# Ft. Martin - Black Oak - Pike, Pike SVC + Cap Banks Solution

#### **General Information**

Company proposal ID

Proposing entity name Proprietary Company Information

Does the entity who is submitting this proposal intend to be the

Designated Entity for this proposed project?

Proprietary Company Information

PJM Proposal ID 719

Project title Ft. Martin - Black Oak - Pike, Pike SVC + Cap Banks Solution

Yes

Project description New Pike 500/138 kV substation + SVC + Cap Banks, New Fort Martin - Black Oak - Pike 500 kV

line plus various modifications to existing substations. Proposal permitting and overhead costs are

captured in component 10C2. See attachment 1 for flowgate information.

Email Proprietary Company Information

Project in-service date 06/2027

Tie-line impact No

Interregional project No

Is the proposer offering a binding cap on capital costs?

Yes

Additional benefits

## **Project Components**

- 1. 10C2 New 500kV transmission line between new Woodside substation and the Goose Creek substation
- 2. 4C New 500kV Transmission line from Allegheny Black Oak substation to new Pike substation
- 3. 10C1 New 500ky transmission line from new Pike substation to Dominion Goose Creek substation.
- 4. 10A Goose Creek 500kV single breaker expansion
- 5. 23s3 New Pike Substation 5 terminal

- 6. 04AE Black Oak substation 500kV six breaker and new transformer expansion
- 7. 28B Fort Martin substation single 500kV breaker expansion
- 8. 23s4 Gore substation single 138kV breaker expansion
- 9. 28A New 500kV transmission line from Allegheny's Fort Martin substation to Allegheny's Black Oak substation.

# **Greenfield Transmission Line Component**

Component title 10C2 - New 500kV transmission line between new Woodside substation and the Goose Creek

substation

Project description Proprietary Company Information

Point A Woodside

Point B Goose Creek

Point C

	Normal ratings	Emergency ratings
Summer (MVA)	4357.000000	4357.000000
Winter (MVA)	5066.000000	5196.000000
Conductor size and type	3x 1780 kcmil Chukar ACSR	
Nominal voltage	AC	
Nominal voltage	500	
Line construction type	Overhead	

General route description

Route is approximately 25 miles long. The component begins as a continuation of the 500kV - 138kV underbuild from the new Pike substation or new Woodside substation, depending on the

solution. The line continues to follow the existing Doubs - Bismark 500kV transmission ROW for about 0.5 miles before turning south. The line maintains a predominatley south-southeast direction for about 17 miles, with minor shifts in route direction to reduce impacts to existing structures, residences, and vegetation. The new line shifts east around Leesburg, Virginia, for about 5 miles, before reaching the Dulles Greenway and turning north for about 2 miles and then terminating at

the existing Goose Creek substation.

Terrain description

Right-of-way width by segment

Electrical transmission infrastructure crossings

Civil infrastructure/major waterway facility crossing plan

**Environmental impacts** 

Tower characteristics

Construction responsibility

Benefits/Comments

Much of the project is located in the rolling hills and pastures of the Piedmont, where the bedrock consists mostly of gneiss, schist, and granite rocks at a typical depth of between 2 and 10 feet. Soils developed from these rocks and minerals form acid, infertile soils, with sandy loam surfaces. The rolling terrain is interrupted by steep ridges associated with the boundary of the Blue Ridge. Historically, much of the Piedmont region was cleared and farmed intensively, causing extreme erosion over much of the region. Many of the agricultural areas have since reverted to forests.

The new right of way will have its own corridor and will have a width of 165 ft.

See Attachment 4 (Google Earth .kmz) with identified major crossings.

See Attachment 4 (Google Earth .kmz) with identified major crossings and Attachment 5 - Crossing Plan for more detail.

