

Operations Planning Transmission Outage Analysis

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- Ensure scheduled transmission Facility outages do not compromise system reliability
- Identify and resolve scheduling conflicts
- Coordinate outages to keep member's equipment maintenance and projects on schedule





"Congestion" in Studies

- PJM studies forecast potential SOL and IROL exceedances and determine if they are controllable
- Long-term outage analysis studies are performed using peak load forecasts to find most stressful operating conditions
- An SOL and/or IROL exceedances found in studies can lead to congestion in real-time operations (i.e. unit redispatch)
- PJM study engineers alongside TO engineers work to find non-cost solutions to all identified SOL and IROL exceedances
- An "On-Time" outage without non-cost options but controllable SOL/IROL exceedances using generation redispatch is considered reliable and will be approved



Study Horizon

- Seasonal Operations Assessment task Force (OATF)
- 6-Month Out Analysis
- 1-Month Out Analysis
- 3-Day Out Analysis
- 2-Day Out Analysis
- Day Ahead Analysis
- Pre-switching Real-time Analysis
- Ad-Hoc Analysis





- OATF study scope defined in PJM Manual 38, Attachment A
- Performed under direction of SOS-T
- Study of peak Summer and Winter periods
- Identify thermal overloads and voltage limit exceedances in N-1 analysis as well as switching and/or off-cost requirements
- Potentially develop operating procedures to handle issues discovered during study





Base Case and Contingencies	MMWG base caseData supplied/reviewed by OATF members
Generator Outages	••Average generation metrics••OATF member input
50-50 Non-diversified Load Forecast	Peak values are aligned so each zone is at its peak loadThis results in RTO load total being elevated
PJM Interchange	 Consider Scheduled Firm Imports and Exports, including pseudo- ties and dynamic schedules and historical Interchange from last year top 10 peaks
Average Bid Data	Day ahead generator bid data from Markets
Renewable Generation	Average generation profile from top 10 peaks last year
Planned transmission outages	 Currently scheduled in eDart Outages scheduled for majority of study period





N-1 contingency analysis 8,000+ contingencies of equipment internal to PJM	 Transfer analysis •Analysis of existing IROL interfaces •Analysis of any potential new interface 	Analysis of transfers into PJM load pockets Analysis for any constraint or need for operating procedure		
External impacts 2500 contingencies of equipment in neighboring RRC zones	Impacts of scheduled outages Results in operating procedures or coordination of outages	Maximum credible disturbances 1,900 contingencies		
Analyze potential issues due to Potentially develop				

gas pipeline disruptions (Winter)

- ••About 50 contingencies analyzing credible segment and compressor station losses
- ••About 20 LDC contingencies

Potentially develop operating procedures to handle issues discovered during study

Transmission Outage Submittal Rules

PJM Manual-03 Section 4.2.1 and CTOA

• Outage submission requirements:

FTR Auction	Status	Outage Duration	For "On-time" status Outage Request to be Submitted
Monthly Auction	1 Month Out Rule	All	Before the 1 $^{\rm st}$ of the month prior to the starting month of the outage
Monthly Auction	6 Month Out Rule	Outage > 5 Calendar Days	Before the 1 st of the month six months prior to the starting month of the outage
Annual Auction	30 Day Rule	Outage > 30 Calendar Days	Before February 1 (for the following Planning Year June 1 – May 31)

- Outage approval criteria:
 - "**On Time**": outage will be approved if it does not jeopardize system reliability.
 - "Late": outage may be cancelled if it causes congestion.
 - See PJM Manual 03 Section 4.2.9.1 for more information on Direct Billing



New Slide

On-Time Submittal Rules Examples

- 1-month out example:
 - A 3-day outage submitted on 1/31/2022 for 3/1/2022 will be considered on-time (or submitted for any time in March)
- 6-month out example:
 - A 15-day outage submitted on 5/31/2022 for 12/1/2022 will be considered on-time (or submitted for any time in December)
- Planning year example:
 - A 40-day outage submitted on 11/31/2021 for 6/1/2022 will be considered on-time (or submitted for any time in June)

Transmission Outage Rescheduling Rules

PJM Manual-03 Section 4.2.9

New Slide

- Rescheduled outages due to weather or at PJM direction maintain On-Time status
- Revisions to the dates and duration of On-Time outages are allowed as long as the outage is scheduled to occur in the same month
- See PJM Manual-03 for additional examples

Example 1:

A 1-day long outage rescheduled from 1/1/22 to 2/1/22 due to a snow storm will maintain On-Time status because it was rescheduled due to weather

Example 2:

A 1-day long outage moved from 1/1/22 to 1/15/22 will maintain On-Time status because it was rescheduled for the same month

Example 3:

A 1-day long outage for 1/1/22 changed to a 6 day long outage for 1/1/22 - 1/6/22 on 12/1/21 will be considered "Late" since it violated the 6-month out submittal rule



