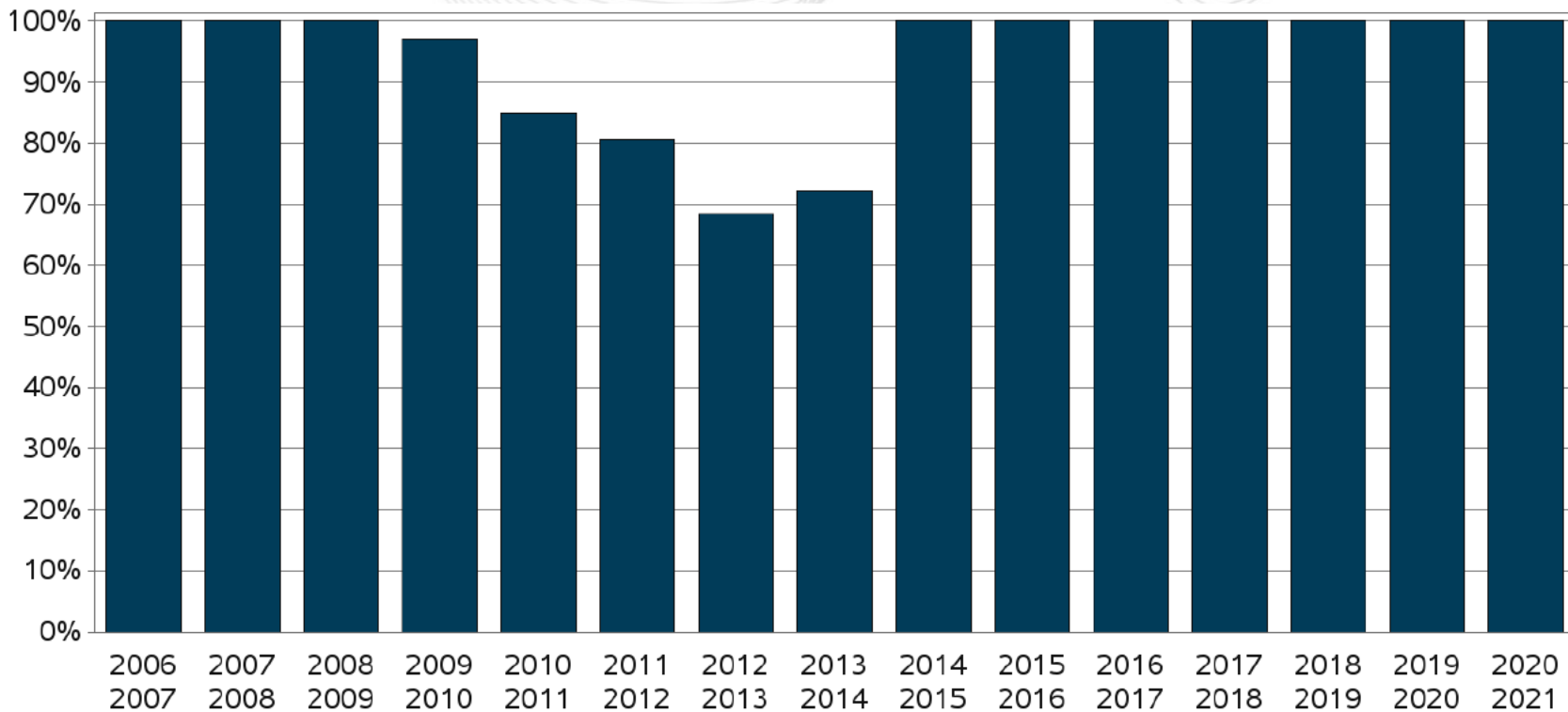
Congestion and FTR Summary

Period	Surplus / Underfunding	Payout Ratio
August, 2020	\$481,280	100%
2020	\$74,038,300	100%
2020/2021	\$7,130,811	100%