"Environmental constraints identified are manageable through implementation of an environmental avoidance, minimization, and mitigation strategy incorporated at the beginning of the routing/siting process. Co-location with existing utilities and other infrastructure was prioritized to the greatest extent practicable to minimize the environmental impact on the landscape. The proposed route crosses 18 national wetland inventory (NWI) wetlands and 30 waterbodies, but it appears that most features are small and could be avoided without permitting. Consultation with the Army Corps of Engineers, Fish and Wildlife Service, and numerous state agencies are expected. Fatal flaws have not been identified for proposed route. A cultural resource professional assisted with the routing process to identify and minimize impacts to known areas with historic sensitivities. This proposed route will require additional consultations with the Waterford Historic Distric. An investigation to further identify and evaluate historic properties will be conducted to determine the presence of archaeologically or historically significant resources. Federally listed species have been identified including listed bats, the rusty patched bumble bee, and clam species, but no critical habitat was identified along the proposed route. If suitable habitat is identified or regulations change, agency coordination and species-specific surveys will occur. The project intends to adhere to tree removal seasonal restriction windows to avoid and minimize impacts to protected birds and bats, such as the Tri-colored Bat, Northern Long-eared Bat, Bald Eagle, and other common raptors. Erosion control best management practices and setbacks will be engineered and utilized to prevent sedimentation from leaving the site for the protection of aquatic species and to avoid water quality impacts. There are no unique or sensitive environmental concerns or impacts with the proposed transmission line that cannot be addressed."

The proposed structures will be single circuit 500kV lattice towers (TTVS-500) in a horizontal conductor configuration. Any proposed deadend structure will either be lattice tower or a 3-pole, one phase per pole structure type. See proposed structure drawing set included in attachment 10.

Proprietary Company Information

**Component Cost Details - In Current Year \$** 

Engineering & design Proprietary Company Information

Permitting / routing / siting Proprietary Company Information

ROW / land acquisition Proprietary Company Information

Materials & equipment Proprietary Company Information

Construction & commissioning Proprietary Company Information

Construction management Proprietary Company Information

Overheads & miscellaneous costs Proprietary Company Information

Contingency Proprietary Company Information

Total component cost \$82,683,090.00

Component cost (in-service year) \$73,448,913.00

## **Greenfield Transmission Line Component**

Component title 4C - New 500kV Transmission line from Allegheny Black Oak substation to new Pike substation

Project description Proprietary Company Information

Point A Black Oak

Point B Pike

Point C N/A

	Normal ratings	Emergency ratings
Summer (MVA)	4357.000000	4357.000000
Winter (MVA)	5066.000000	5196.000000
Conductor size and type	3x 1780 kcmil Chukar ACSR	

Nominal voltage Nominal voltage Line construction type General route description Terrain description Right-of-way width by segment Electrical transmission infrastructure crossings Civil infrastructure/major waterway facility crossing plan

AC

500

#### Overhead

The route is approximately 38 miles long. Starting a new dead end structure at the existing Black Oak substation, the line routes east along the south side of the existing Black Oak - Bedington 500kV transmission ROW. The route follows the existing for 8 miles before deviating south from the existing ROW and creating a new ROW for 2.5 miles around Fort Ashbury to minimize structure and residential impacts. The line co-locates with the existing ROW east of Fort Ashbury and follows the southern side of the existing ROW for about 4.5 miles before turning south at the intersection of Black Oak - Bedington 500kV transmission line and Hampshire - Ridgeley 138kV transmission line. The line follows the existing Hampshire - Ridgeley transmission ROW for almost 17 miles before turning east at the existing Hampshire substation. The line then follows the existing Hampshire - Gore 138kV transmission ROW for about 4.5 miles until the Hampshire - Gore 138kV transmission line begins to co-locate with the Doubs - Bismark 500kV transmission line. The new line then follows the existing Doubs - Bismark 500kV transmission ROW on the northern side for almost 2.5 miles before terminating at the new Pike substation.

The project is located in the geological region known as the Ridge and Valley Province due to extensive river valleys between long ridges characterized by low hills with steep slopes with oak-hickory forest. Wide lowlands and rolling uplands with sandy or silty loam predominate the area.

The new right of way will be an expansion of an existing transmission line corridor. The majority of the route, approximately 75%, will have a ROW width of 165 ft. Approximately 25% of the route will have a ROW width of 125 ft in congested areas.

See Attachment 4 (Google Earth .kmz) with identified major crossings.

See Attachment 4 (Google Earth .kmz) with identified major crossings and Attachment 5 - Crossing Plan for more detail.