Outage Postings

- PJM posts all outages to the Outage Information page on PJM OASIS
 - Exception: market sensitive equipment
 - https://www.pjm.com/markets-and-operations/etools/oasis/system-information/outage-info





Selective Coordination before 6 month out

- Discussion of high profile outages in advance
- Transmission Owners can request "Ad Hoc" Studies for future outages

As soon as ticket is submitted, goes through "Conflict Identifier" logic

- Situational awareness tool to alert outage engineers of a potential conflict
- Manually created logic based on previous experiences

All tickets reviewed for correctness upon submission

- Performed Monday through Friday during regular business hours
- Reviewed by PJM Dispatchers for near-term tickets





- Outage > 5 Calendar Days
 - For on time status
 - Additional studies for outages > 30 days
- Coordination between generation and transmission outages
- Many variables to consider:
 - Load (Study with High Loads)
 - Other Planned outages
 - <u>Future topology due to system upgrades</u>





- All on-time outages
 - (New Outages <= 5 calendar days long)
- Each day of the upcoming month is studied individually
- Coordination between generation and transmission outages
- Study with Monthly High Load Forecast (LAS subcommittee)
- Focus on transmission conflict resolution
- Monthly meetings with Transmission Owners
- Coordination with neighboring RTO/ISO





- 3-Day Out Study
 - Fewer unknown variables as study horizon draws closer to real-time
 - Coordination between PJM Operations and Markets
- 2 Day Out Study
 - Engineer performs study similar to 3-day study
 - Approval/denial of each outage ticket is made by 2:00 PM
- Day Ahead/2-Pass (by Reliability Engineer)
 - Results are submitted to the PJM Markets group by 10:00 AM



Real Time Pre-Switching Activities



- Dispatch reviews upcoming tickets and expected impacts
- Dispatcher reviews individual ticket with Transmission Owner
 - Switching is coordinated
 - Outage is studied prior to switching
 - Results and mitigating actions are reviewed



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- Tickets are mainly

duration outages due

to PJM submittal rules

- Helps PJM identify

conflicting outages

long duration

comprised of long

		to operating day	committed generation		
6-Month Out	1-Month Out	3-Day Out / 2-Day Out	Day Ahead	Operating Day	

The process above is followed to evaluate and predict system conditions for each Operating Day

load forecasts

- Approve/deny

transmission outages

2 business days prior

that month

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New Slide

with TOs and RCs

- Monthly meetings

operating day for the upcoming month using peak load forecast for

- PJM studies each



generation, and

information

transmission outage

- Evaluate using market

...

- Evaluate all

transmission outages

for reliability impacts

- Coordinate switching

prior to switching

with neighboring

TOs/RC

Study Timeline





Outage Analysis







Build a base case for a specific day, and study all outages starting that day

- "Study Mode" of EMS model (replica of dispatch EMS)
- The load at forecasted levels.
- The most economic generation running to match load, loses, and interchange.
- All transmission/generation outages from previous days removed from service.
- Any control actions required to control for previous transmission outages.





Generation Where is the power coming from?







Network: How is the power getting there?



- Ongoing Transmission Facilities Outages
- Assume all outages from the previous days will be approved
- Will work with other study engineers if outages from previous days cause congestion in our study
- All congestion from previous outages must be controllable



Base Case Ready!









Outage Analysis





Electronic Dispatcher Applications Reporting Tool (eDART)



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Ticket Number Unergency Unergency Unergency Endug Chang Status Status Endug Chang Equip Lockes Dates Endug Chang Endug Chang Equip Lockes Protected Market Sensitive Equip Lockes Dates Endug Chang Endug Chang Potential Incomplete Potential Incomplete	ed Start Date (nd Date (2/20/2017 07:00 0) (2/20/2017 00:00 0) (2/20/2017 0) (2/20/	Comp User 17.555 (443cen 0000 second 0000	Attachments Model Ticket (0) Revenue Inadequacy Add Start Date	L Cause Types Construction: Antanna Construction: New Equipment Curl-In Esternal Maintenance: Cable Maintenance: COVT / Wave Trap Maintenance: CoVT / Wave Trap Maintenance: Corductor
Transmission Owner Description of Work PJM Comments	Study Log Type Study 2nd Day Out © 03/15/2 3rd Day Out © 02/13/2 1-Month Out © 02/13/2 Ticket History bubmitted 10/24/20 Received 02/12/20 Permission to Proceed Permission to Proceed	Date User 017 ✓ dajewp 117 State dajewp 1213-18 2HANOM 1 1213-14 DAJEWP ✓	Add End Date Reason for Change Log Projects (0) Add Study TARA Study Log Congestion Log Other Congestion	Maintenance: Dist/Revend 3w Maintenance: Dist/Revend 3w Maintenance: Bas/Dit Maintenance: Inspection / General Maintenance Maintenance: Normally Open Maintenance: Vagetation NERC Alert NERC Alert - Emergency NERC Alert - Emergency NERC Alert - Emergency Operational: Emergency Operational: Fire
Status Fype Station Voltage Equipment Name Tear Select Type Station Voltage Equipment Name Start Date End Date an BXR Scolor Date Station Date Start Dat	Prime Body V C Buy V B U	History Add Bulk TAID	Expected Teken Restoration PM Review Submit Ontime Log History Log Market Operations Comments	Supporting Information
List of equipment that will be de-ene	rgized		Mitigation Log Generate Equip Add Equip Remove Equip Duplicate Equip Reset Equip	Repair/Reptace: Hot Spot Repair/Reptace: Insulator Repair/Reptace: Insulator Repair/Reptace: For Damage Repair/Reptace: Storr Damage Repair/Reptace: Stor Changer Repair/Reptace: Transformer Safety: Clearance