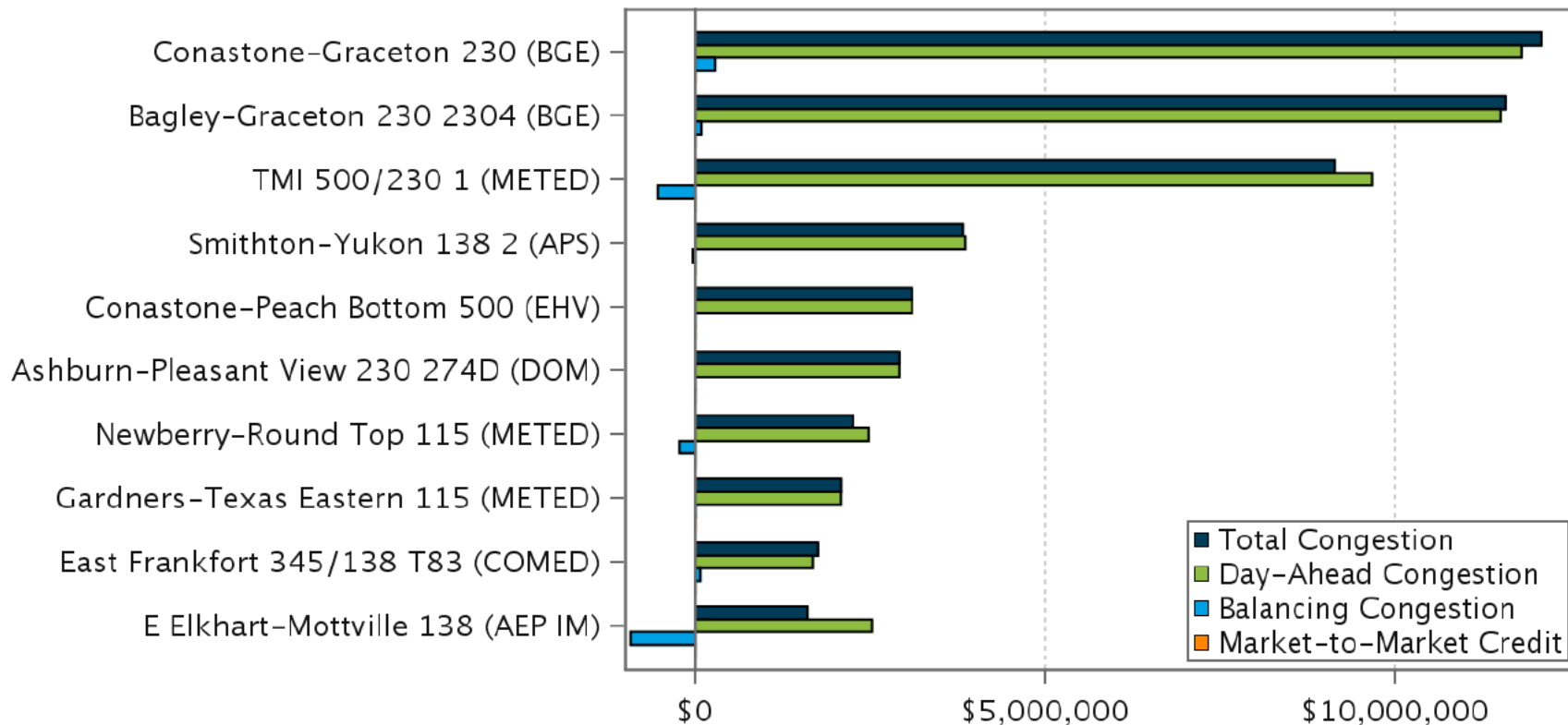




Planning Period FTR Payout Ratio

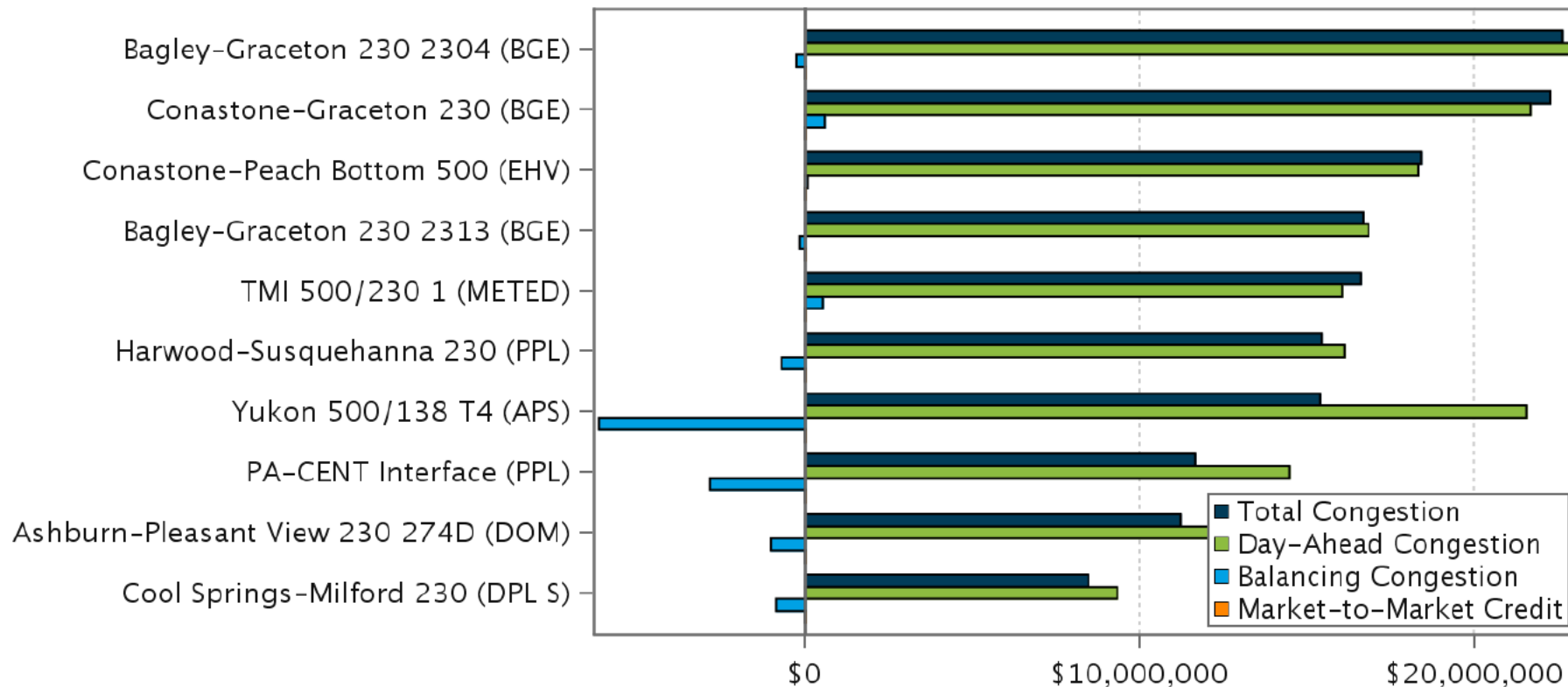


Ten Most Heavily Congested Transmission Facilities - Overall, August



The ten most heavily congested facilities account for 71% of total congestion for August.