**Environmental impacts** 

Tower characteristics

Construction responsibility

Benefits/Comments

#### **Component Cost Details - In Current Year \$**

Engineering & design

Permitting / routing / siting

ROW / land acquisition

Materials & equipment

Construction & commissioning

Construction management

"Environmental constraints identified are manageable through implementation of an environmental avoidance, minimization, and mitigation strategy incorporated at the beginning of the routing/siting process. Co-location with existing utilities and other infrastructure was prioritized to the greatest extent practicable to minimize the environmental impact on the landscape. The proposed route crosses 8 national wetland inventory (NWI) wetlands and 44 waterbodies, but it appears that most features are small and could be avoided without permitting. Crossing of the branches of the Potomac River and North River will require additional agency consultations. Fatal flaws have not been identified for proposed route. A cultural resource professional assisted with the routing process to identify and minimize impacts to known areas with historic sensitivities. An investigation to further identify and evaluate historic properties will be conducted to determine the presence of archaeologically or historically significant resources. Federally listed species have been identified including listed bats, the rusty patched bumble bee, and clam species, but no critical habitat was identified along the proposed route. If suitable habitat is identified or regulations change, agency coordination and species-specific surveys will occur. The project intends to adhere to tree removal seasonal restriction windows to avoid and minimize impacts to protected birds and bats, such as the Tri-colored Bat, Northern Long-eared Bat, Bald Eagle, and other common raptors. Erosion control best management practices and setbacks will be engineered and utilized to prevent sedimentation from leaving the site for the protection of aquatic species and to avoid water quality impacts. Routing through the Appalachian Mountains will require additional control measures and monitoring. There are no unique or sensitive environmental concerns or impacts with the proposed transmission line that cannot be addressed."

The proposed structures will be single circuit 500kV lattice towers (TTVS-500) in a horizontal conductor configuration. Any proposed deadend structure will either be lattice tower or a 3-pole, one phase per pole structure type. See proposed structure drawing set included in attachment 10.

**Proprietary Company Information** 

Resolves reliability issues identified per PJM's Gen. Deliv. Process

Proprietary Company Information

Proprietary Company Information

**Proprietary Company Information** 

**Proprietary Company Information** 

**Proprietary Company Information** 

**Proprietary Company Information** 

Overheads & miscellaneous costs Proprietary Company Information

Contingency Proprietary Company Information

Total component cost \$108,993,710.00

Component cost (in-service year) \$120,308,662.00

# **Greenfield Transmission Line Component**

Component title 10C1 - New 500kv transmission line from new Pike substation to Dominion Goose Creek

substation.

Project description Proprietary Company Information

Point A Pike

Point B Goose Creek

Point C N/A

Normal ratings	Emergency ratings

Summer (MVA) 4357.000000 4357.000000

Winter (MVA) 5066.00000 5196.000000

Conductor size and type 3x 1780 kcmil Chukar ACSR

Nominal voltage AC

Nominal voltage 500

Line construction type Overhead

General route description
Terrain description
Right-of-way width by segment
Electrical transmission infrastructure crossings
Civil infrastructure/major waterway facility crossing plan

Route is approximately 37 miles long. Starting at a new dead end structure at the new Pike substation, the line routes east along the existing Gore - Stonewall 138kV transmission line ROW. The line utilizes the existing 138kV transmission ROW by rebuilding the Gore - Stonewall 138kV circuit under the new 500kV circuit. At about 7 miles, the line deviates from the existing 138kV transmission ROW to a new ROW to avoid crossing the Bismark - Doubs 500kV transmission line. The deviation is about 0.75 miles before the line resumes using the existing Gore - Stonewall 138kV transmission ROW. At mile 15, the line again deviates from the existing ROW to avoid impact at the existing Stonewall substation, with a slight reroute around the existing substation, and then resumes using the existing 138kV transmission ROW between Stonewall and Feagan's Mill. The new line continues east for 11 miles with the entire Stonewall - Feagan's Mill 138kV transmission line rebuilt under the new greenfield transmission line. The new line routes around the existing Feagan's Mill substation and then resumes using the existing 138kV transmission ROW between Feagan's Mill and Millville, for about 2 miles where the 138kV transmission ROW separates from the existing Bismark - Doubs 500kV transmission ROW. The line routes adjacent to the existing 500kV transmission ROW for almost 4 miles before resumes using the existing Millville - Lovettsville 138kV transmission line. The line uses the Millville - Lovettsville 138kV transmission line ROW for approximately 4 miles to the east before deviating from the existing 138kV transmission ROW to create a new ROW. It is advantageous to rebuild the existing 138kV transmission circuits underneath the new 500kV transmission line to minimize viewshed impacts, reduce ROW acquisition costs, reduce residential and infrastructure impacts, and reduce tree clearing requirements, especially for the furthest east section where the new line crosses the Appalachian Trail. This line component ends east of the Appalachian Trail, where line component 10c2 begins to continue the route to Goose Creek substation.