Remove Facilities from Service





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27

Power Flow and Security Analysis









Thermal Exceedances









Switching Solutions

- PJM has multiple ways of identifying switching solutions
 - Switching Solutions on PJM OASIS
 - <u>https://www.pjm.com/markets-and-operations/etools/oasis/system-information/switching-solutions.aspx</u>
 - Topology Control application
 - Switching solution provided by the TO
 - PJM EMS Study package
 - Active or upcoming switching solutions are posted to the Outage Information page on PJM OASIS
 - <u>https://www.pjm.com/markets-and-operations/etools/oasis/system-information/outage-info</u>





Non-Cost Option

Other non-cost options include:

- Phase Angle Regulator (PAR) moves
- Placing series devices in or out of service
- Placing shunt reactive devices in or out of service
- Adjusting unit or SVC reactive output
- Adjusting transformer taps

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Voltage Violation







Transfer Limit Calculator (TLC)



- Helps PJM operators and engineers identify potential wide-area voltage issues
- Used to dynamically calculate pre-identified PJM IROLs
- Calculates the amount of available transfer capability from source to sink across a cut set of lines
- Transmission line outages, especially EHV outages, can decrease the amount of available transfer capability



Load Generation Network Equipment Start/End Date Base Case Power Flow (PF) / Security Analysis (SA) Transfer Limit Calculator Transfer Limit Calculator

Transient Stability Analysis



- Transient Stability ensures PJM is not risking any generator damage during transient conditions
- A fault occurs, as system reacts, generators may lose synchronism
- Transmission facility outages increase the likelihood of transient instability



Transient Stability Analysis





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Load Base Generation Case Network Power Flow eDART (PF) / Security Analysis (SA) Equipment Outage Start/End Date Transfer Limit Analysis Calculator Fransient Stabilit (TSA)

Reasons to deny a transmission outage request:

- Uncontrollable reliability (SOL/IROL) exceedances
- Uncontrollable reliability issues due to a conflict
- Does not meet Peak Period Outage Scheduling criteria (PJM Manual 03 Section 4.2.6)
- Outage was "Late" and causes reliability issues or has potential to result in system congestion
- Outage submitted after Day Ahead Market run has begun
- A denied "On-Time" outage will maintain its on time status when rescheduled



Ticket Denial



Communication: Transmission Owners and PJM Dispatch





Communication: Reliability Coordinator Neighbors





Transmission and Generation Outage Coordination

- PJM Manual 3 Section 4.2.13
- TO is responsible for coordinating transmission outages that will force an area generator offline
- Planned generator outage requests are given priority over planned transmission outage requests
- PJM resolves conflicts based on system reliability:
 - Coordinate major outages to minimize anticipated constrained operations
 - Recommend adjustment to outage schedules to coincide with generator outages
 - Communicate with submitting PJM Members to assist in attempting to minimize the forecast PJM RTO production cost based on anticipated market-based prices







Outage Automation



TARA: Outage Automation



TARA: Outage Automation

Peak Load Single case Daily peak ullet**Ticket Horizon** • Lifetime of ticket Daily peak

Hourly

- 24 discrete hourly cases
- Hourly peak

Ad Hoc

- User selected date range
- Custom load profile 0







Case Building:

- Completing a Base Case only gets us to a starting point for studying outages
- If historical cases do not align with the projected load for a given study day
 1 to 5 hours can be spent just getting to where they can begin their study.



TARA: Outage Automation

Study Engineer without TARA	Study Engineer with TARA
1 study period per engineer	Analyzes multiple periods per engineer
8 to 12 hrs of base case clean-up for long-term study	Average less than 1 hour of basecase clean-up for long-term outages
Analyze every ticket for a given day	Focus on outages with pre-identified issues
Ad-Hoc studies requires more time	Quick turn around on Ad-Hoc studies
	Industry Leader of outage study automation





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