Ten Most Heavily Congested Transmission Facilities - Overall, 2020

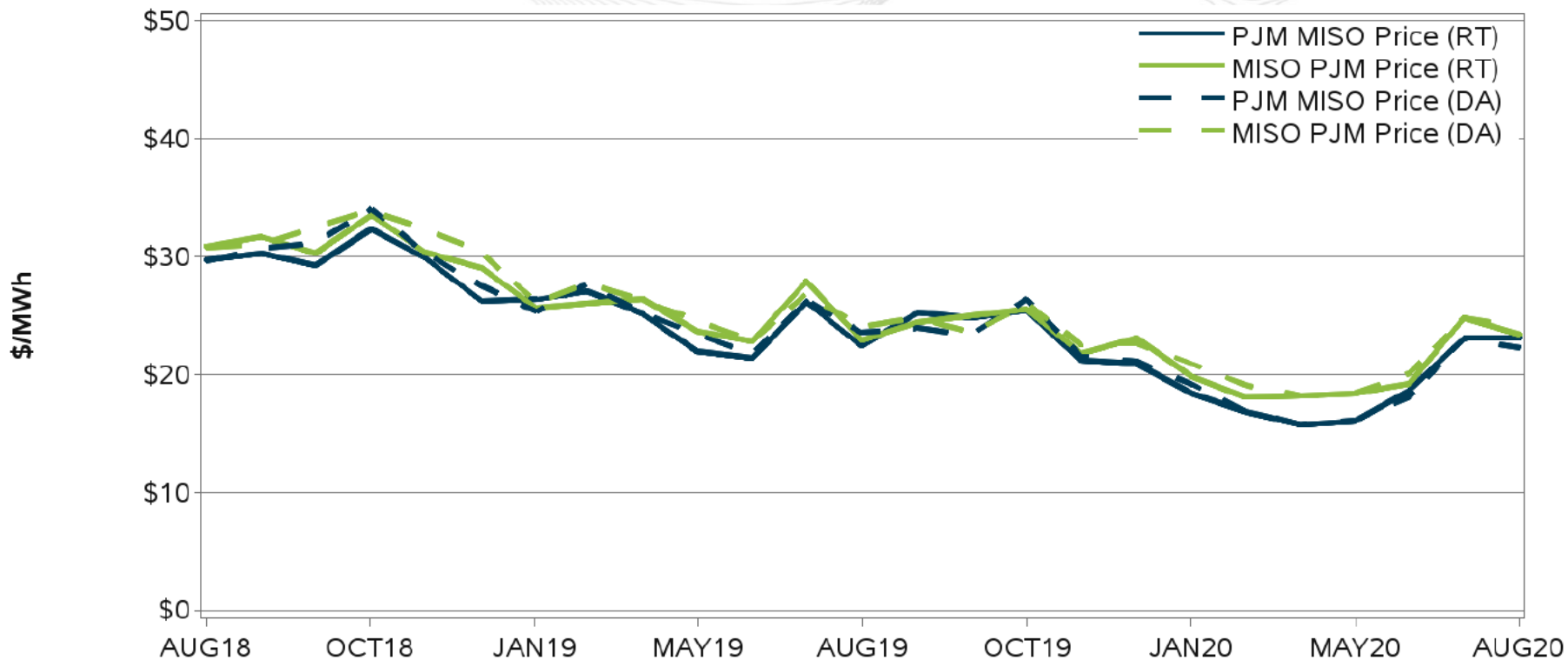


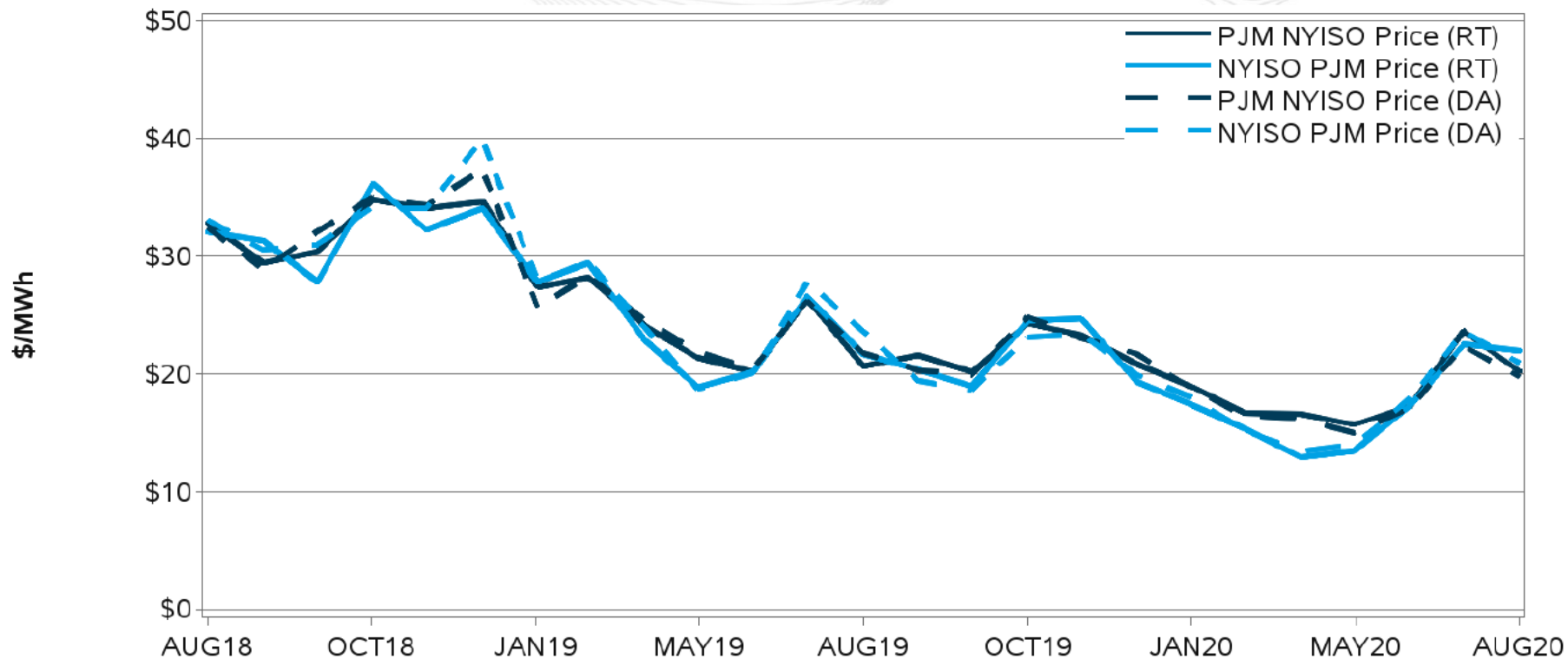
The ten most heavily congested facilities account for 47% of total congestion for 2020.