This project is located in the Shenandoah Valley region with roads spread throughout the valley connecting towns, farms, and wineries with scenic roads for tourists. Shenandoah Valley is known for its natural beauty and rich history and was considered the Confederacy's Breadbasket during the Civil War. Because of its limestone base, the Shenandoah Valley is karst, a terrain type with distinctive landforms and water resources. Slightly acidic water wore through the bedrock over many millions of years, leaving behind caves, caverns, sinkholes and intermittent streams.

The new right of way will be an expansion of an existing transmission line corridor for approximately 45% of the route length, where a 30 ft additional width will be required beyond the existing, assumed, ROW edge. For approximately 40% of the route length, the existing transmission line ROW will be utilized and will require no additional ROW. For approximately 15% of the route length, the right of way will have its own corridor with a width of 115 ft (10%) and 165 ft (5%).

See Attachment 4 (Google Earth .kmz) with identified major crossings.

See Attachment 4 (Google Earth .kmz) with identified major crossings and Attachment 5 - Crossing Plan for more detail.

**Environmental impacts** 

Tower characteristics

Construction responsibility

Benefits/Comments

**Component Cost Details - In Current Year \$** 

Engineering & design

Permitting / routing / siting

ROW / land acquisition

"Environmental constraints identified are manageable through implementation of an environmental avoidance, minimization, and mitigation strategy incorporated at the beginning of the routing/siting process. Co-location with existing utilities and other infrastructure was prioritized to the greatest extent practicable to minimize the environmental impact on the landscape. The proposed route crosses 1 national wetland inventory (NWI) wetlands and 32 waterbodies, but it appears that most features are small and could be avoided without permitting. The crossing of the Shenandoah River around Millville Dam will require additional agency consultations. The crossing of the Appalachian Trail will also require additional agency coordination and permitting with the National Parks Service. Consultation with the Army Corps of Engineers, Fish and Wildlife Service, and numerous state agencies is expected. Fatal flaws have not been identified for proposed route. A cultural resource professional assisted with the routing process to identify and minimize impacts to known areas with historic sensitivities. This proposed route will require additional consultations with the Beverly Historic Distric. An investigation to further identify and evaluate historic properties will be conducted to determine the presence of archaeologically or historically significant resources. Federally listed species have been identified including listed bats, the rusty patched bumble bee, and clam species, but no critical habitat was identified along the proposed route. If suitable habitat is identified or regulations change, agency coordination and species-specific surveys will occur. The project intends to adhere to tree removal seasonal restriction windows to avoid and minimize impacts to protected birds and bats, such as the Tri-colored Bat, Northern Long-eared Bat, Bald Eagle, and other common raptors. Erosion control best management practices and setbacks will be engineered and utilized to prevent sedimentation from leaving the site for the protection of aquatic species and to avoid water quality impacts. Routing through the Appalachian Mountains will require additional control measures and monitoring. There are no unique or sensitive environmental concerns or impacts with the proposed transmission line that cannot be addressed."

The majority, approximately 85%, of the proposed structures will be single circuit 500kV lattice towers with 138kV (TTVS-500-138) in a horizontal conductor configuration. The 138kV line to be underbuilt is an existing line. Approximately 15% of the structures will be single circuit 500kV lattice towers (TTVS-500) in a horizontal conductor configuration. Any proposed deadend structure will either be lattice tower or a 3-pole, one phase per pole structure type. See proposed structure drawing set included in attachment 10.

**Proprietary Company Information** 

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Proprietary Company Information

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Materials & equipment Proprietary Company Information

Construction & commissioning Proprietary Company Information

Construction management Proprietary Company Information

Overheads & miscellaneous costs Proprietary Company Information

Contingency Proprietary Company Information

Total component cost \$107,187,220.00

Component cost (in-service year) \$118,314,635.00

**Substation Upgrade Component** 

Component title 10A - Goose Creek 500kV single breaker expansion

Project description Proprietary Company Information

Substation name Goose Creek

Substation zone Dominion

Substation upgrade scope Expand existing 500kV Goose Creek ring bus by adding one 500kV breaker and two MODs.

**Transformer Information** 

None

New equipment description AC Substation: Add one (1) new 500 kV breaker to existing ring.

Substation assumptions Area south of substation fence is available.

Real-estate description Expected expansion of fenceline is within utility owned property.

Construction responsibility Proprietary Company Information

Benefits/Comments Resolves reliability issues identified per PJM's Gen. Deliv. Process

**Component Cost Details - In Current Year \$** 

Engineering & design Proprietary Company Information

Permitting / routing / siting Proprietary Company Information

ROW / land acquisition Proprietary Company Information

Materials & equipment Proprietary Company Information

Construction & commissioning Proprietary Company Information

Construction management Proprietary Company Information

Overheads & miscellaneous costs Proprietary Company Information

Contingency Proprietary Company Information

Total component cost \$1,400,000.00

Component cost (in-service year) \$1,545,338.00

**Greenfield Substation Component** 

Component title 23s3 - New Pike Substation - 5 terminal

Project description Proprietary Company Information

Substation name Pike

Substation description New 5-terminal, 500kV breaker and a half configuration substation with a 500/138kV transformer, a

+500/-300 MVAR STATCOM, and two 150 MVAR static cap banks on about 15 acres adjacent to the existing Gore substation. Terminate the new Black Oak - Gore 500kV transmission line and new Gore - Goose Creek 500kV transmission line. Loop in the existing Doubs - Bismark 500kV

transmission line.

Nominal voltage AC

Nominal voltage 500/138

**Transformer Information** 

Name Capacity (MVA)

Transformer Transformer 1 485/619

Voltage (kV)		

Major equipment description

Summer (MVA)

Winter (MVA)

Environmental assessment

High Side	Low Side	Tertiary
500	138	N/A

AC Air Insulated Substation (AIS): New proposed 500 - 138 kV Substation. New Breaker and a Half (BAAH) 500kV Switchyard with three (3) bays, five (5) line terminals, eleven (11) 500kV, 5000A, 63kAIC Breakers, two (2) 500 kV, 150 MVAR shunt capacitor banks, one (1) -300 to +500 MVAR Static VAR Compensator (SVC), one (1) 500 KV - 138 kV transformer bank, one (1) 138kV, 5000A, 80kAIC breaker.

Normal ratings	Emergency ratings
485.000000	619.000000
569.000000	654.000000

Environmental constraints identified are manageable through implementation of an environmental avoidance, minimization, and mitigation strategy incorporated at the beginning of the siting process. Co-location with existing utilities and other infrastructure was prioritized to the greatest extent practicable to minimize the environmental impact on the landscape. The proposed site crosses no national wetland inventory (NWI) wetlands or waterbodies. Fatal flaws have not been identified. A cultural resource professional assisted with the siting process to identify and minimize impacts to known areas with historic sensitivities. An investigation to further identify and evaluate historic properties will be conducted to determine the presence of archaeologically or historically significant resources. Federally listed species have been identified in the general area, including listed bats. If suitable habitat for bats or any other protected species is identified or regulations change, agency consultation and species-specific surveys will occur. The project intends to adhere to tree removal seasonal restriction windows to avoid and minimize impacts to protected birds and bats, such as the Tri-colored Bat, Northern Long-eared Bat, Bald Eagle, and other common raptors. Erosion control best management practices and setbacks will be engineered and utilized to prevent sedimentation from leaving the site for the protection of aquatic species and to avoid water quality impacts. There are no unique or sensitive environmental concerns or impacts with the proposed substation site that cannot be addressed.