Energy Market

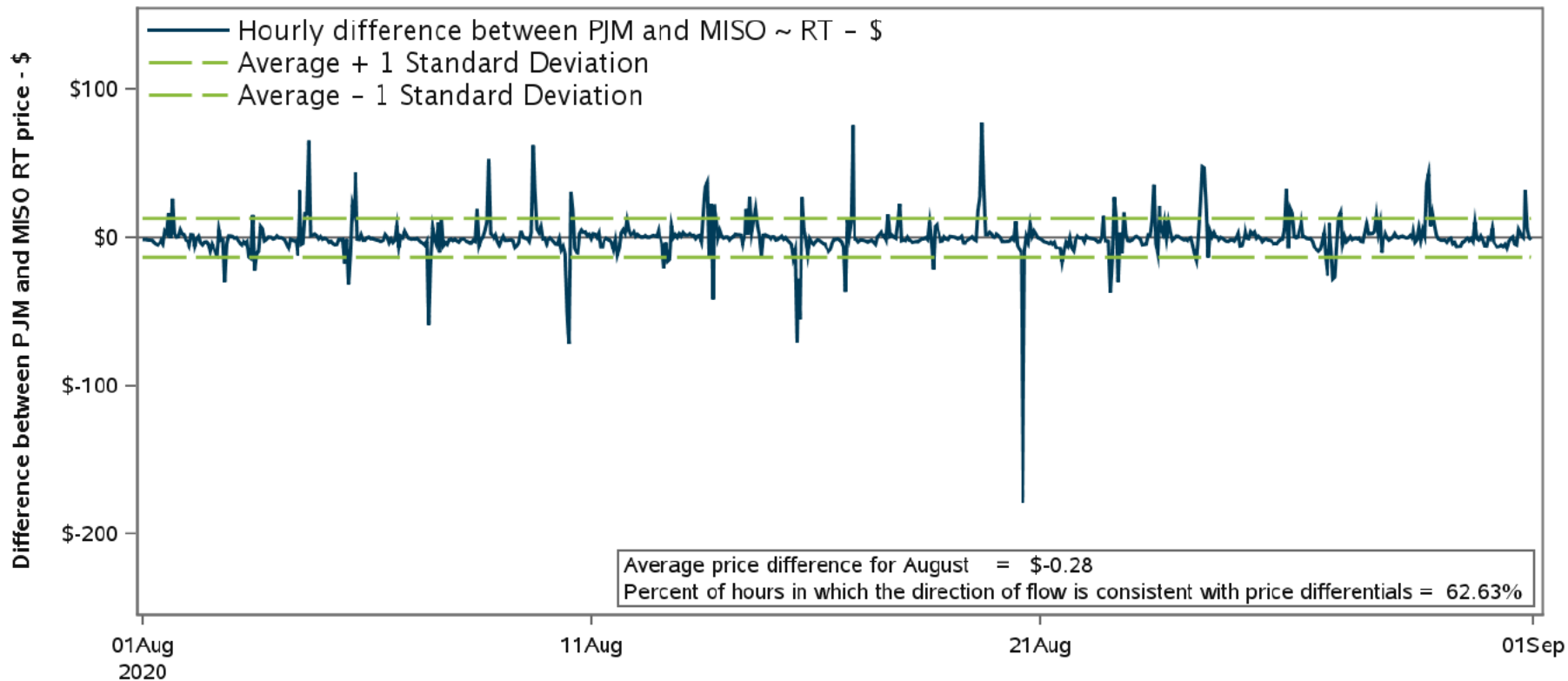
Interchange/Seams Summary

Monthly Average MISO Interface Pricing



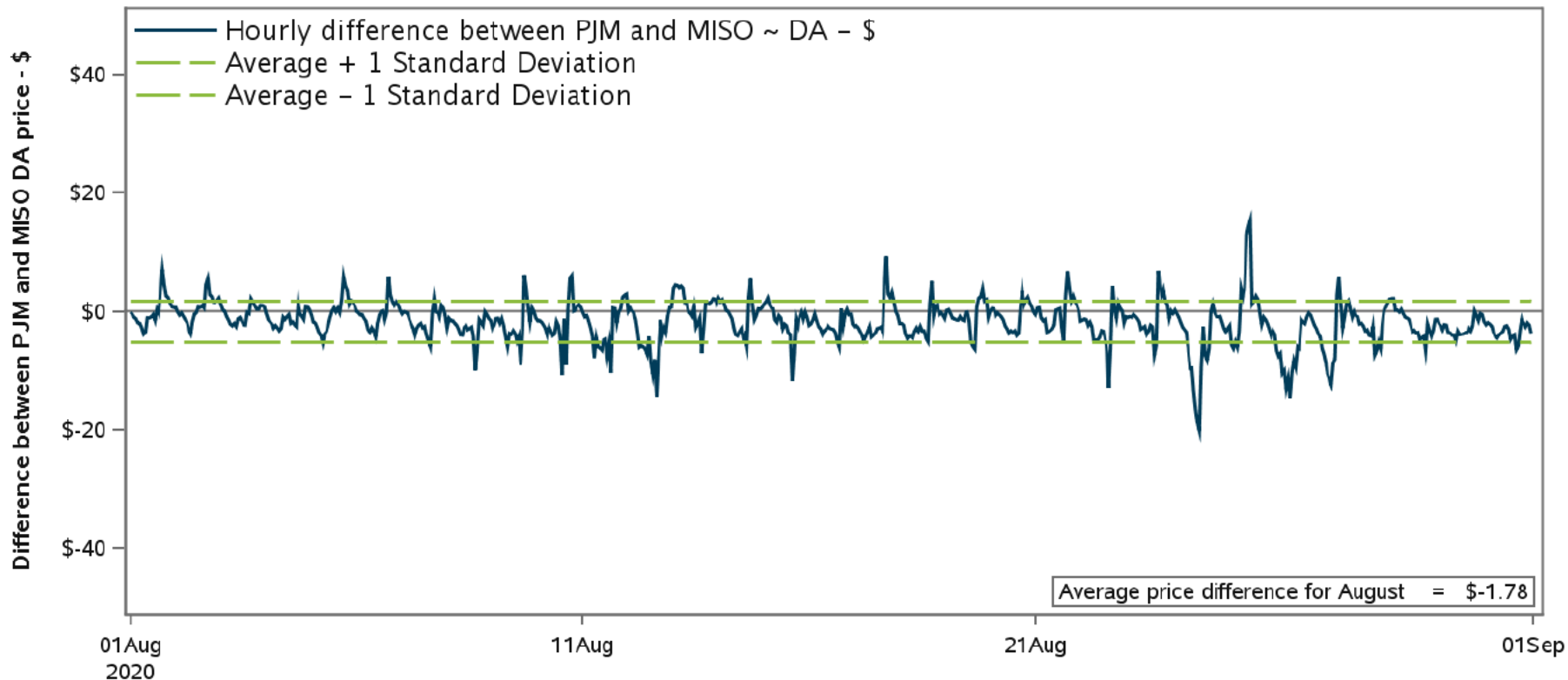


Hourly Difference Between PJM and MISO Real-Time Prices



Positive values represent hours when the PJM price was higher. Negative values represent hours when the PJM price was lower.

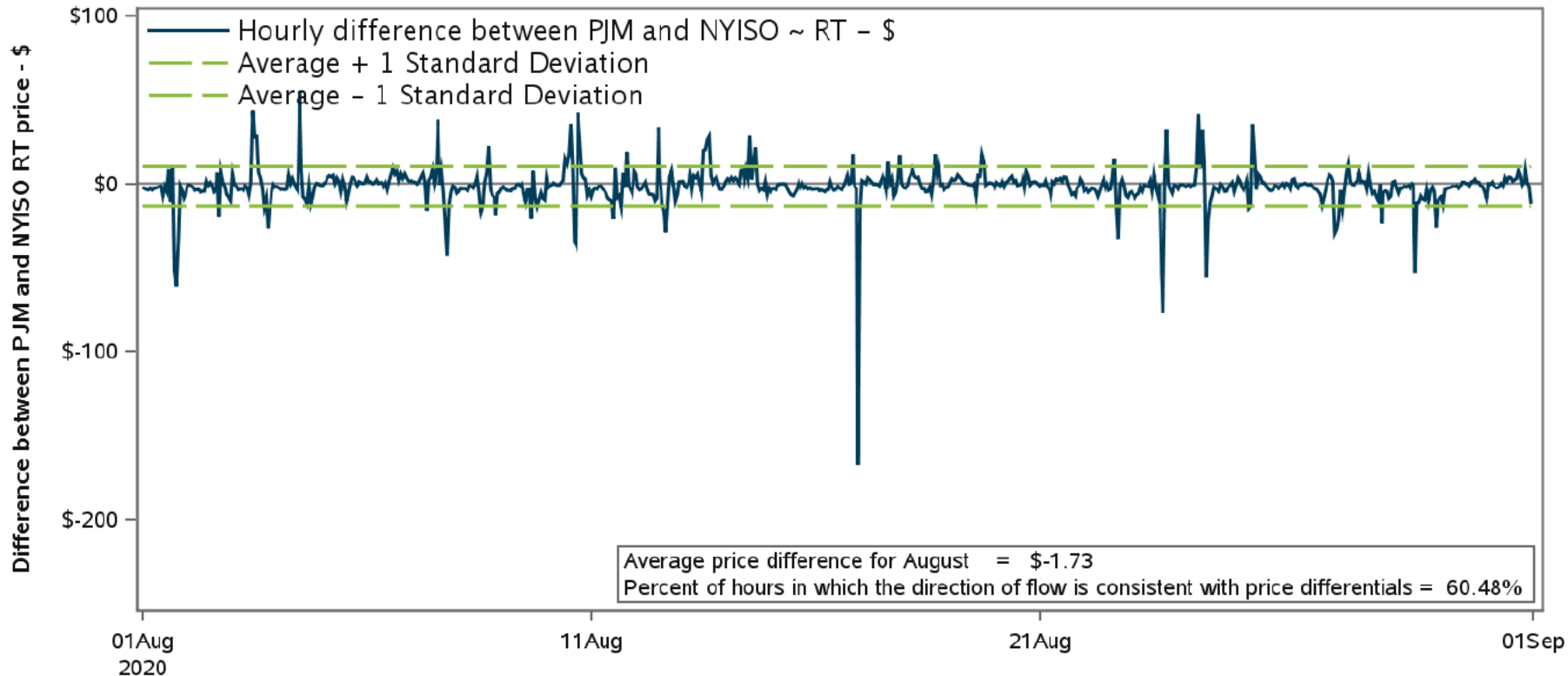
Hourly Difference Between PJM and MISO Day-Ahead Prices



Positive values represent hours when the PJM price was higher. Negative values represent hours when the PJM price was lower.

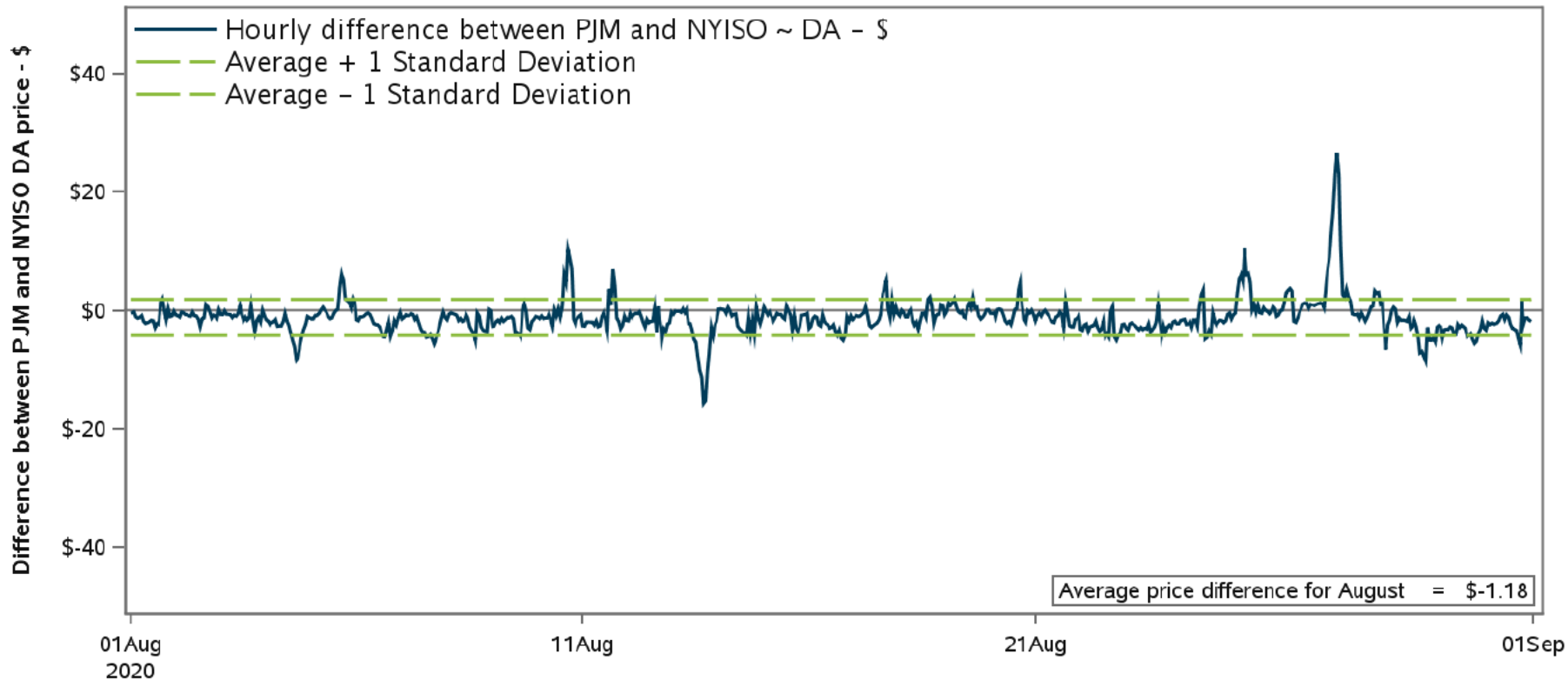


Hourly Difference Between PJM and NYISO Real-Time Prices

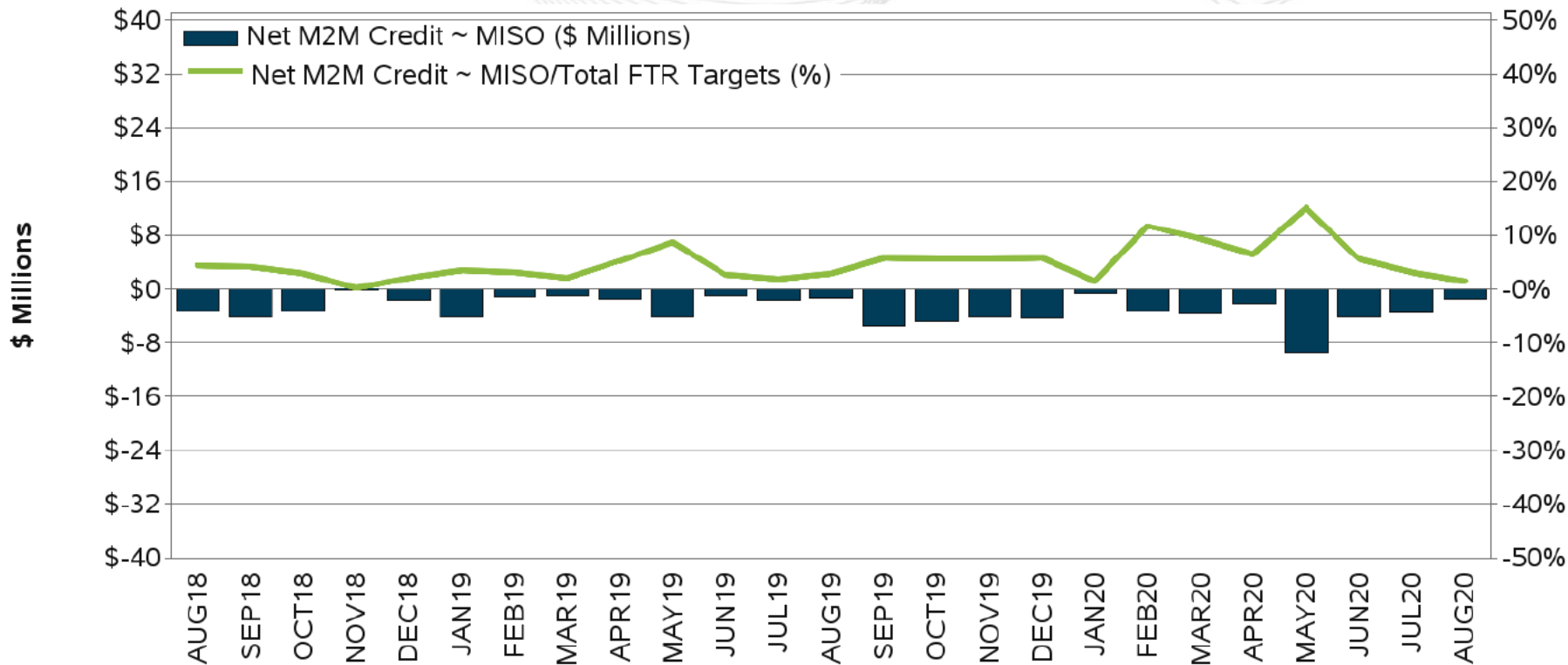


Positive values represent hours when the PJM price was higher. Negative values represent hours when the PJM price was lower.

Hourly Difference Between PJM and NYISO Day-Ahead Prices



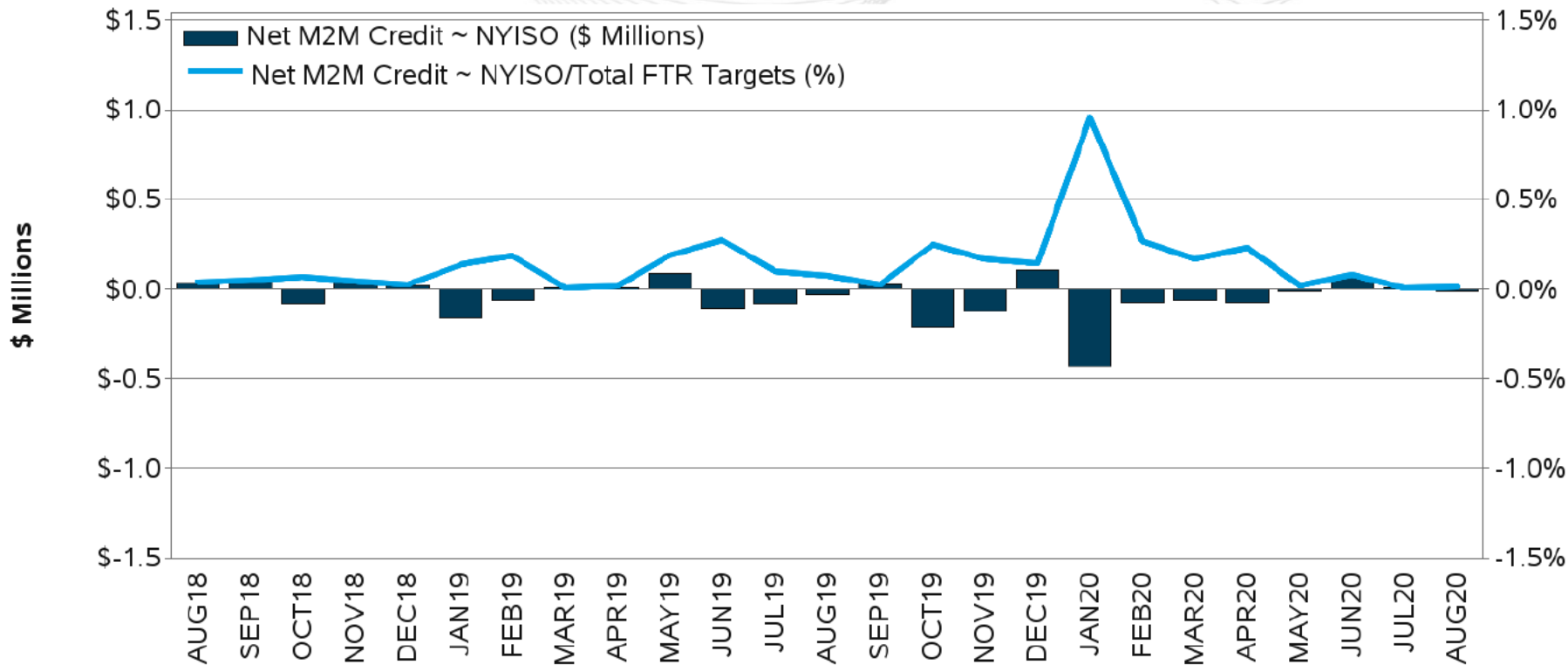
Positive values represent hours when the PJM price was higher. Negative values represent hours when the PJM price was lower.