Outreach plan

Land acquisition plan

Construction responsibility

Benefits/Comments

**Component Cost Details - In Current Year \$** 

Engineering & design

Permitting / routing / siting

ROW / land acquisition

Materials & equipment

Construction & commissioning

Construction management

The Company is committed to working with all interested stakeholders through a robust public outreach program to address/respond to community concerns and inform the public about the project to the greatest extent practicable. The Company believes a well-designed public outreach program can have numerous benefits, including fostering a cooperative relationship with landowners and other stakeholders, expediting the regulatory permitting process, and assisting with project development. In general, the purpose of the community outreach plan is to gain community support for the project. In the affected communities, the Company's public outreach plan will educate the public and relevant stakeholders on specific project details to enable timely regulatory approvals and construction activities. Elements of the public outreach plan will include the following: 1) Identify potential issues at an early stage by engagement with key community stakeholders at the outset; 2) Broaden the community engagement process to identify potential and relevant community benefits that can facilitate community support for the proposed project; 3) Develop a broad base of community support for the proposed project before the regulatory agencies; and 4) Develop a comprehensive administrative record documenting the community outreach process that can be presented to the regulatory agency or, in the event of a legal challenge, to the appropriate court. The outreach plan proposes to dedicate considerable time and resources in engaging the community, and specifically the affected community during the planning process to identify highly sensitive areas that have the least amount of cultural, environmental, and social impacts on the community. The plans will reflect avoidance of impacts rather than mitigation. However, in some cases, if avoidance is not possible, then the Company will involve the community in providing appropriate and practical mitigation measures. The Company will commence its public outreach activities following project award.

See Attachment 9 for Land Acquisition Plan

**Proprietary Company Information** 

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**Proprietary Company Information** 

**Proprietary Company Information** 

Proprietary Company Information

Proprietary Company Information

Proprietary Company Information

Overheads & miscellaneous costs

**Proprietary Company Information** 

Contingency

**Proprietary Company Information** 

Total component cost

\$104,415,500.00

Component cost (in-service year)

\$115,255,175.00

point of failure).

#### **Substation Upgrade Component**

Component title 04AE - Black Oak substation 500kV six breaker and new transformer expansion

Project description **Proprietary Company Information** 

Substation name Black Oak

Substation zone Allegheny Power

Substation upgrade scope

# **Transformer Information**

Name Capacity (MVA)

Transformer Transformer 1 760

> Low Side **High Side Tertiary** 500 138 N/A

AC Substation: Add three (3) new 500 kV breakers to existing bay in breaker and a half (BAAH) bus. Add one (1) new 500 - 138 kV transformer bank and one (1) 500 kV breaker.

The use of a spare bay appears to be available. Open area west of the control house is available.

Expand the existing Black Oak 500 kV yard by adding two new 500 kV bays. Re-use the existing

bay that ties the West and East by installing two circuit breakers as shown in the one line diagram. Re-terminate Black Oak Bedington 500 kV line in that bay position (second bay from the top). Terminate the new Black Oak-Gore 500 kV line in the third bay position from the top Re-terminate the SVC in the fourth bay position from the top Terminate the new Fort Martin-Black Oak line in the second bay east position Total 6 new 500 kV circuit breakers and 12 MODs need to be installed for above work Add a second 500-138 kV transformer to the West Bus (provide same rating as the existing current transformer) Upgrade the protection scheme to remove non-redundancy (single

New equipment description

Substation assumptions

Voltage (kV)

Real-estate description No expansion of substation fence anticipated

Construction responsibility Proprietary Company Information

Benefits/Comments Resolves reliability issues identified per PJM's Gen. Deliv. Process

**Component Cost Details - In Current Year \$** 

Engineering & design Proprietary Company Information

Permitting / routing / siting Proprietary Company Information

ROW / land acquisition Proprietary Company Information

Materials & equipment Proprietary Company Information

Construction & commissioning Proprietary Company Information

Construction management Proprietary Company Information

Overheads & miscellaneous costs Proprietary Company Information

Contingency Proprietary Company Information

Total component cost \$14,000,000.00

Component cost (in-service year) \$15,453,380.00

**Substation Upgrade Component** 

Component title 28B - Fort Martin substation single 500kV breaker expansion

Project description Proprietary Company Information

Substation name Fort Martin

Substation zone Allegheny Power

Substation upgrade scope Add one 500kV circuit breaker and two MODs at Fort Martin for new Fort Martin to Black Oak line.

**Transformer Information** 

None

New equipment description AC Substation: Add one (1) new 500 kV breaker to existing bay in breaker and a half (BAAH) bus.

Substation assumptions

The use of a position within a bay appears to be available.