Negative M2M Credit represents PJM payment to MISO

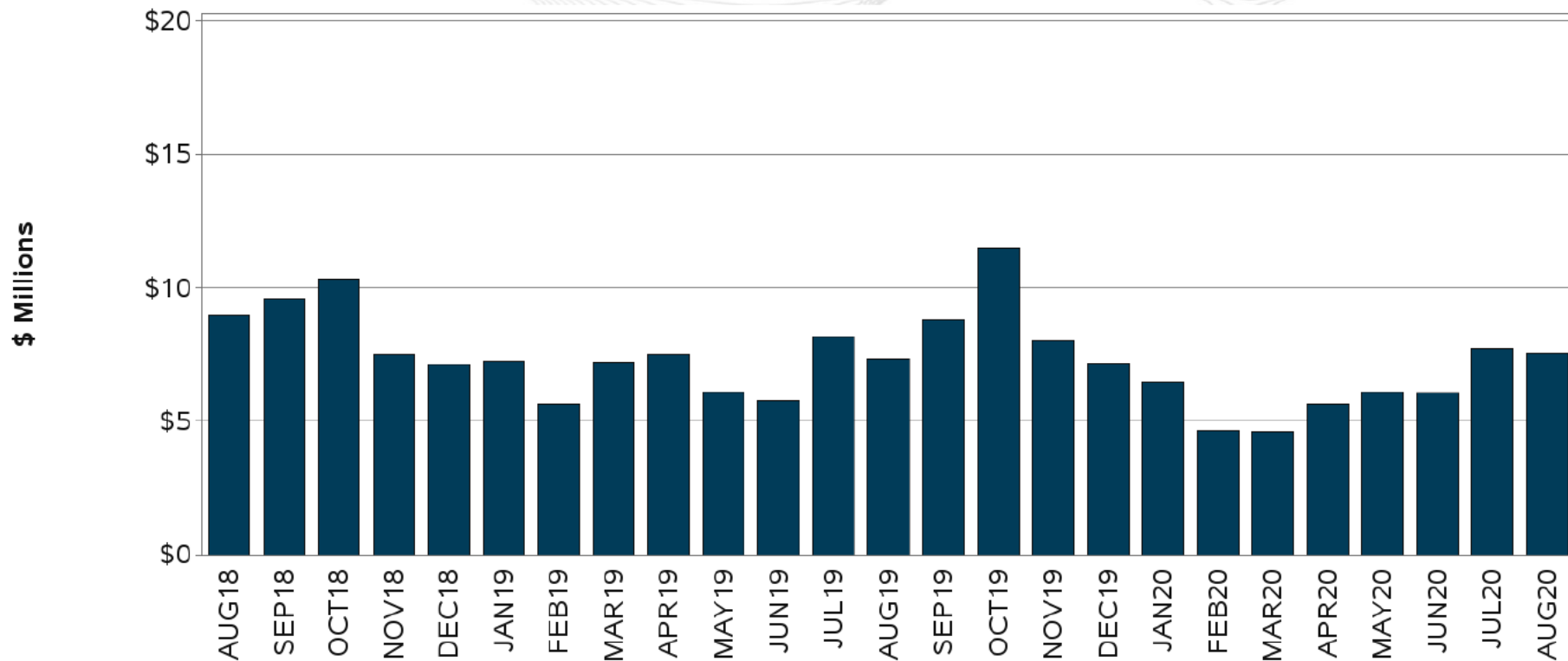


PJM-NYISO Market-to-Market Coordination Settlement

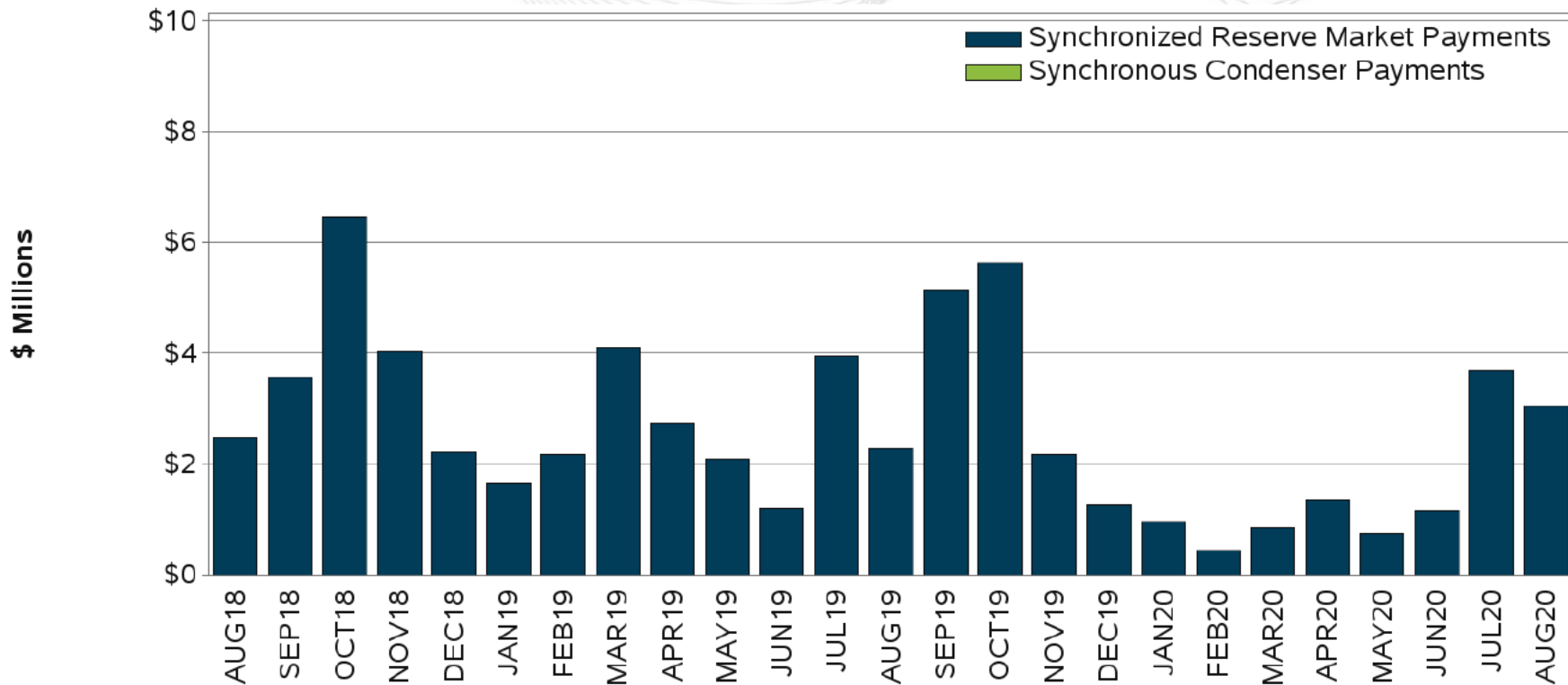


Negative M2M Credit represents PJM payment to NYISO

Ancillary Service Market Summary

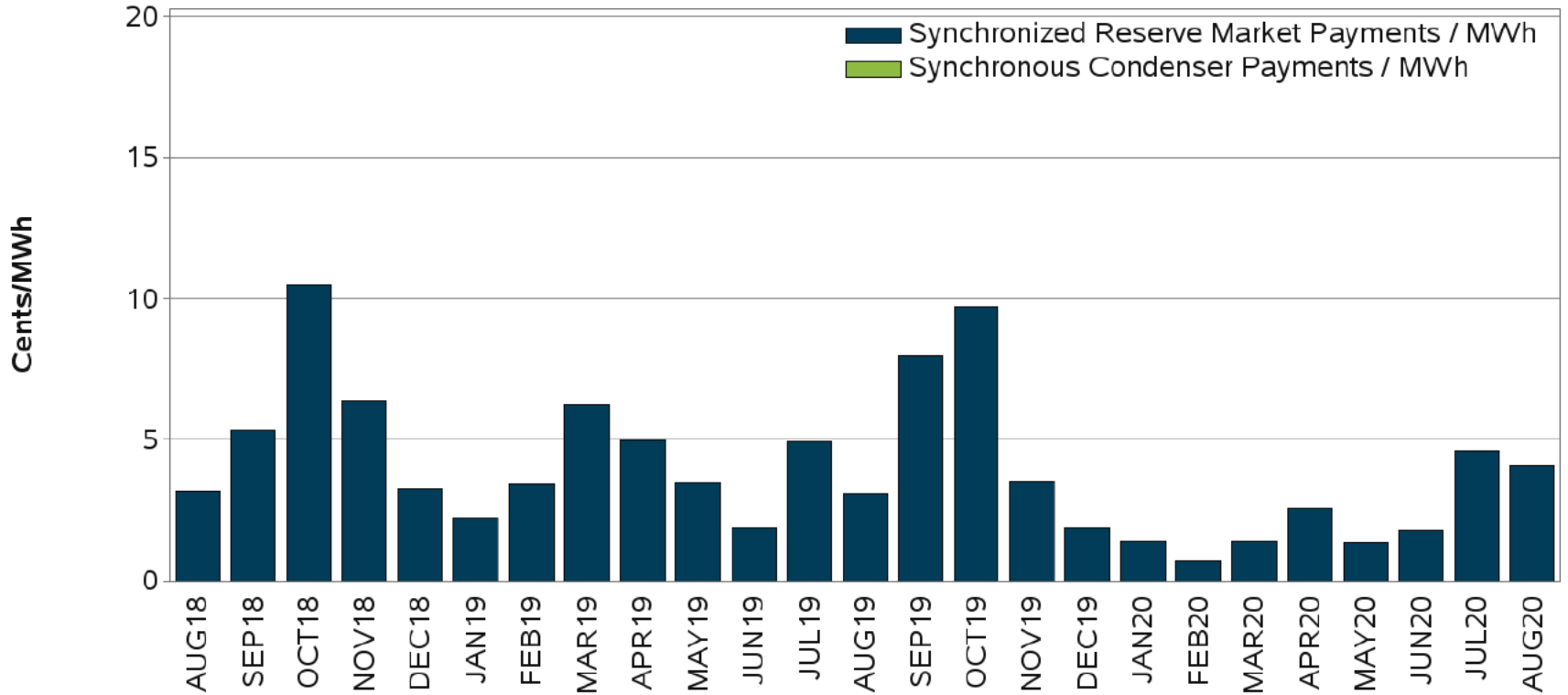


Synchronized Reserve and Synchronous Condenser Costs

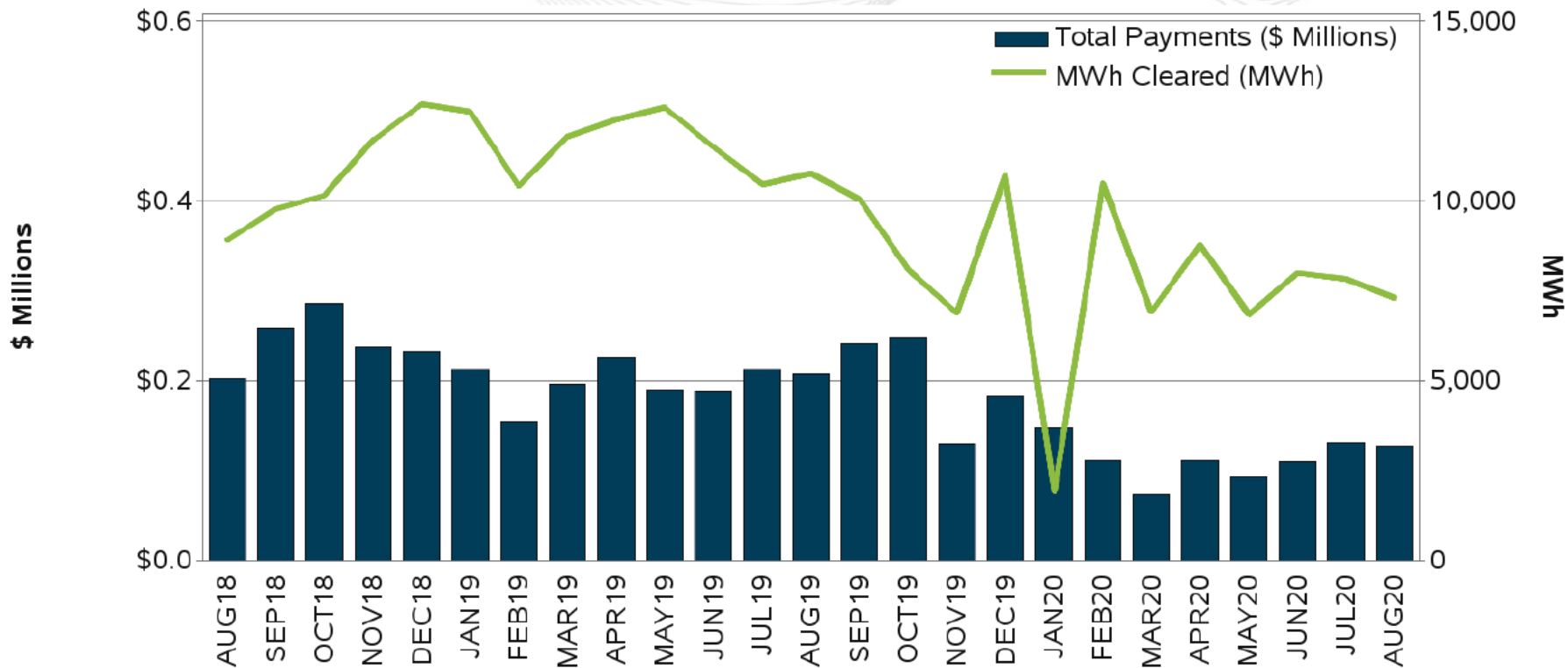




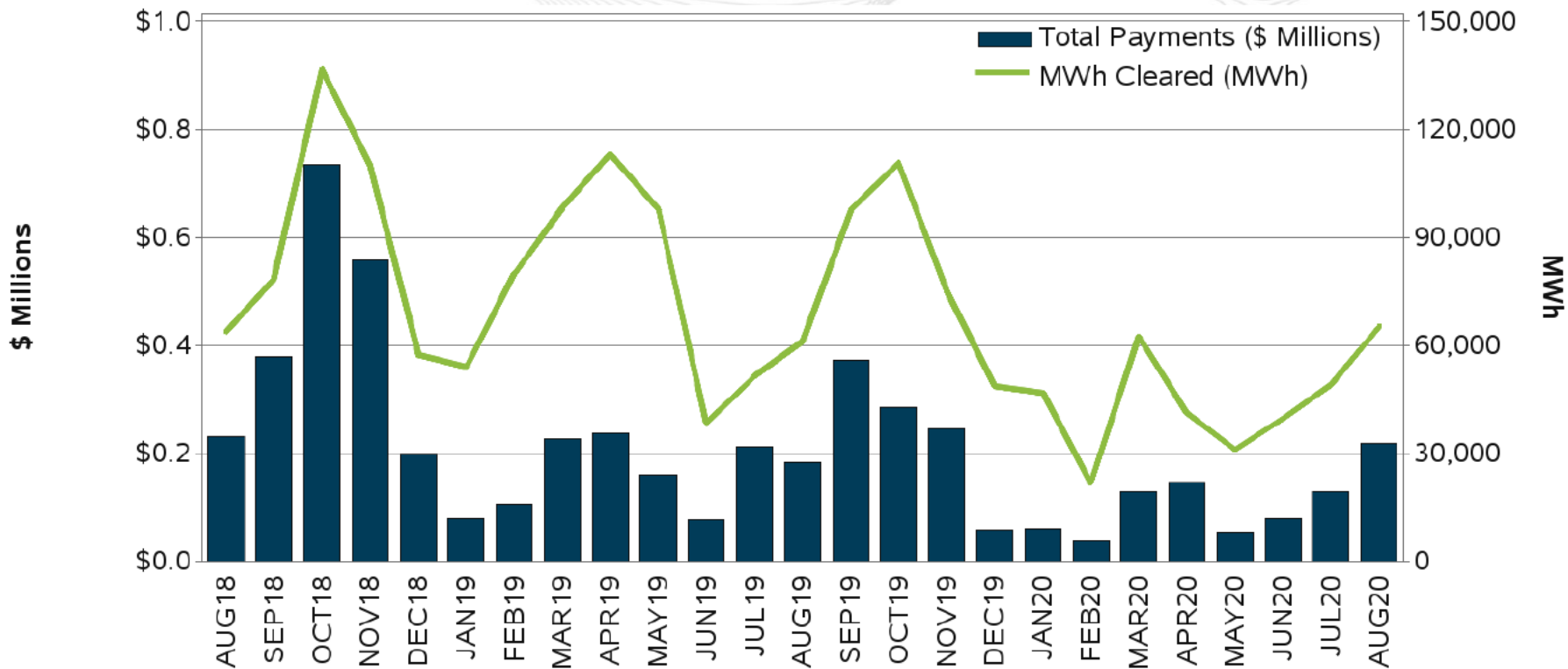
Load-Adjusted Synchronized Reserve and Synchronous Condenser Costs