Real-estate description No expansion of substation fence anticipated

Construction responsibility Proprietary Company Information

Benefits/Comments Resolves reliability issues identified per PJM's Gen. Deliv. Process

**Component Cost Details - In Current Year \$** 

Engineering & design Proprietary Company Information

Permitting / routing / siting Proprietary Company Information

ROW / land acquisition Proprietary Company Information

Materials & equipment Proprietary Company Information

Construction & commissioning Proprietary Company Information

Construction management Proprietary Company Information

Overheads & miscellaneous costs Proprietary Company Information

Contingency Proprietary Company Information

Total component cost \$1,400,000.00

Component cost (in-service year) \$1,545,338.00

**Substation Upgrade Component** 

Component title 23s4 - Gore substation single 138kV breaker expansion

Project description Proprietary Company Information

Substation name Gore

Substation zone Allegheny Power

Substation upgrade scope Add a new 138kV circuit breaker and 2 MODs for terminating the greenfield 500/138kV transformer at Gore. **Transformer Information** None New equipment description AC Substation: add one (1) new 138kV breaker and terminate new 138 kV line into existing ring bus. The use of a spare position within existing ring bus appears to be available. Substation assumptions Real-estate description No expansion of substation fence anticipated. Construction responsibility **Proprietary Company Information** Benefits/Comments Resolves reliability issues identified per PJM's Gen. Deliv. Process **Component Cost Details - In Current Year \$ Proprietary Company Information** Engineering & design Permitting / routing / siting **Proprietary Company Information** ROW / land acquisition **Proprietary Company Information Proprietary Company Information** Materials & equipment Construction & commissioning **Proprietary Company Information Proprietary Company Information** Construction management **Proprietary Company Information** 

**Proprietary Company Information** 

Overheads & miscellaneous costs

Contingency

Total component cost \$4,200,000.00

Component cost (in-service year) \$4,636,014.00

## **Greenfield Transmission Line Component**

Component title

Project description

Point A

Point B

Point C

Summer (MVA)

Winter (MVA)

Conductor size and type

Nominal voltage

Nominal voltage

Line construction type

General route description

28A - New 500kV transmission line from Allegheny's Fort Martin substation to Allegheny's Black Oak substation.

**Proprietary Company Information** 

Fort Martin

Black Oak

Overhead

Normal ratings	Emergency ratings
4295.000000	4357.000000
5066.000000	5166.000000
3x 1780 kcmil Chukar ACSR	
AC	
500	

Route is approxiamtely 60 miles long. Starting at a new dead end structure at the Fort Martin substation the line routes south-southwest for less than a mile before crossing over the Monongahela River. As the line continues east of the river, it routes fro about 1.5 miles before coinciding with the existing West Run - Lake Lynn 138kV transmission ROW, which the route follows for about 4 miles, with small deviations from the ROW to minimize residential impacts. The line turns east at Lake Lynn substation and detours southeast to avoid residential impacts at McMelin for about 3 miles and then crosses to the north side of the existing Lake Lynn - Hazelton 138kV transmission ROW to avoid impacts at the quarry about 1.6 miles east of McMelin. About 1 mile east of the quarry, the line crosses back over to the south side of the transmission line ROW for about 21 miles, with short detours off the transmission ROW to minimize residential impacts, to the intersection of Hazelton - Jennings 138kV transmission line and Black Oak - Hatfield 500kV transmission line. The line then routes east-southeast to follow along the Black Oak - Hatfield 500kV transmission ROW for about 28 miles until it terminates at the Black Oak substation.

Terrain description

Right-of-way width by segment

Electrical transmission infrastructure crossings

Civil infrastructure/major waterway facility crossing plan

**Environmental impacts** 

The Project is located in Monongalia and Preston Counties, West Virgina, traversing east through Garrett and Allegany Counties, Maryland. The western part of the project, in the Allegheny and Cumberland Plateaus of West Virginia is predominantly covered by hardwood forests, while the eastern part of the project lies in the Allegheny Mountains, which form the western flank of the Appalachian Mountain Range. As is typical in the Allegheny region, broad flats generally lie below the ridge crests at elevations of approximately 500 feet (150 m). River valleys are generally narrow and deep, with ravines typically 1,000 to 1,800 feet (550 m) below surrounding peaks.

The new right of way will be an expansion of an existing transmission line corridor for approximately 85% of the route length, will be 125 ft wide, with select congested areas where the ROW width was reduced to 75 ft. The route will have its own right of way corridor for approximately 15% of its length with a width of 165 ft and 120 ft in select congested areas.