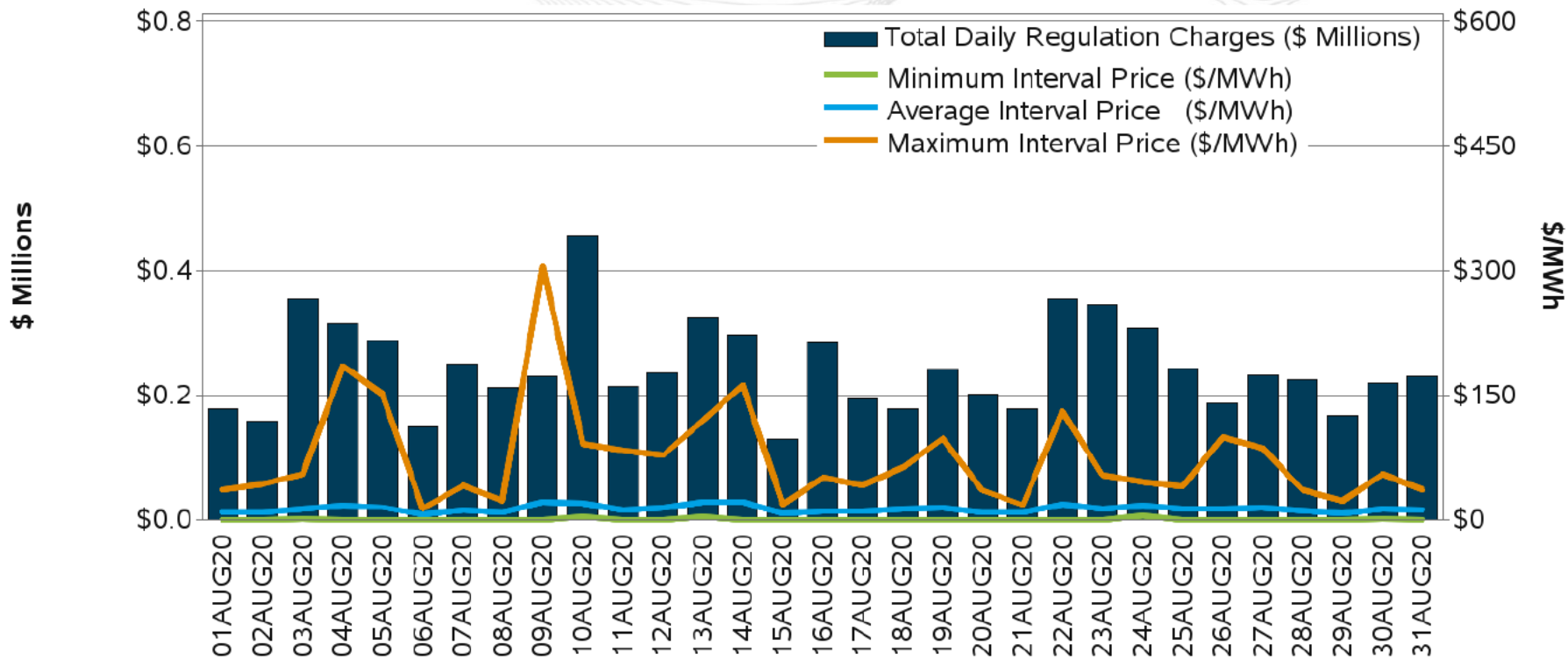
DR Participation in PJM Regulation Markets



DR Participation in PJM Synchronized Reserve Markets



Regulation Market Daily Prices and Charges



Synchronized Reserve Market Daily Prices and Charges