See Attachment 4 (Google Earth .kmz) with identified major crossings.

See Attachment 4 (Google Earth .kmz) with identified major crossings and Attachment 5 - Crossing Plan for more detail.

"Environmental constraints identified are manageable through implementation of an environmental avoidance, minimization, and mitigation strategy incorporated at the beginning of the routing/siting process. Co-location with existing utilities and other infrastructure was prioritized to the greatest extent practicable to minimize the environmental impact on the landscape. The proposed route crosses 4 forested national wetland inventory (NWI) wetlands and 39 waterbodies, but it appears that most features are small and could be avoided without permitting. The crossing of the Monongahela River and Cheat Lake will require additional agency consultations. Consultation with the Army Corps of Engineers, Fish and Wildlife Service, and numerous state agencies is expected. Fatal flaws have not been identified for proposed route. A cultural resource professional assisted with the routing process to identify and minimize impacts to known areas with historic sensitivities. An investigation to further identify and evaluate historic properties will be conducted to determine the presence of archaeologically or historically significant resources. Federally listed species have been identified including listed bats, the flat spired three-toothed snail, and snuffbox mussel, but no critical habitat was identified along the proposed route. If suitable habitat is identified or regulations change, agency coordination and species-specific surveys will occur. The project intends to adhere to tree removal seasonal restriction windows to avoid and minimize impacts to protected birds and bats, such as the Tri-colored Bat, Northern Long-eared Bat, Bald Eagle, and other common raptors. Erosion control best management practices and setbacks will be engineered and utilized to prevent sedimentation from leaving the site for the protection of aquatic species and to avoid water quality impacts. Routing through the Appalachian Mountains will require additional control measures and monitoring. There are no unique or sensitive environmental concerns or impacts with the proposed transmission line that cannot be addressed."

Tower characteristics

Construction responsibility

Benefits/Comments

**Component Cost Details - In Current Year \$** 

Engineering & design

Permitting / routing / siting

ROW / land acquisition

Materials & equipment

Construction & commissioning

Construction management

Overheads & miscellaneous costs

Contingency

Total component cost

Component cost (in-service year)

**Congestion Drivers** 

None

**Existing Flowgates** 

None

**New Flowgates** 

The proposed structures will be single circuit 500kV lattice towers (TTVS-500) in a horizontal configuration. Any proposed deadend structure will either be a steel lattice tower or a 3-pole, one phase per pole configuration. See proposed structure drawing set included in attachment 10.

**Proprietary Company Information** 

Resolves reliability issues identified per PJM's Gen. Deliv. Process

**Proprietary Company Information** 

\$176,617,630.00

\$194,952,817.00

#### **Proprietary Company Information**

#### **Financial Information**

Capital spend start date 09/2023

Construction start date 07/2025

Project Duration (In Months) 45

#### **Cost Containment Commitment**

Cost cap (in current year) Proprietary Company Information

Cost cap (in-service year)

Proprietary Company Information

# Components covered by cost containment

1. 10C2 - New 500kV transmission line between new Woodside substation and the Goose Creek substation - NEETMA

2. 4C - New 500kV Transmission line from Allegheny Black Oak substation to new Pike substation - NEETMA

3. 10C1 - New 500kv transmission line from new Pike substation to Dominion Goose Creek substation. - NEETMA

4. 23s3 - New Pike Substation - 5 terminal - NEETMA

5. 28A - New 500kV transmission line from Allegheny's Fort Martin substation to Allegheny's Black Oak substation. - NEETMA

#### Cost elements covered by cost containment

Engineering & design Yes

Permitting / routing / siting Yes

ROW / land acquisition Yes

Materials & equipment Yes

Construction & commissioning Yes

Construction management Yes

Overheads & miscellaneous costs

Taxes

AFUDC

Escalation

Additional Information

Yes

No

Proprietary Company Information

Is the proposer offering a binding cap on ROE?

Would this ROE cap apply to the determination of AFUDC?

Yes

Would the proposer seek to increase the proposed ROE if FERC finds that a higher ROE would not be unreasonable?

No

Is the proposer offering a Debt to Equity Ratio cap?

Proprietary Company Information

Additional cost containment measures not covered above Proprietary Company Information

### **Additional Comments**

None